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(54) Title: COMPOUNDS WHICH INHIBIT LEUKOCYTE ADHESION MEDIATED BY VLA-4

(57) Abstract

Disclosed are compounds (Ia or Ib) which bind VLA-4. Certain of these compounds also inhibit leukocyte adhesion and, in particular, leukocyte adhesion mediated by VLA-4. Such compounds are useful in the treatment of inflammatory diseases in a mammalian patient, e.g., human, such as asthma, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS dementia, diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease, rheumatoid arthiritis, tissue transplantation, tumor metastasis and myocardial ischemia. The compounds can also be administered for the treatment of inflammatory brain diseases such as multiple sclerosis.

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COMPOUNDS WHICH INHIBIT LEUKOCYTE ADHESION MEDIATED BY VLA-4

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Serial No. 60/116,923, filed January 22, 1999, and U.S. Serial No. 60/160,999, filed October 21, 1999; the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to compounds which inhibit leukocyte adhesion and, in particular, leukocyte adhesion mediated by VLA-4.

References

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The following publications, patents and patent applications are cited in this application as superscript numbers:

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	28	Kawaguchi, et al., Japanese J. Cancer Res., 83:1304 (1992)

- Kogan, et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,510,332, issued April 23, 1996
- International Patent Appl. Publication No. WO 96/01644

All of the above publications, patents and patent applications are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference in its entirety.

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State of the Art

VLA-4 (also referred to as $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin and CD49d/CD29), first identified by Hemler and Takada¹ is a member of the $\beta1$ integrin family of cell surface receptors, each of which comprises two subunits, an α chain and a β chain. VLA-4 contains an α 4 chain and a β 1 chain. There are at least nine β 1 integrins, all sharing the same β 1 chain and each having a distinct α chain. These nine receptors all bind a different complement of the various cell matrix molecules, such as fibronectin, laminin, and collagen. VLA-4, for example, binds to fibronectin. VLA-4 also binds non-matrix molecules that are expressed by endothelial and other cells. These non-matrix molecules include VCAM-1, which is expressed on cytokine-activated human umbilical vein endothelial cells in culture. Distinct epitopes of VLA-4 are responsible for the fibronectin and VCAM-1 binding activities and each activity has been shown to be inhibited independently.²

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Intercellular adhesion mediated by VLA-4 and other cell surface receptors is associated with a number of inflammatory responses. At the site of an injury or other inflammatory stimulus, activated vascular endothelial cells express molecules that are adhesive for leukocytes. The mechanics of leukocyte adhesion to endothelial cells involves, in part, the recognition and binding of cell surface receptors on leukocytes to the corresponding cell surface molecules on endothelial cells. Once bound, the leukocytes migrate

across the blood vessel wall to enter the injured site and release chemical mediators to combat infection. For reviews of adhesion receptors of the immune system, see, for example, Springer³ and Osborn⁴.

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Inflammatory brain disorders, such as experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE), multiple sclerosis (MS) and meningitis, are examples of central nervous system disorders in which the endothelium/leukocyte adhesion mechanism results in destruction to otherwise healthy brain tissue. Large numbers of leukocytes migrate across the blood brain barrier (BBB) in subjects with these inflammatory diseases. The leukocytes release toxic mediators that cause extensive tissue damage resulting in impaired nerve conduction and paralysis.

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In other organ systems, tissue damage also occurs via an adhesion mechanism resulting in migration or activation of leukocytes. For example, it has been shown that the initial insult following myocardial ischemia to heart tissue can be further complicated by leukocyte entry to the injured tissue causing still further insult (Vedder et al.⁵). Other inflammatory conditions mediated by an adhesion mechanism include, by way of example, asthma⁶⁻⁸, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis⁹⁻¹⁰, AIDS dementia¹¹, diabetes¹²⁻¹⁴ (including acute juvenile onset diabetes), inflammatory bowel disease¹⁵ (including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease), multiple sclerosis¹⁶⁻¹⁷, rheumatoid arthritis¹⁸⁻²¹, tissue transplantation²², tumor metastasis²³⁻²⁸, meningitis, encephalitis, stroke, and other cerebral traumas, nephritis, retinitis, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia and acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury such as that which occurs in adult respiratory distress syndrome.

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In view of the above, assays for determining the VLA-4 level in a biological sample containing VLA-4 would be useful, for example, to

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diagnosis VLA-4 mediated conditions. Additionally, despite these advances in the understanding of leukocyte adhesion, the art has only recently addressed the use of inhibitors of adhesion in the treatment of inflammatory brain diseases and other inflammatory conditions^{29,30}. The present invention addresses these and other needs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides compounds which bind to VLA-4. Such compounds can be used, for example, for treating diseases mediated by VLA-4, to assay for the presence of VLA-4 in a sample, and in pharmaceutical compositions to inhibit cellular adhesion mediated by VLA-4, for example, binding of VCAM-1 to VLA-4. The compounds of this invention have a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15 μ M or less (as measured using the procedures described in Example A below).

Accordingly, in one aspect, this invention is directed to a method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient, which method comprises administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula Ia and/or Ib:

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wherein, in formula Ia, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is monocyclic;

in formula Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is monocyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula Ia or Ib is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino. -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic;

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R³ and R³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, -CH₂Z where Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, aryloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic, and

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where R³ and R³ are joined to form a substituent selected from the group consisting of =CHZ where Z is defined above provided that Z is not hydroxyl or thiol, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

Q is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂, and -NR⁴-;

R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic or, optionally, R⁴ and R¹ or R⁴ and R², together with the atoms to which they are bound, are joined to form a heteroaryl, a substituted heteroaryl, a heterocyclic or a substituted heterocyclic group;

W is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and carbon; and W' is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, carbon, oxygen, sulfur, S(O), and S(O)₂;

X is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy and -NR"R" where each R" is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

and enantiomers, diastereomers, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Ia or Ib has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
- (ii) in formula Ia and Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W
 25 to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

Preferably, in the above method, R^3 is $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar- R^9 , where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R^9 is selected from the group consisting acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl,

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aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, thioamidino, thiocarbonylamino, aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino, and oxysulfonyl; x is an integer from 0 to 4; and R^{3'} is hydrogen.

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More preferably, R³ is a group of the formula:

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wherein R^9 is as defined herein. Preferably, R^9 is in the para position of the phenyl ring and x is an integer from 1 to 4, more preferably x is 1.

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Preferably, R⁹ is selected from -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted heterocycle, R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₂-, Z is preferably -C(O)-. In a more preferred embodiment, R⁹ is -OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are as defined herein, more preferably preferably R⁹ is -OC(O)N(CH₃)₂.

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In the above method, Q is preferably -NR⁴- wherein R⁴ is as defined above, more preferably R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl, even more preferably R⁴ is hydrogen.

In another preferred embodiment, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl or heterocyclic group wherein the heteroaryl group has 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S and the heterocyclic group contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S(O)n wherein n is 0 to 2.

More preferably, the above method employs a compound of formula IIa, IIb, or IIc:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 R^{3'} \\
 & Q \\
 & Q
\end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 R^{3'} \\
 & Q \\
 & Q$$

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C & R^3 R^{3'} \\
\hline
C & Q & X
\end{array}$$

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IIc

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene

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ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

ring B forms a 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or a 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring;

ring C is pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring wherein each of said ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s) independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

or optionally, one of, R⁴ and ring B, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁶, or R⁵ and R⁶, together with the atoms to which they are bound, can be joined to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

R³, R³, Q and X are as defined herein; and enantiomers, diastereomers, pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Within the above preferred and more preferred groups, an even more preferred group of compounds is represented by formula IIa', IIb', or IIc':

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 \\
N & Q \\
R^4 & Q
\end{array}$$

IIa'

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
B & R^3 \\
N & R^4 & O
\end{array}$$

IIb'

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$$\mathbb{R}^{8}$$
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}

IIc'

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wherein:

R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl; preferably hydrogen or methyl; more preferably hydrogen;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl,

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

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A, B, R³, R⁵, and R⁶ are as defined above; and enantiomers, diastereomers, pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Within these preferred groups, an even preferred group of compounds is represented by formula IIa", IIb", IIc", or IId":

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IIb"

IIc"

IId"

wherein:

A is 3-nitrothiophen-2-yl, 1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl, 1,5-dimethyl-4-nitropyazol-3-yl, 1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl, 1,4-diphenylpyrazol-5-yl, 1-phenylimidazol-2-yl, or 5-benzoylmethylsulfinyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl;

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 R^7 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, and $-NR^{30}R^{31}$ wherein R^{30} is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or alkenyl; and R^{31} is alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, or $-SO_2R^{32}$ (wherein R^{32} is aryl or substituted aryl); or R^{30} and R^{31} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle, preferably R^7 is hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, N-(2-methylpropyl)amino, N- (phenyl)amino, N-(benzyl)amino, N-(2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(4-chlorobenzyl)amino,

N-(cyclopentyl)amino, N-(cyclohexyl)amino, N-(2-methylpropyl)amino, N-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)amino, N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)amino, N-(cyclohexylmethyl)amino, N-(4-aminosulfonyl-benzyl)amino, N-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)amino, N-(2-methyoxyethyl)-amino, N-(2-methoxyethyl)-amino, $N-(2-\text{methoxy$ N-(2-propyl)-N-benzylamino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-5 N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-ethyl]amino, N-ethyl-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]amino, N-(4-aminosulfonylbenzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino, N,N-bis-benzylamino, N-methyl-N-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl]amino, N-methyl-N-benzylamino, N-[2-(1-methyl-10 pyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl]amino, N-furan-2-ylmethylamino, N.N-bispropylamino, N-benzyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-amino, N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)amino, piperidin-1-yl, N-(4-aminosulfonylbenzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-amino, or N-(2-(4-aminosulfonyl-15 phenyl)ethyl)amino;

R⁸ is -NR³³R³⁴ wherein R³³ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl; and R³⁴ is alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle substituted heterocycle, or -SO₂R³⁵ (wherein R³⁵ is substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocycle, or substituted heterocycle); or R³³ and R³⁴ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle; preferably R⁸ is N-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)amino, N-(2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(4-aminosulfonyl-benzyl)amino, N-(2-piperidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(4-chlorobenzyl)amino, N-(2-propyl)-N-(benzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-propyl)-N-(benzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-propyl)-N-(benzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phe

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(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-allyl-N-(cyclohexyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino, N-propyl-N-(4-nitronenzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino, Nbenzyl-N-(2-cyanoethyl)amino, N-benzyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-5 ethyl-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, Nmethyl-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N,N-bis-benzylamino, N-benzyl-N-(2-cyanoethyl)amino, N-phenyl-N-(pyridin-2-yl)amino, N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino, N,N-bis-(cyclohexyl)amino, N-(2-phenyl-1-aminocarbonylethyl)amino, N-(2-phenyl-10 1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2phenylethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(1-methyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)amino, 15 N-benzyl-N-(1-phenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-amino, N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino, N-2-(4-benzylpiperizin-1-yl)ethylamino, N-2-ethylhexyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino, N-(3.3-diphenylpropyl)amino, N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N-(4-ethoxy-3-20 methoxyphenyl)ethylamino, N-(2-phenylpropyl)amino, N-(4-(piperazin-3,5dione-1-sulfonylphenyl)amino, N,N-bis-methyl, N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(phenyl-1-aminocarbonylethyl)amino, N-(2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)-amino, N-(1-phenyl-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(3-imidazol-1-ylpropyl)amino, N-(2morpholin-4-ylethyl)amino, N-(2-piperidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(2-pyrrolidin-25 1-ylethyl)amino, N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl-piperidin-4-yl)amino, N-(2-phenoxyethyl)amino, N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl)amino, N-(5-chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-ylsulfonyl)amino, N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(2-carboxy-1phenylethyl)amino, N-(1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino, N-benzyl-30 N-(1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)amino, N-2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethylamino,

N-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)-amino. 4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-acetyl-piperazin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, 4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl, 2,5-dimethylpiperidin-1-yl, 4-cyclohexylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(diphenylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 3-methylpiperidin-1-yl, 2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl, 2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethylamino, 4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylpropen-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, 4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl, 2-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl, 3-(S)-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, or 3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, R³⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl; preferably hydrogen, methyl, or hexyl;

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R⁴⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and substituted alkyl; or R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; preferably methyl, hexyl, or 2-(3-methylphenylureido)ethyl; and

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R⁹ selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein Z is -C(O)- or -SO₂-; R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined together to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle; preferably R⁹ is -OCON(CH₃)₂ and is located at the 4-position of the phenyl, and

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R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined above; enantiomers, diastereomers, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Within above more preferred groups, particularly preferred compounds are those selected from compounds of formulae IIb" or IIc".

In another of its method aspects, this invention is directed to a method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient, which method comprises administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula IVa and/or IVb:

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$$R^{2}$$
 W R^{14} R^{15} R^{1} R^{14} R^{15} R^{14} R^{15} R^{13} R^{13}

IVb

IVa

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wherein, in formula IVa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

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in formula IVb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms

selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula IVa or IVb is optionally substituted, on any 5 ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, 10 substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted 15 thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O),-alkyl, -OS(O),substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, 20 -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-25 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ NR']2 where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of

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alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy. and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a ; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from phenyl and R^x , and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^y ;

or R^{13} , R^{14} and the atoms to which they are attached together form a mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 additional heteratoms selected from N, O and S;

 R^{15} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R^x , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^y ;

or R^{14} , R^{15} and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N. O and S;

R^a is selected from the group consisting of Cy and a group selected from R^x, wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c:

 R^b is selected from the group consisting of R^a , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c ;

R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, NO₂, C(O)OR^f,

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 C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, NR^fR^g , $R^fC(O)R^g$, $NR^fC(O)NR^fR^g$, and CN;

 R^d and R^c are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

or R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 R^{f} and R^{g} are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein Cy is optionally substituted with C_{1-10} alkyl; or R^{f} and R^{g} together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 R^h is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkyn, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, and $-SO_2R^i$; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a ; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^{i} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c} ;

R^x is selected from the group consisting of -OR^d, -NO₂, halogen,
-S(O)_mR^d, -SR^d, -S(O)₂OR^d, -S(O)_mNR^dR^e, -NR^dR^e, -O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dR^e,
-C(O)R^d, -CO₂R^d, -CO₂(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^dR^e, -OC(O)R^d, -CN, -C(O)NR^dR^e,
-NR^dC(O)R^e, -OC(O)NR^dR^e, -NR^dC(O)OR^e, -NR^dC(O)NR^dR^e, -CR^d(N-OR^e),
CF₃, oxo, NR^dC(O)NR^dSO₂Rⁱ, NR^dS(O)_mR^e, -OS(O)₂OR^d, and
-OP(O)(OR^d)₂;

 R^y is selected from the group consisting of R^x , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from Rx;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl; 5

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

W is selected from the group consisting of carbon and nitrogen;

W' is selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen,

10 sulfur, S(O) and $S(O)_2$;

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X' is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)ORd, -P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e), -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e), -S(O)_mOR^d, -C(O)NR^dR^h, and -5tetrazolyl;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- the compound of formula IVa or IVb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 (i) as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15 μ M or less; and
- (ii) in formula IVa and IVb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or 20 unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

Preferably, in the above method, R1 and R2, together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring 25 wherein the heteroaryl ring contains 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S and the heterocyclic ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, or S(O)n wherein n is 0 to 2, preferably R1 and R2, together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form substituted or unsubstituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, thiophene, pyridine, pyrimidine, 1,3,5-triazine, 1-

oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring; more preferably, substituted 1,3,5-triazine, or 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring.

Preferably, X' is -C(O)ORd.

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In a preferred embodiment, the above method employs a compound of formula Va, Vb, or Vc:

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^{14} R^{15} \\
N & X'
\end{array}$$

Va

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wherein:

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ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl,

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alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO_2R^5 (wherein R^5 is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

 R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , and X' are as defined above.

In yet another of its method aspects, this invention is directed to a method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient, which method comprises administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula VIa and/or VIb:

$$R^{2}$$
 W R^{24} R^{25} W R^{24} R^{25} R^{2} R^{24} R^{25} R^{24} R^{25} R^{24} R^{25} R^{24} R^{25} R^{24} R^{25} R^{25} R^{25}

VIa VIb

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wherein, in formula VIa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

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and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula VIa or VIb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl,

thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy. 5 oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-10 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₃-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ 15 NR']2 where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{23} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$ and Cy optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 R^{24} is selected from the group consisting of Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{1-10} alkyl, Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{2-10} alkenyl, Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein Ar^1 and Ar^2 are independently aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$; alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$:

 R^{25} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, $C_{1\cdot 10}$ alkyl,

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 C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, and heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R^a , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

 $R^{a'}$ is selected from the group consisting of Cy, $-OR^{d'}$, $-NO_2$, halogen $-S(O)_mR^{d'}$, $-SR^{d'}$, $-S(O)_2OR^{d'}$, $-S(O)_mNR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-O(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_nNR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-C(O)R^{d'}$, $-CO_2R^{d'}$, $-CO_2(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_nCONR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-OC(O)R^{d'}$, -CN, $-C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}C(O)R^{e'}$, $-OC(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}C(O)OR^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-CR^{d'}(N-OR^{e'})$, CF_3 , and $-OCF_3$;

wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c'};

 $R^{b'}$ is selected from the group consisting of $R^{a'}$, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from $R^{c'}$;

 R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, amino, carboxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy, CF_3 , and aryloxy;

 $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{e'}$; or $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl; or $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

R^{h'} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl,

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 C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, or $-SO_2R^{i'}$;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^{a'}; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{b'};

 $R^{i'}$ is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c'};

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

X" is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)OR^{d'}, -P(O)(OR^{d'})(OR^{e'}), -P(O)(R^{d'})(OR^{e'}), -S(O)_mOR^{d'}, -C(O)NR^{d'}R^{h'}, and -5-tetrazolyl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula VIa or VIb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
- (ii) in formula VIa and VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
- Preferably, in the above method, X'' is $-C(O)OR^{d'}$.

Preferably, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl or heterocyclic group wherein the heteroaryl aryl group has 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or

S and the heterocyclic group contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S(O)n wherein n is 0 to 2.

Preferably, R²⁴ is -CH₂-Ar²-Ar¹ and R²⁵ is hydrogen.

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In a preferred embodiment, the above method employs a compound of formula VIIa, VIIb, or VIIc:

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VIIa

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VIIb

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VIIc

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole,

imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and
thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene
ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine,
1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2
substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl,
alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl,

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO_2R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

 R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and X' are as defined above.

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The compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of this invention are useful for treating VLA-4 mediated disease conditions. Such disease conditions include, by way of example, asthma, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS dementia, diabetes (including acute juvenile onset diabetes), inflammatory bowel disease (including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease), multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, tissue transplantation, tumor metastasis, meningitis, encephalitis, stroke, and other cerebral traumas, nephritis, retinitis, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia and acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury such as that which occurs in adult respiratory distress syndrome.

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Other disease conditions include, but are not limited to, inflammatory conditions such as erythema nodosum, allergic conjunctivitis, optic neuritis, uveitis, allergic rhinitis, Ankylosing spondylitis, psoriatic arthritis, vasculitis, Reiter's syndrome, systemic lupus erythematosus, progressive systemic sclerosis, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, Wegner's granulomatosis, aortitis, sarcoidosis, lymphocytopenia, temporal arteritis, pericarditis, myocarditis, congestive heart failure, polyarteritis nodosa, hypersensitivity syndromes, allergy, hypereosinophilic syndromes, Churg-Strauss syndrome, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, chronic active hepatitis, interstitial cystitis, autoimmune endocrine failure, primary biliary cirrhosis, autoimmune aplastic anemia, chronic persistent hepatitis and thyroiditis.

In a preferred embodiment, the disease mediated by VLA-4 is an inflammatory disease.

The present invention is also directed to novel compounds useful for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4. Accordingly, in one of its composition aspects, this invention is directed to a compound of formula Ia and Ib:

wherein, in formula Ia, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl,

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cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or 15 heterocyclic group of formula Ia or Ib is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, 20 aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, 25 thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, 30

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-OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-R']₂ and -N[S(O)₂-NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^3 is $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R^9 is selected from the group consisting of acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thiocarbonylamino, aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino and oxysulfonyl, x is an integer from 0 to 4;

R³ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, - CH₂Z wherein Z is hydrogen, hydroxy, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, arloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic;

Q is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂, and -NR⁴-;

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R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic or, optionally, R⁴ and R¹ or R⁴ and R², together with the atoms to which they are bound, are joined to form a heteroaryl, a substituted heteroaryl, a heterocyclic or a substituted heterocyclic group:

W is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and carbon; and W' is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, carbon, oxygen, sulfur, S(O), and S(O)₂;

X is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy and -NR"R" where each R" is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

- and enantiomers, diasteromers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:
 - (i) the compound of formula Ia or Ib has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15μ M or less; and
- (ii) in formula Ia and Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

Preferably, in the above compounds, R³ is a group of the formula:

$$(CH_2)_X$$
 R^9

wherein R^9 and x are as defined herein. Preferably, R^9 is in the para position of the phenyl ring; and x is an integer from 1 to 4, more preferably x is 1.

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Preferably, R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted heterocycle, R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₂-, preferably Z is -C(O)-. More preferably, R⁹ is -OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹, wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are as defined herein, even more preferably R⁹ is -OC(O)N(CH₃)₂.

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Preferably, in the above compounds, Q is -NR⁴- wherein R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl, preferably hydrogen.

In another preferred embodiment, this invention is directed to compounds of formula IIa, IIb, or IIc:

$$A \longrightarrow R^3 R^3$$

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 R^{3'} \\
 & Q & Q & Q \\
 & Q & Q & Q
\end{array}$$

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IIb

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C & R^3 R^{3'}
\end{array}$$

IIc

wherein:

ring A is a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl ring containing I to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S, preferably ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO₂R⁵ (wherein R⁵ is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

ring B forms a 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or a 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring;

ring C is a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl ring containing 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S, preferably ring C is pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring wherein each of said ring is substituted with 1 or 2 substituent(s) independently selected from the

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group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R³ is -(CH₂)_x-Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thioamidino, thiocarbonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino and oxysulfonyl; x is an integer from 0 to 4;

R³ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, - CH₂Z wherein Z is hydrogen, hydroxy, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, arloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

or optionally, one of, R⁴ and ring B, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁶, or R⁵ and R⁶, together with the atoms to which they are bound, can be joined to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

Q and X are as defined above.

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Within the above preferred group, a more preferred group of compounds is represented by formula IIa', IIb', or IIc':

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 \\
N & 0
\end{array}$$

IIa'

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 \\
 & R^5 \\
 & R^6
\end{array}$$

IIb'

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^7 \\
N & N & R^3 \\
N & N & R^4 & O
\end{array}$$

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IIc'

wherein:

R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted

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cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocylic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

A, B, R³, and X are as defined above.

Within this more preferred group, an even more preferred group of compounds is represented by formula IIa", IIb", IIc", or IId":

IIa"

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IIb"

R⁷ N OH

IIc"

IId"

wherein:

A is 3-nitrothiophen-2-yl, 1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl, 1,5-dimethyl-4-nitropyazol-3-yl, 1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl, 1,4-diphenylpyrazol-5-yl, 1-phenylimidazol-2-yl, or 5-benzoylmethylsulfinyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl;

 R^7 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, and $-NR^{30}R^{31}$ wherein R^{30} is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or alkenyl; and R^{31} is alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, or $-SO_2R^{32}$ (wherein R^{32} is aryl or substituted aryl); or R^{30} and R^{31} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle; preferably R^7 is hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, N-(2-methylpropyl)amino, N- (phenyl)amino, N-(0-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-methoxylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-amino, N-(4-chlorobenzyl)

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cyclopentyl)amino, *N*-(cyclohexyl)amino, *N*-(2-methylpropyl)-amino, *N*-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)amino, *N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)amino, *N*-(cyclohexyl-methyl)amino, *N*-(4-aminosulfonyl-benzyl)amino, *N*-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)amino, *N*-(2-methyoxyethyl)-amino, *N*,*N*-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino, *N*-(2-propyl)-*N*-benzylamino, *N*-methyl-*N*-(2-phenylethyl)amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-ethyl]amino, *N*-ethyl-*N*-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, *N*-ethyl-*N*-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]amino, *N*-(4-aminosulfonyl-benzyl)amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino, *N*,*N*-bis-benzylamino, *N*-methyl-*N*-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl]amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-benzylamino, *N*-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl]amino, *N*-furan-2-ylmethylamino, *N*,*N*-bis-propylamino, *N*-benzyl-*N*-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-amino, *N*-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)amino, piperidin-1-yl, *N*-(4-aminosulfonylbenzyl)amino, *N*-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-amino, or *N*-(2-(4-aminosulfonylphenyl)ethyl)amino;

R⁸ is -NR³³R³⁴ wherein R³³ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl; and R³⁴ is alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle substituted heterocycle, or -SO₂R³⁵ (wherein R³⁵ is substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, or substituted heterocycle); or R³³ and R³⁴ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle; preferably R⁸ is N-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)amino, N-(2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-(4-aminosulfonyl-benzyl)amino, N-(2-piperidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(4-enthylphenyl)ethyl)-amino, N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(4-chlorobenzyl)amino, N-(2-propyl)-N-(benzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-

dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino, N-allyl-N-(cyclohexyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino, N-propyl-N-(4-nitronenzyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino, Nbenzyl-N-(2-cyanoethyl)amino, N-benzyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-5 ethyl-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, Nmethyl-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N,N-bis-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N,N-bis-benzylamino, N-benzyl-N-(2-cyanoethyl)amino, N-phenyl-N-(pyridin-2-yl)amino, N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino, N,N-bis-10 (cyclohexyl)amino, N-(2-phenyl-1-aminocarbonylethyl)amino, N-(2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(2-phenylethyl)amino, N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-15 (2-phenylethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(1-methyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino, N-benzyl-N-(1-phenyl)ethyl)amino, N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino, N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino, N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino, N-2-(4benzylpiperizin-1-yl)ethylamino, N-2-ethylhexyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino, N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino, N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino, N-(4ethoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino, N-(2-phenylpropyl)amino, N-(4-20 (piperazin-3,5-dione-1-sulfonylphenyl)amino, N,N-bis-methyl, N-(2pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(phenyl-1-aminocarbonylethyl)amino, N-(2phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-(1-phenyl-2-(2-methylphenyl)) amino, $N-(3-\text{imidazol-}1-\text{imidazol-$ 25 ylpropyl)amino, N-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)amino, N-(2-piperidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino, N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl-piperidin-4yl)amino, N-(2-phenoxyethyl)amino, N-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl)-amino, N-(5-chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-ylsulfonyl)amino, N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)amino, N-(1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino, N-benzyl-N-(1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)amino, N-2-(4-benzylpiperazin-30

1-yl)ethylamino. *N*-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)-amino, 4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, 4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl, 2,5-dimethylpiperidin-1-yl, 4-cyclohexylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-(3,4-methylenedioxy-phenylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(diphenylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 3-methyl-piperidin-1-yl, 2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl, 2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)-ethylamino, 4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-phenylpropen-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, 4-(ethoxy-carbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl, 2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl, 2-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-3-oxo-piperazin-1-yl, 3-(S)-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl, or 3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl; R³⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

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R⁴⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and substituted alkyl; or R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

 R^9 selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R^{11'} and -O-Z-R¹² wherein Z is -C(O)- or -SO₂-; R¹¹ and R^{11'} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic and where R¹¹ and R^{11'} are joined together to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle; preferably R⁹ is -OCON(CH₃)₂ and is located at the 4-position of the phenyl, and

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R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined above; enantiomers, diastereomers, pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In another of its composition aspects, this invention is directed to a compound of formula IVa:

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IVa

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wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a monocyclic heteroaryl ring having 1 to 4 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group nitrogen or sulfur; or a monocyclic heterocyclic ring having 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, or S(O)n (wherein n is 0 to 2);

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and further wherein said heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic, beteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted

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cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-R']₂ and -N[S(O)₂-NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted heterocyclic; heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy, and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a ; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

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 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from phenyl and R^{x} , and C_{y} is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{y} ;

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or R¹³, R¹⁴ and the atoms to which they are attached together form a mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 additional heteratoms selected from N, O and S;

 R^{15} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one

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to four substituents selected from R^x , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^y ;

or R^{14} , R^{15} and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R^a is selected from the group consisting of Cy and a group selected from R^x, wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c:

 R^b is selected from the group consisting of R^a , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c ;

 R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, NO_2 , $C(O)OR^f$, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, NR^fR^g , $R^fC(O)R^g$, $NR^fC(O)NR^fR^g$, and CN;

 R^d and R^c are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

or R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 R^f and R^g are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein Cy is optionally substituted with C_{1-10} alkyl; or R^f and R^g together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

R^h is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₂₋₁₀ alkenyl, C₂₋₁₀ alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, and -SO₂Rⁱ; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynl are optionally

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substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

 R^i is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

R^x is selected from the group consisting of -OR^d, -NO₂, halogen,
-S(O)_mR^d, -SR^d, -S(O)₂OR^d, -S(O)_mNR^dR^e, -NR^dR^e, -O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dR^e,
-C(O)R^d, -CO₂R^d, -CO₂(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^dR^e, -OC(O)R^d, -CN, -C(O)NR^dR^e,
-NR^dC(O)R^e, -OC(O)NR^dR^e, -NR^dC(O)OR^e, -NR^dC(O)NR^dR^e, -CR^d(N-OR^e),
CF₃, oxo, NR^dC(O)NR^dSO₂Rⁱ, NR^dS(O)_mR^e, -OS(O)₂OR^d, and
-OP(O)(OR^d)₂;

 R^y is selected from the group consisting of R^x , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^x ;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

20 n is an integer from 1 to 10;

W is selected from the group consisting of carbon and nitrogen;

W' is selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, S(O) and $S(O)_2$;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)OR^d,

-P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e), -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e), -S(O)_mOR^d, -C(O)NR^dR^h, and -5-tetrazolyl;

and enatiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

(i) the compound of formula Va has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and

- (ii) when R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a 2-arylpyrimidin-4-yl group and R¹⁴ is hydrogen, then R¹⁵ is not alkyl of from 1 to 6 carbon atoms optionally substituted with hydroxyl; and
- 5 (iii) when R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form a 5-arylpyrazin-2-yl group and R¹⁴ is hydrogen, then R¹⁵ is not 4-hydroxybenzyl.

Preferably, in the above compounds, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form substituted or unsubstituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1.2.3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, thiophene, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole rings, 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole, 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole, pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring and X is -C(O)OR^d.

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In a more preferred embodiment, this invention is directed to compounds of formula Va, Vb, or Vc:

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Va

$$(0)_{b}$$
 $N^{S}N^{R^{14}R^{15}}$
 $R^{5}N^{R^{6}}R^{13}$

/h

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO_2R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, and X' are as defined above.

In yet another of its composition aspects, this invention is directed to a compound of formula VIa and VIb:

wherein, in formula VIa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of

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oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula VIa or VIb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl

hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, $-OS(O)_2$ -alkyl, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted alkyl, $-OS(O)_2$ -aryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted aryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -heteroaryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -heterocyclic, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted heterocyclic, $-OSO_2$ -NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, $-NRS(O)_2$ -alkyl, $-NRS(O)_2$ -substituted alkyl, $-NRS(O)_2$ -aryl, $-NRS(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl, $-NRS(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl,

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-NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-R']₂ and -N[S(O)₂-NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{23} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a and Cy optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^{24} is selected from the group consisting of $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{1-10}$ alkyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkenyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkynyl, wherein Ar^1 and Ar^2 are independently aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$; alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$;

 R^{25} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, and heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R^a , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

Ra' is selected from the group consisting of Cy, $-OR^d$, $-NO_2$, halogen $-S(O)_mR^d$, $-SR^d$, $-S(O)_2OR^d$, $-S(O)_mNR^d$ Re', $-NR^d$ Re', $-O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^d$ Re', $-C(O)R^d$, $-CO_2R^d$, $-CO_2(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^d$ Re', $-OC(O)R^d$, -CN, $-C(O)NR^d$ Re', $-NR^d$ C(O)Re', $-OC(O)NR^d$ Re', $-NR^d$ C(O)ORe', $-OC(O)NR^d$ Re', $-NR^d$ C(O)ORe', $-OC(O)NR^d$ Re', $-OC(O)NR^d$ Re', -OC(

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wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{c'}$;

 $R^{b'}$ is selected from the group consisting of $R^{a'}$, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c;

 R^{c} is selected from the group consisting of halogen, amino, carboxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy, CF_3 , and aryloxy;

 $R^{d'}$ and $R^{c'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{c'}$; or $R^{d'}$ and $R^{c'}$ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl; or $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{h'}$ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, or $-SO_2R^{i'}$;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from Ra'; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from Rb';

 $R^{i'}$ is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

X" is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)ORd,

 $-P(O)(OR^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-P(O)(R^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-S(O)_mOR^{d'}$, $-C(O)NR^{d'}R^{h'}$, and -5-tetrazolyl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula VIa or VIb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15 μ M or less; and
 - (ii) in formula VIa and VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

In the above embodiment, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring wherein the heteroaryl ring contains 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S and the heterocyclic ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, or S(O)n wherein n is 0 to 2, preferably R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form substituted or unsubstituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, thiophene, pyridine, pyrimidine, 1,3,5-triazine, 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring; more preferably, substituted 1,3,5-triazine, or 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring.

Preferably, X" is -C(O)ORd'.

In the above compounds, R^{24} is preferably $-CH_2-Ar^2-Ar^1$ and R^{25} is preferably hydrogen.

In a more preferred embodiment, this invention is directed to compounds of formula VIIa, VIIb, or VIIc:

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VIIa

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VIIb

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wherein:

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ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and the pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole rings are substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted

cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocylic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 ro 2; and

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R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and X" are as defined above.

This invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of the compounds defined above.

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In the above compounds, when X is other than -OH or pharmaceutical salts thereof, X is a substituent which will convert (e.g., hydrolyze, metabolize, etc.) in vivo to a compound where X is -OH or a salt thereof. Accordingly, suitable X groups are any art recognized pharmaceutically acceptable groups which will hydrolyze or otherwise convert in vivo to a hydroxyl group or a salt thereof including, by way of example, esters (X is alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclooxy, substituted heterocyclooxy, and the like).

In the compounds of formula Ia-b, IVa-b, VIa-b above, R¹ and R² are preferably joined to form a substituted 1,3,5-triazine group.

Unless otherwise defined, R³ and R¹⁵ in the above compounds are preferably selected from all possible isomers arising by substitution with the following groups:

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4-methylbenzyl,
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- 4-hydroxybenzyl,
- 4-methoxybenzyl,
- 4-t-butoxybenzyl,
 - 4-benzyloxybenzyl,
 - $4-[\phi-CH(CH_3)O-]benzyl$,
 - 4-[φ-CH(COOH)O-]benzyl,
 - 4-[BocNHCH₂C(O)NH-]benzyl,
- 15 4-chlorobenzyl,
 - 4-[NH₂CH₂C(O)NH-]benzyl,
 - 4-carboxybenzyl,
 - 4-[CbzNHCH₂CH₂NH-]benzyl,
 - 3-hydroxy-4-(φ-OC(O)NH-)benzyl,
- 4-[HOOCCH₂CH₂C(O)NH-]benzyl,

benzyl,

- 4-[2'-carboxylphenoxy-]benzyl,
- $4-[\phi-C(O)NH-]$ benzyl,
- 3-carboxybenzyl,
- 4-iodobenzyl,
 - 4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzyl,
 - 4-hydroxy-3-iodobenzyl,
 - 4-[2'-carboxyphenyl-]benzyl,
 - ϕ -CH₂CH₂-,
- 30 4-nitrobenzyl,

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2-carboxybenzyl,
                     4-[dibenzylamino]-benzyl,
                     4-[(1'-cyclopropylpiperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NHBoc]benzyl,
  5
                     4-carboxybenzyl,
                     4-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)NHBoc]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)CH(CH_2\phi)NHBoc]benzyl,
                     isobutyl,
 10
                    methyl,
                    4-[CH<sub>3</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                    -CH<sub>2</sub>-(3-indolyl),
                    n-butyl,
                    t-butyl-OC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-,
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                    t-butyl-OC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                    H_2NC(O)CH_2-,
                    H_2NC(O)CH_2CH_2-,
                    BocNH-(CH_2)_4-,
                    t-butyl-OC(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-,
20
                    HOOCCH<sub>2</sub>-,
                    HOOC(CH_2)_2-,
                    H_2N(CH_2)_{4}-,
                    isopropyl,
                    (1-naphthyl)-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                    (2-naphthyl)-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
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                   (2-thiophenyl)-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                   (\Phi-CH<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                   cyclohexyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                   benzyloxy-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                   HOCH<sub>2</sub>-,
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5-(3-N-benzyl)imidazolyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-.
                         2-pyridyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                         3-pyridyl-CH,-,
                         4-pyridyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                         5-(3-N-methyl)imidazolyl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
    5
                         N-benzylpiperid-4-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                         N-Boc-piperidin-4-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                         N-(phenyl-carbonyl)piperidin-4-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                         H<sub>3</sub>CSCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>-.
                         1-N-benzylimidazol-4-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
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                        iso-propyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                        iso-butyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                        phenyl-C(O)NH-(CH_2)_4-,
                        benzyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                        allyl-C(O)NH-(CH_2)_4-,
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                        4-(3-N-methylimidazolyl)-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                        4-imidazolyl,
                        4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-O-]benzyl,
                        4-[(benzyl)<sub>2</sub>N-]-benzyl,
                       4-aminobenzyl,
20
                       allyloxy-C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                       allyloxy-C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-,
                       allyloxy-C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-,
                       NH_2C(O)CH_2-,
25
                       \Phi-CH=,
                       2-pyridyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                       4-methylpyrid-3-yl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                       3-methylthien-2-yl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                       2-pyrrolyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                       2-furanyl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
30
```

```
4-methylphenyl-SO<sub>2</sub>-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                      4-[cyclopentylacetylenyl]-benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)-(N-Boc)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)]-benzyl-,
                      1-N-methylimidazol-4-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
   5
                      1-N-methylimidazol-5-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                      imidazol-5-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>-,
                     6-methylpyrid-3-yl-C(O)NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-,
                     4-[2'-carboxymethylphenyl]-benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-φ]-benzyl,
 10
                     4-[-NHC(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-φ]-benzyl,
                     -CH_2C(O)NH(CH_2)_4\phi,
                     4-[\phi(CH_2)_4O-]-benzyl,
                     4-[-C≡C-φ-4'φ]-benzyl,
                     4-[-C=C-CH_2-O-S(O)_2-4'-CH_3-\phi]-benzyl,
                    4-[-C \equiv C-CH_2NHC(O)NH_2]-benzyl,
15
                    4-[-C \equiv C-CH_2-O-4'-COOCH_2CH_3-\phi]-benzyl,
                    4-[-C=C-CH(NH_2)-cyclohexyl]-benzyl,
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-3-indolyl,
                    -(CH_2)_4NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-3-indolyl,
20
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)-3-(5-methoxyindolyl),
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)-3-(1-methylindolyl),
                    -(CH_2)_4NHC(O)-4-(-SO_2(CH_3)-\phi),
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)-4-(C(O)CH<sub>3</sub>)-phenyl,
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)-4-fluorophenyl,
25
                    -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>O-4-fluorophenyl,
                    4-[-C≡C-(2-pyridyl)]benzyl,
                    4-[-C \equiv C-CH_2-O-phenyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-C≡C-CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>]benzyl,
                   4-[-C≡C-(3-hydroxyphenyl)]benzyl,
30
                   4-[-C = C-CH_2-O-4'-(-C(O)OC_2H_5)] phenyl] benzyl,
```

```
4-[-C \equiv C-CH_2CH(C(O)OCH_3)_2]benzyl,
                            4-[-C = C-CH_2NH-(4,5-dihydro-4-oxo-5-phenyl-oxazol-2-yl),
                            3-aminobenzyl,
                           4-[-C≡C-CH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHC(O)CH<sub>3</sub>)C(O)OH]-benzyl,
     5
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)φ,
                           -CH_2C(O)NHCH_2-(4-dimethylamino)-\phi,
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>-4-nitrophenyl,
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-φ,
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-methyl)-2-pyrrolyl,
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
  10
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-3-indolyl,
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>phenyl,
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-(N-methyl)-2-pyrrolyl,
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-3-indolyl,
 15
                          -(CH_2)_2C(O)NHCH(CH_3)\Phi,
                         -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>-4-dimethylaminophenyl,
                         -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>-4-nitrophenyl,
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-4-[-NHC(O)CH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl],
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-4-pyridyl,
 20
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-4-[dimethylaminophenyl],
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-3-methoxyphenyl,
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-4-chlorophenyl,
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-2-pyridyl,
25
                         -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-4-methoxyphenyl,
                        -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-3-pyridyl,
                        4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-]benzyl,
                        -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NHC(NH)NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-4-methylphenyl,
                        4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-]benzyl,
30
                        -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>1</sub>,
```

```
-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)NH-phenyl,
                       -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHC(O)NH-4-methoxyphenyl,
                       4-[4'-pyridyl-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                      4-[3'-pyridyl-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
   5
                      4-[-NHC(O)NH-3'-methylphenyl]benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NHC(O)NH-3'-methylphenyl]benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)-(2',3'-dihydroindol-2-yl)]benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)-(2',3'-dihydro-N-Boc-indol-2-yl)]benzyl,
                      p-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-1'-(4'-pyrimidinyl)-piperazinyl]benzyl,
                      4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(1'-piperidinyl)benzyl,
 10
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(1'-pyrrolidinyl)]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(1'-piperidinyl)]benzyl-,
                     -CH_2-3-(1,2,4-triazolyl),
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-4-(3'-chlorophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]benzyl,
 15
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(φ)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>-3'-(N-Boc)-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                     4-[di-n-pentylamino]benzyl,
                     4-[n-pentylamino]benzyl,
                     4-[di-iso-propylamino-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-morpholinyl)]benzyl,
 20
                     4-[-O-(3'-(N-Boc)-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHBoc)CH<sub>2</sub>cyclohexyl]benzyl,
                    p-[OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH_2CH_2CH_2-(4-m-chlorophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-homopiperidinyl)benzyl,
25
                    4-[-NHC(O)-3'-(N-Boc)-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(benzyl)<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
                    -CH<sub>2</sub>-2-thiazolyl,
                    3-hydroxybenzyl,
30
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
```

```
4-[-NHC(S)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-morpholino)]benzyl,
                      4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
                      4-[-OCH_2CH_2CH_2N(C_2H_5)_2]benzyl,
                     4-[CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NH-]benzyl,
  5
                      4-[N-n-butyl, N-n-pentylamino-]benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)-4'-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                      4-[-NHC(O)CH(NHBoc)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHCbz]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)-(1',2',3',4'-tetrahydro-N-Boc-isoquinolin-1'-yl]benzyl,
                     p-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-1'-(4'-methyl)-piperazinyl]benzyl,
                     -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NH-Boc,
10
                     3-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
                     3-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(1'-pyrrolidinyl)]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)benzyl]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(S)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-morpholino)]benzyl,
15
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-(N-morpholino)]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHCH<sub>2</sub>-(4'-chlorophenyl)]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)NH-(4'-cyanophenyl)]benzyl,
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>COOH]benzyl,
20
                     4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>COO-t-butyl]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)-5'-fluoroindol-2-yl]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(S)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-1-piperidinyl]benzyl,
                     4-[-N(SO_2CH_3)(CH_2)_3-N(CH_3)_2]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)CH_2CH(C(O)OCH_2\phi)-NHCbz]benzyl,
25
                     4-[-NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>]benzyl,
                     3-[-O-(N-methylpiperidin-4'-yl]benzyl,
                     4-[-C(=NH)NH_2]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHSO<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(O)-(1',2',3',4'-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2'-yl]benzyl,
                     4-[-NHC(S)NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-N-morpholino]benzyl,
30
```

```
4-[-NHC(O)CH(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)NHBoc]benzyl,
                    4-[-C(O)NH_2]benzyl,
                    4-[-NHC(O)NH-3'-methoxyphenyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-indol-3'-yl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-benzyl]benzyl,
   5
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)O-benzyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)OH]benzyl,
                    4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>-2'-(4',5'-dihydro)imidazolyl]benzyl,
                    -CH_2C(O)NHCH_2-(4-dimethylamino) phenyl,\\
                    -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>-(4-dimethylamino)phenyl,
 10
                    4-[-NHC(O)-L-2'-pyrrolidinyl-N-SO<sub>2</sub>-4'-methylphenyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-NHC(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>]benzyl,
                    4-aminobenzyl]benzyl,
                   4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-1-(4-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxypyrrol-2-yl)-
 15
                             piperazinyl]benzyl,
                    4-[-O-(N-methylpiperidin-4'-yl)]benzyl,
                    3-methoxybenzyl,
                   4-[-NHC(O)-piperidin-3'-yl]benzyl,
                   4-[-NHC(O)-pyridin-2'-yl]benzyl,
20
                   4-[-NHCH<sub>2</sub>-(4'-chlorophenyl)]benzyl,
                   4-[-NHC(O)-(N-(4'-CH3-\phi-SO_2)-L-pyrrolidin-2'-yl)]benzyl,
                   4-[-NHC(O)NHCH_2CH_2-\phi]benzyl,
                   4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>]benzyl,
                   4-[-OCH_2C(O)NH-t-butyl]benzyl,
                   4-[-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-1-(4-hydroxy-4-phenyl)-piperidinyl]benzyl,
25
                   4-[-NHSO_2-CH=CH_2]benzyl,
                   4-[-NHSO<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl]benzyl,
                   -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                  4-[(1'-Cbz-piperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                  4-[(1'-Boc-piperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
30
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```
4-[(2'-bromophenyl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[-NHC(O)-pyridin-4'-yl]benzyl,
                 4-[(4'-(CH_3)_2NC(O)O-)phenyl)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[-NHC(O)-1'-methylpiperidin-4'-yl-]benzyl,
  5
                 4-(dimethylamino)benzyl,
                 4-[-NHC(O)-(1'-N-Boc)-piperidin-2'-yl]benzyl,
                 3-[-NHC(O)-pyridin-4'-yl]benzyl,
                 4-[(tert-butyl-O(O)CCH<sub>2</sub>-O-benzyl)-NH-]benzyl,
                 [BocNHCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]butyl,
 10
                 4-benzylbenzyl,
                2-hydroxyethyl,
                4-[(Et), NCH, CH, CH, NHC(S)NH-]benzyl.
                4-[(1'-Boc-4'-hydroxypyrrolidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[φCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NHC(S)NH-]benzyl,
15
                4-[(perhydroindolin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                2-[4-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxythien-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl,
                4-[(1'-Boc-perhydroindolin-2'-yl)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[N-3-methylbutyl-N-trifluoromethanesulfonyl)amino]benzyl,
                4-[N-vinylsulfonyl)amino]benzyl,
20
                4-[2-(2-azabicyclo[3.2.2]octan-2-yl)ethyl-O-]benzyl,
                4-[4'-hydroxypyrrolidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-(φNHC(S)NH)benzyl,
                4-(EtNHC(S)NH)benzyl,
                4-(φCH<sub>2</sub>NHC(S)NH)benzyl,
25
                3-[(1'-Boc-piperidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                3-[piperidin-2'-yl-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[(3'-Boc-thiazolidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-(pyridin-3'-yl-NHC(S)NH)benzyl,
                4-(CH<sub>3</sub>-NHC(S)NH)benzyl,
30
               4-(H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH)benzyl,
```

```
4-(BocHNCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH)benzyl,
                    4-(pyridin-4'-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>NH)benzyl,
                   4-[(N,N-di(4-N,N-dimethylamino)benzyl)amino]benzyl,
                   4-[(1-Cbz-piperidin-4-yl)C(O)NH-]butyl,
  5
                   4-[φCH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>(BocHN)CHC(O)NH]benzyl,
                   4-[(piperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                   4-[(pyrrolidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                   4-(pyridin-3'-yl-C(O)NH)butyl,
                   4-(pyridin-4'-yl-C(O)NH)butyl,
 10
                   4-(pyridin-3'-yl-C(O)NH)benzyl,
                   4-[CH<sub>3</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                   4-[CH<sub>3</sub>N(Boc)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                   4-(aminomethyl)benzyl,
                   4-[\phi CH_2OCH_2(H_2N)CHC(O)NH]benzyl,
15
                  4-[(1',4'-di(Boc)piperazin-2'-yl)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                  4-[(piperazin-2'-yl)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                  4-[(N-toluenesulfonylpyrrolidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]butyl,
                  4-[-NHC(O)-4'-piperidinyl]butyl,
                  4-[-NHC(O)-1'-N-Boc-piperidin-2'-yl]benzyl,
                  4-[-NHC(O)-piperidin-2'-yl]benzyl,
20
                  4-[(1'-N-Boc-2',3'-dihydroindolin-2'-yl)-C(O)NH]benzyl,
                  4-(pyridin-3'-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>NH)benzyl,
                  4-[(piperidin-1'-yl)C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-O-]benzyl,
                  4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-O-]benzyl,
25
                  4-[HO(O)C(Cbz-NH)CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                  4-[φCH<sub>2</sub>O(O)C(Cbz-NH)CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[-NHC(O)-2'-methoxyphenyl]benzyl,
                  4-[(pyrazin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[HO(O)C(NH<sub>2</sub>)CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
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```
4-(2'-formyl-1',2',3',4'-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3'-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>NH-)benzyl,
                  N-Cbz-NHCH<sub>2</sub>-,
                  4-[(4'-methylpiperazin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                  4-[CH<sub>3</sub>(N-Boc)NCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
  5
                  4-[-NHC(O)-(1',2',3',4'-tetrahydro-N-Boc-isoquinolin-3'-yl]-benzyl,
                  4-[CH<sub>3</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                  (CH_3)_2NC(O)CH_2-,
                  4-(N-methylacetamido)benzyl,
                 4-(1',2',3',4'-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3'-yl-CH<sub>2</sub>NH-)benzyl,
                 4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-]benzyl,
 10
                 (1-toluenesulfonylimidizol-4-yl)methyl,
                 4-[(1'-Boc-piperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl,
                 4-[(2'-bromophenyl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
 15
                 4-[(CH_3)_2NC(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[CH<sub>3</sub>OC(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(CH_3)_2NC(O)O-]benzyl,
                 4-[(CH_3)_2NC(O)N(CH_3)-]benzyl,
                 4-[CH<sub>3</sub>OC(O)N(CH<sub>3</sub>)-]benzyl,
                 4-(N-methyltrifluoroacetamido)benzyl,
20
                4-[(1'-methoxycarbonylpiperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-phenylpiperidin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-phenyl-1'-Boc-piperidin-4'-yl)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                4-[(piperidin-4'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl, 4-[(1'-methylpiperidin-4'-yl)-
25
                        O-]benzyl,
                4-[(1'-methylpiperidin-4'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-methylpiperazin-1'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                3-[(CH_3),NC(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-phenyl-1'-Boc-piperidin-4'-yl)-C(O)O-]benzyl,
30
                4-(N-toluenesulfonylamino)benzyl,
```

```
4-[(CH_3)_3CC(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(morpholin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NC(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[-C(O)NH-(4'-piperidinyl)]benzyl,
                 4-[(2'-trifluoromethylphenyl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
  5
                 4-[(2'-methylphenyl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NS(O)<sub>2</sub>O-]benzyl,
                 4-[(pyrrolidin-2'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[-NHC(O)-piperidin-1'-yl]benzyl,
                 4-[(thiomorpholin-4'-yl)C(O)NH-]benzyl,
 10
                 4-[(thiomorpholin-4'-yl sulfone)-C(O)NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(morpholin-4'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                 3-nitro-4-(CH<sub>3</sub>OC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>O-)benzyl,
                 (2-benzoxazolinon-6-yl)methyl-,
                 (2H-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4H)-one-7-yl)methyl-,
15
                 4-[(CH_3)_2NS(O)_2NH-]benzyl,
                 4-[(CH_3)_2NS(O)_2N(CH_3)-]benzyl,
                4-[(thiomorpholin-4'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(thiomorpholin-4'-yl sulfone)-C(O)O-]benzyl,
20
                4-[(piperidin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(pyrrolidin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-methylpiperazin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(2'-methylpyrrolidin-1'-yl)-,
                (pyridin-4-yl)methyl-,
                4-[(piperazin-4'-yl)-C(O)O-]benzyl,
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                4-[(1'-Boc-piperazin-4'-yl)-C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-[(4'-acetylpiperazin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl,
                p-[(4'-methanesulfonylpiperazin-1'-yl)-benzyl,
                3-nitro-4-[(morpholin-4'-yl)-C(O)O-]benzyl,
                4-\{[(CH_3)_2NC(S)]_2N-\}benzyl,
30 '
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N-Boc-2-aminoethyl-, 4-[(1,1-dioxothiomorpholin-4-yl)-C(O)O-]benzyl, $4-[(CH_3)_2NS(O)_2-]$ benzyl, 4-(imidazolid-2'-one-1'-yl)benzyl, 5 4-[(piperidin-1'-yl)C(O)O-]benzyl, 1-N-benzyl-imidazol-4-yl-CH₂-, 3,4-dioxyethylenebenzyl (i.e., 3,4-ethylenedioxybenzyl), 3,4-dioxymethylenebenzyl (i.e., 3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl), $4-[-N(SO_2)(CH_2)CH_2CH_2CH_2N(CH_2)_2]$ benzyl, 10 4-(3'-formylimidazolid-2'-one-1'-yl)benzyl, 4-[NHC(O)CH(CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂NH₂)NHBoc]benzyl, [2'-[4"-hydroxy-4"-(3'''-methoxythien-2'''-yl)piperidin-2"yllethoxylbenzyl, and $p-[(CH_1),NCH_2CH_2N(CH_3)C(O)O-]$ benzyl.

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Preferably, in the compounds of formula 1-VII above, R^{3'} is preferably hydrogen.

Preferably, in the compounds of formula I-VII above, R⁴ is preferably hydrogen and X is preferably hydroxyl or alkoxy.

In the compounds of formula IVa-b and V, preferred R¹³, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ groups correspond to the R³, R⁴ and R⁵ groups, respectively, disclosed in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 98/53814 which application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

In the compounds of formula VIa-b, preferred R²³, R²⁴ and R²⁵ groups correspond to the R⁵, R⁶ and R⁷ groups, respectively, found in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 98/53817 which application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. In a preferred embodiment,

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in compounds of formula IVa-b and VII, R^{24} is $-CH_2-Ar^2-Ar^1$ and R^{25} is hydrogen.

This invention also provides methods for binding VLA-4 in a biological sample which method comprises contacting the biological sample with a compound of formula I-VII above under conditions wherein said compound binds to VLA-4.

Certain of the compounds of formula I-VII above are also useful in reducing VLA-4 mediated inflammation in vivo.

This invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of one or more of the compounds of formula I-VII above. Preferably, R³ and R³ are derived from L-amino acids or other similarly configured starting materials. Alternatively, racemic mixtures can be used.

The pharmaceutical compositions may be used to treat VLA-4 mediated disease conditions. Such disease conditions include, by way of example, asthma, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS dementia, diabetes (including acute juvenile onset diabetes), inflammatory bowel disease (including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease), multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, tissue transplantation, tumor metastasis, meningitis, encephalitis, stroke, and other cerebral traumas, nephritis, retinitis, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia and acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury such as that which occurs in adult respiratory distress syndrome.

Other disease conditions include, but are not limited to, inflammatory conditions such as erythema nodosum, allergic conjunctivitis, optic neuritis, uveitis, allergic rhinitis, Ankylosing spondylitis, psoriatic arthritis,

vasculitis, Reiter's syndrome, systemic lupus erythematosus, progressive systemic sclerosis, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, Wegner's granulomatosis, aortitis, sarcoidosis, lymphocytopenia, temporal arteritis, pericarditis, myocarditis, congestive heart failure, polyarteritis nodosa, hypersensitivity syndromes, allergy, hypereosinophilic syndromes, Churg-Strauss syndrome, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, chronic active hepatitis, interstitial cystitis, autoimmune endocrine failure, primary biliary cirrhosis, autoimmune aplastic anemia, chronic persistent hepatitis and thyroiditis.

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Accordingly, this invention also provides methods for the treatment of an inflammatory disease in a patient mediated by VLA-4 which methods comprise administering to the patient the pharmaceutical compositions described above.

Representative compounds of this invention are set forth in Tables I-V below: I.

N(CH ₃)			
)= 0	=0		
		₽́	>= 0
		- ⟨	ZI
		√)	

Cpd #	A
1	3-nitrothiophen-2-yl
2	1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl
3	1,3-dimethyl-4-nitropyrazol-5-yl
4	1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl
5	4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl
9	1,4-diphenyl-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl
7	1-phenylimidazol-2-yl
∞	5-[5-phenylcarbonylmethylthio-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-
	triazol-3-yl]pyridin-2-yl

 6-naphth-1-ylpyridin-2-yl 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylpher 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylpher 5-trifluoromethylpyridin-2-yl 	6-naphth-1-ylpyridin-2-yl 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl
	4-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl 4-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl
	V-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl
	hylpyridin-2-yl
14 4-methyl-3-nitropyridin-2-yl	ropyridin-2-yl
15 3,5-di-nitropyridin-2-yl	ridin-2-yl
3-[N-methyl-N-(4-me	3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-4-methylpyridin-4-yl

Cpd 1	Cpd # A 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl 3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl
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Cpd # R ¹⁰	\mathbb{R}^{10}	R ³³	R ³⁴
1	2-methylpropylamino	H	5-methylisoxazol-3-vl
2	phenylamino	H	5-methylisoxazol-3-vl
3	benzylamino	Н	5-methylisoxazol-3-yl
4	[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl]amino	H	2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-vl)ethyl
5	[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino	H	2-(1-methylnyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl
9	(1-phenylethyl)amino	Н	2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl
7	(4-chlorobenzyl)amino	H	2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)cth
			z (z memy py nomani-z-y jenny)

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∞	cyclohexylamino	Н	5-methylisoxazol-3-yl
6	2-methylpropylamino	methyl	2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl
10	2-methylpropylamino	2-methoxyethyl	2-methoxyethyl
11	2-methylpropylamino	methyl	2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl
12	2-methylpropylamino	methyl	2-(phenyl)ethyl
13	benzylamino	methyl	2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl
14	cyclohexylamino	Н	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
15	5-methylisoxazol-3-ylamino	Н	2-methoxyethyl
16	furan-2-ylmethylamino	Н	2-methoxyethyi
17	1-(phenyl)ethylamino	Н	2-methoxyethyl
18	4-chlorobenzylamino	Н	2-methoxyethyl
19	cyclohexylmethylamino	H	5-methylisoxazol-3-yl
20	2-methylpropylamino	Н	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
21	2-methylpropylamino	Н	furan-2-ylmethyl
22	2-methylpropylamino	Н	1-(phenyl)ethyl
23	2-methylpropylamino	Н	4-aminosulfonylbenzyl
24	phenylamino	Н	furan-2-ylmethyl
			-

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3	phenylamino	H	4-aminosulfonylbenzyl
26	4-chlorobenzylamino	Н	2-piperidin-1-ylethyl
27	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino	Н	2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl
28	4-chlorobenzylamino	Н	2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl
29	4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino	Н	2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl
30	benzylamino	Н	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
31	benzylamino	Н	1-phenylethyl
32	cyclopentylamino	Н	1-phenylethyl
33	cyclohexylamino	H	4-aminosulfonylbenzyl
34	3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino	Н	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
35	3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino	Н	furan-2-ylmethyl
36	3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino	Н	4-chlorobenzyl
37	3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino	Н	4-aminosulfonylbenzyl
38	cyclohexylmethylamino	Н	furan-2-ylmethyl
39	chloro	2-propyl	benzyl
40	chloro	methyl	2-phenylethyl
41	chloro	methyl	2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl

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42	chloro	ethyl	pyridin-4-ylmethyl
43	chloro	benzyl	1-phenylethyl
4	chloro	allyl	cyclopentyl
45	chloro	ethyl	1-(4-methoxybenzyl)ethyl
46	chloro	n-propyl	4-nitrobenzyl
47	chloro	methyl	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl
48	chloro	benzyl	benzyl
49	chloro	benzyl	2-cyanoethyl
50	chloro	benzyl	2-N,N-dimethylaminoethyl
51	2-methylpropylamino	ethyl	3,4-dichlorobenzyl
52	benzylamino	ethyl	pyridin-4-ylmethyl
53	benzylamino	methyl	pyridin-3-ylmethyl
54	2-methoxyethylamino	pyridin-3-ylmethyl	pyridin-3-ylmethyl
55	2-methoxyethylamino	benzyl	<u>þe</u> nzyl
56	2-methoxyethylamino	benzyi	2-cyanoethyi
57	cyclopentylamino	phenyl	pyridin-2-yl
58	N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl

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59	N-2-propyl-N-benzylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
09	N-methyl-N-[2-(phenyl)ethyl]-amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
19	N-methyl-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
	ethy1]amino		
62	N-ethyl-N-pyridin-4-ylmethylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
63	N-methyl-N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
64	N-ethyl-N-[1-(4-methoxybenzyl)ethyl]amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
65	N-propyl-N-(4-nitrobenzyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
99	N-(4-aminosulfonylbenzyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
<i>L</i> 9	N-methyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
89	N,N-bis-benzylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
69	N-methyl-N-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl]amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
70	N-methyl-N-benzylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
71	N-2-methylpropylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
72	N-benzylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
73	N-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl]amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
74	N-furan-2-ylmethylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl

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75	N-(1-phenylethyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
9/	N,N-bis-propylamino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
77	N-methyl-N-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethyl]amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
78	N-benzyl-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
79	chloro	cyclohexyl	cyclohexyl
80	chloro	methyl	pyridin-3-ylmethyl
81	5-methylisoxazol-3-ylamino	ethyl	1-(4-methoxybenzyl)ethyl
82	chloro	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
83	hydrogen	2-methylpropyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
84	hydrogen	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl
85	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl
98	hydrogen	hydrogen	(2-phenyl-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl
87	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-phenylethyl
88	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
89	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl
96	hydrogen	hydrogen	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethyl]ethyl
91	hydrogen	hydrogen	[1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)]ethyl

92	hydrogen	mothyl	
		incluy.	2-(3,4-dillielnoxypnenyl)etnyl
93	hydrogen	methyl	2-(phenyl)ethyl
94	hydrogen	ethyl	1-(4-methoxybenzyl)ethyl
95	chloro	benzyl	1-phenylethy1
96	chloro	hydrogen	pyridin-4-ylmethyl
97	chloro	hydrogen	pyridin-3-ylmethyl
86	chloro	hydrogen	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl
66	chloro	hydrogen	2-(4-benzylpiperizin-1-yl)ethyl
100	chloro	pyridin-2-ylmethyl	2-ethylhexyl
101	chloro	hydrogen	pyridin-2-ylmethyl
102	hydrogen	hydrogen	3,3-diphenylpropyl
103	hydrogen	hydrogen	pyridin-2-ylmethyl
104	hydrogen	hydrogen	pyridin-3-ylmethyl
105	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl
106	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-(4-ethoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl
107	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-phenylpropyl
108	hydrogen	hydrogen	(S)-1-phenylethyl

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109	hydrogen	pyridin-2-ylmethyl	2-ethylhexyl
110	chloro	hydrogen	4-(piperazin-3,5-dione-1-ylsulfonyl)-
			phenyl
1111	chloro	methyl	methyl
112	chloro	hydrogen	2-pvrrolidin-1-vlethvl
113	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-phenylpropyl
114	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-phenyl-1-carhoxamidoethyl
115	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-phenyl-1.1-dimethylethyl
116	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-phenylethyl
117	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-(2-methoxynhenyl)ethyl
118	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-(3.4-dimethoxynhenyl)ethyl
119	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1 1-dimethylethyl
120	hydroxy	hydrogen	1-phenyl-2-(methylphenyl)ethyl
121	hydroxy	hydrogen	4-(piperazin-3,5-dione-1-ylsulfonyl)-
			phenyl
122	hydroxy	methyl	methyl
123	hydroxy	hydrogen	3-imidazol-1-ylpropyl

124	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-morpholin-4-ylethyl
125	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-piperidin-1-ylethyl
126	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl
127	hydroxy	hydrogen	1-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl
128	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-phenoxyethyl
129	chloro	hydrogen	3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropyl
130	hydroxy	hydrogen	3-pyrriolidin-1-ylpropyl
131	hydroxy	benzyl	1-phenylethyl
132	hydroxy	hydrogen	5-chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl-
			sulfonyl
133	hydroxy	hydrogen	benzylsulfonyl
134	hydroxy	hydrogen	2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl
135	hydroxy	hydrogen	1-phenylethyl
136	hydroxy	hydrogen	1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl
137	chloro	benzyl	1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl
138	hydroxy	benzyl	1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl

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139	hydrogen	hydrogen	4-(piperazin-3,5-dione-1-ylsulfonyl)-
			phenyl
140	hydrogen	hydrogen	pyridin-4-ylmethyl
141	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl
142	hydrogen	methyl	methyl
143	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-morpholin-4-ylethyl
144	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-phenoxyethyl
145	hydrogen	hydrogen	1-phenyl-2-carboxyethyl
146	hydrogen	hydrogen	1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl
147	hydrogen	hydrogen	1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl
148	hydrogen	hydrogen	1-phenylethy!
149	chloro	methyl	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl
150	2-methoxyethylamino	methyl	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl
151	hydrogen	benzyl	1-phenylethyl
152	hydrogen	hydrogen	2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl

Cpd #	R ¹⁰	NR33R34
1	2-methylpropylamino	4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl
2	2-methylpropylamino	4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
3	6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-ylamino	piperidin-1-yl
4	furan-2-ylmethylamino	piperidin-1-yl
5	1-phenylethylamino	piperidin-1-yl
9	4-chlorobenzylamino	piperidin-1-yl
7	piperidin-1-yl	4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
8	4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino	piperidin-1-y1
6	benzylamino	4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
10	chloro	4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl

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=	chloro	2-methyl-5-ethylpiperidin-1-yl
12	chloro	4-cyclohexylpiperazin-1-yl
13	chloro	4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)piperazin-1-yl
14	chloro	4-(diphenylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl
15	chloro	4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
16	chloro	3-methylpiperidin-1-yl
17	chloro	2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl
18	cyclopentylamino	2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl
19	N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino	4-cyclohexylpiperazin-1-yl
20	N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino	3-methylpiperidin-1-yl
21	2-(4-aminosulfonylphenyl)ethylamino	piperidin-1-yl
22	chloro	2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl
23	chloro	4-(2-propylamidomethyl)piperazin-1-yl
24	chloro	4-(1-phenylethyl)piperagin-1-yl
25	chloro	4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl
26	chloro	4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl
27	chloro	4-(1-phenyl-1-propen-3-yl)piperazin-1-yl

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07	nyarogen	4-(2-propylamidomethyl)piperazin-1-yl
29	hydrogen	4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl
30	hydrogen	4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl
31	hydrogen	4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-vl
32	chloro	1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl
33	hydroxy	1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl
34	chloro	4-ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-1-vl
35	hydroxy	4-ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-1-yl
36	chloro	piperazin-1-yl
37	chloro	4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl
38	chloro	2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl
39	chloro	2-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-vl
40	chloro	3-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl
41	hydroxy	3-(S)-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-
		isoquinolin-2-yl
42	chloro	3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl
43	hydroxy	3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-v1
		Imposion frames it at a feet

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4	hydrogen	1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl
45	hydrogen	4-ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-1-yl
46	hydrogen	piperazin-1-yl
47	hydrogen	2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl
48	hydrogen	2-ethoxycarbonylmethyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl
49	cyclopentylamino	4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
50	hydrogen	3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl

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Cpd #	R ³⁹	R ⁴⁰	NR39R40
1	3-methylpropyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl	
2	methyl	4-methylphenylsulfonyl	
3	hydrogen	2-phenylethyl	
4	methyl	2-pyridin-2-ylethyl	
5	methyl	benzyl	
9			4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl
7	methyl	pyridin-3-ylmethyl	
8	methyl	2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl	
6	methyl	2-phenylethyl	
10	hydrogen	2-phenylpropyl	
11			4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl
12			4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl
13	hydrogen	2-phenylethyl	

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Accordingly, this invention is directed to each of the following compounds:

N-(3-nitrothiophen-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; 5 N-[1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-[1,3-dimethyl-4-nitropyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyl-10 oxy)phenylalanine; N-[1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-(4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-15 phenylalanine; N-(1,4-diphenyl-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; 20 N-(1-phenylimidazol-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-(6-bromopyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-25 phenylalanine; N-[6-(naphth-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; 30 N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; 35 N-(5-trifluoropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-{5-[[5-phenylcarbonylmethylthio-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)]-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-40 phenylalanine;

N-(4-methyl-3-nitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-

phenylalanine;

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	N-(3.5-dinitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl}-L-phenylalanine;
10	N-[4-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-6-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-[4-(benzylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-[2-(4-methoxlphenyl)ethylamino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-[(4-chlorobenzyl)amino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino}-4-[1-(phenyl)ethylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
2.5	N-[4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)-amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N,N-bis(2-methoxyethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
45	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-ethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-[4-(methoxyethylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[6-(chlorobenzylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-[4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
23	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(benzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N -{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino)\}-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
5	$N-\{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(1-cyclhexylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-{6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
50	$N-\{6-(4-\text{chlorobenzylamino})-4-(3,4-\text{methylenedioxybenzylamino})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
35	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
. 0	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-benzyl-N-(2-propyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(allyl)-N-(cyclopentyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(n -propyl)-N-(4-nitrobenzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-cyanoethyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino]-4-(2-methylpropyl-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
45	phony talanine,

	N -{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[N-(phenyl)-N-(pyridin-2-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{6-{N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino}-4-{N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N -{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
Ю	N-{4-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
.5	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-1yl)ethylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[N,N-bis-(n-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
35	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N-{4-(5-methylisoxazol-3-ylamino)-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-[N-(\text{methyl})-N-(\text{pyridin-}3-\text{ylmethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)\text{phenylalanine};$
5	N -{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-cyclohexylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-(N-[2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	$N-\{4-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
45	N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-4-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
1.5	N -{4-chloro-6-{N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4 (N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	$N-\{4-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N-{4-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-[N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-[N-2-(4-ethoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-[N-2-phenylpropylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-[N-1(S)-phenylethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
45	$N-\{4-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
5	N -{4-chloro-6-[N,N-dimethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	•
	$N-\{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$	
10	$N-\{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$	
15	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	•
20	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
25	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	٠. . هذ
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
35	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;	
40	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}(N,N-\text{dimethylamino})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;	
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(imidazol-2-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	
45	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethylamino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;	

	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(phenoxy)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}- L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-(S)-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(5-chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-(R)-phenyl-2-carboxyethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
45	N-{4-[N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1yl)ethyl)amino\}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-I 4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	$N-\{4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(N-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N)$ dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-(N-(2-phenoxyethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-(R)-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl-1-phenylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	$N-\{4-[N-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	$N-\{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	$N-\{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N -{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(N-6-nitrobenzthiazol-2-ylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-(N-furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	$N-\{4-(N-1-phenylethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
45	N -{4-(N-4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-(piperidin-1-yl)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L 4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-(N-4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-(N-benzylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(N-cyclopentylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-(4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-(5-ethyl-2-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-(4-\text{phenylpiperazin-}1-\text{yl})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-diphenylmethylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-chloro-6-(3-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{4-chloro-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(N-cyclohexylamino-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-(4-cyclohexyl-piperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

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	N-{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-(3-methyl piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-[N-(2-(4-aminosulfonylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-chloro-6-[2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L 4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylpropen-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
2 5	$N-\{4-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	$N-\{4-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[4-(furan-2-y carbony)piperazin-1-y]-1,3,5-triazin-2-y \}-L-4-(N,N-dimethy carbamy oxy)phenylalanine;$
35	$N-\{4-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N -{4-chloro-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N - dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40 ,	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N- dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
45	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

·	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-(\text{piperazin-}1-\text{yl})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-chloro-6-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
13	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-chloro-6-(3-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-hydroxy-6-(3-(R)methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
23	N-{4-chloro-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(1,2,3,4-\text{tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	$N-\{4-(piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
45	N -{4-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-(3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2 yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}-pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N -{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}-pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-{N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino}pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4 (N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{6-{N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino}pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino}pyrimidin 4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{6-[N-(2-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{6-[4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{6-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
45	N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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As above, this invention relates to compounds which inhibit leukocyte adhesion and, in particular, leukocyte adhesion mediated by VLA-4. However, prior to describing this invention in further detail, the following terms will first be defined.

10 <u>Definitions</u>

As used herein, "alkyl" refers to alkyl groups preferably having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 1 to 6 carbon atoms. This term is exemplified by groups such as methyl, t-butyl, n-heptyl, octyl and the like.

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"Substituted alkyl" refers to an alkyl group, preferably of from 1 to 10 carbon atoms, having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy,

substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

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oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and disubstituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and disubstituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and substituted alkyl groups having amino groups blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or alkyl/substituted alkyl groups substituted with -SO₂-alkyl, -SO₂-substituted alkyl, -SO₂-alkenyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-aryl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂-heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic and -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

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"Alkoxy" refers to the group "alkyl-O-" which includes, by way of example, methoxy, ethoxy, *n*-propoxy, *iso*-propoxy, *n*-butoxy, *tert*-butoxy, *sec*-butoxy, *n*-pentoxy, *n*-hexoxy, 1,2-dimethylbutoxy, and the like.

"Substituted alkoxy" refers to the group "substituted alkyl-O-".

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"Alkenoxy" refers to the group "alkenyl-O-".

"Substituted alkenoxy" refers to the group "substituted alkenyl-O-".

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"Acyl" refers to the groups H-C(O)-, alkyl-C(O)-, substituted alkyl-C(O)-, alkenyl-C(O)-, substituted alkenyl-C(O)-, alkynyl-C(O)-, substituted alkynyl-C(O)- cycloalkyl-C(O)-, substituted cycloalkyl-C(O)-, aryl-C(O)-, substituted aryl-C(O)-, heteroaryl-C(O)-, substituted heteroaryl-C(O), heterocyclic-C(O)-, and substituted heterocyclic-C(O)- wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

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"Acylamino" refers to the group -C(O)NRR where each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic and where each R is joined to form together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

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"Thiocarbonylamino" refers to the group -C(S)NRR where each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic and where each

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R is joined to form, together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Acyloxy" refers to the groups alkyl-C(O)O-, substituted alkyl-C(O)O-, alkenyl-C(O)O-, substituted alkenyl-C(O)O-, alkynyl-C(O)O-, substituted alkynyl-C(O)O-, aryl-C(O)O-, substituted aryl-C(O)O-, cycloalkyl-C(O)O-, substituted cycloalkyl-C(O)O-, heteroaryl-C(O)O-, substituted heteroaryl-C(O)O-, heterocyclic-C(O)O-, and substituted heterocyclic-C(O)O- wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Alkenyl" refers to alkenyl group preferably having from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 2 to 6 carbon atoms and having at least 1 and preferably from 1-2 sites of alkenyl unsaturation.

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"Substituted alkenyl" refers to alkenyl groups having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl,

substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted 5 cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂heterocyclic, -OS(O)2-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO2-NRR where R is 10 hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)2-alkyl, -NRS(O)2-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)3aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, 15 -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and disubstituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-20 substituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and substituted alkenyl groups having amino groups blocked by 25 conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or alkenyl/substituted alkenyl groups substituted with -SO₂-alkyl, -SO₂substituted alkyl, -SO₂-alkenyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-aryl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic and -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl. 30

"Alkynyl" refers to alkynyl group preferably having from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 3 to 6 carbon atoms and having at least 1 and preferably from 1-2 sites of alkynyl unsaturation.

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"Substituted alkynyl" refers to alkynyl groups having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, halogen, hydroxyl, evano, nitro, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxylcycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxylsubstituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)2-alkyl, -NRS(O)2-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2aryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted

heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di-substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-substituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and substituted alkynyl groups having amino groups blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or alkynyl/substituted alkynyl groups substituted with -SO₂-alkyl, -SO₂-substituted alkyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic and -SO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

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"Amidino" refers to the group $H_2NC(=NH)$ - and the term "alkylamidino" refers to compounds having 1 to 3 alkyl groups (e.g., alkylHNC(=NH)-).

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"Thioamidino" refers to the group RSC(=NH)- where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

"Amino" refers to the group -NH₂.

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"Substituted amino" refers to the group -NRR, where each R group is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, -SO₂-alkyl,

-SO₂-substituted alkyl, -SO₂-alkenyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-aryl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂-heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic, provided that both R groups are not hydrogen; or the R groups can be joined together with the nitrogen atom to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring.

"Aminoacyl" refers to the groups -NRC(O)alkyl,
-NRC(O)substituted alkyl, -NRC(O)cycloalkyl, -NRC(O)substituted

10 cycloalkyl, -NRC(O)alkenyl, -NRC(O)substituted alkenyl, -NRC(O)alkynyl,
-NRC(O)substituted alkynyl, -NRC(O)aryl, -NRC(O)substituted aryl,
-NRC(O)heteroaryl, -NRC(O)substituted heteroaryl, -NRC(O)heterocyclic,
and -NRC(O)substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl and
wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl,

15 substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl,
heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic
are as defined herein.

"Aminosulfonyl" refers to the groups -NRSO₂alkyl,

-NRSO₂substituted alkyl, -NRSO₂cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂substituted cycloalkyl,

-NRSO₂alkenyl, -NRSO₂substituted alkenyl, -NRSO₂alkynyl,

-NRSO₂substituted alkynyl, -NRSO₂aryl, -NRSO₂substituted aryl,

-NRSO₂heteroaryl, -NRSO₂substituted heteroaryl, -NRSO₂heterocyclic, and

-NRSO₂substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl and wherein

alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Aminocarbonyloxy" refers to the groups -NRC(O)O-alkyl,

-NRC(O)O-substituted alkyl, -NRC(O)O-alkenyl, -NRC(O)O-substituted alkenyl, -NRC(O)O-alkynyl, -NRC(O)O-substituted alkynyl, -NRC(O)O-cycloalkyl, -NRC(O)O-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRC(O)O-aryl, -NRC(O)O-substituted aryl, -NRC(O)O-heteroaryl, -NRC(O)O-substituted heteroaryl, -NRC(O)O-heterocyclic, and -NRC(O)O-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

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"Aminosulfonyloxy" refers to the groups -NRSO₂O-alkyl, -NRSO₂O-substituted alkyl, -NRSO₂O-alkenyl, -NRSO₂O-substituted alkynyl, -NRSO₂O-cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂O-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂O-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂O-substituted aryl, -NRSO₂O-heteroaryl, -NRSO₂O-substituted heteroaryl, -NRSO₂O-heterocyclic, and -NRSO₂O-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxycarbonylamino" refers to the groups -OC(O)NH₂, -OC(O)NRR, -OC(O)NR-alkyl, -OC(O)NR-substituted alkyl, -OC(O)NR-alkenyl, -OC(O)NR-substituted alkenyl, -OC(O)NR-alkynyl, -OC(O)NR-substituted alkynyl, -OC(O)NR-cycloalkyl, -OC(O)NR-substituted cycloalkyl, -OC(O)NR-aryl, -OC(O)NR-substituted aryl, -OC(O)NR-heteroaryl, -OC(O)NR-substituted heteroaryl, -OC(O)NR-heterocyclic, and -OC(O)NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen, alkyl or where each R is joined to form, together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl,

substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxysulfonylamino" refers to the groups -OSO₂NH₂, -OSO₂NRR,
-OSO₂NR-alkyl, -OSO₂NR-substituted alkyl, -OSO₂NR-alkenyl,
-OSO₂NR-substituted alkenyl, -OSO₂NR-alkynyl, -OSO₂NR-substituted
alkynyl, -OSO₂NR-cycloalkyl, -OSO₂NR-substituted cycloalkyl,
-OSO₂NR-aryl, -OSO₂NR-substituted aryl, -OSO₂NR-heteroaryl,

10 -OSO₂NR-substituted heteroaryl, -OSO₂NR-heterocyclic, and
-OSO₂NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen, alkyl or where each
R is joined to form, together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or
substituted heterocyclic ring and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl,
substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted

15 cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl,
heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxysulfonyl" refers to the groups alkyl-SO₂O-, substituted alkyl-SO₂O-, alkenyl-SO₂O-, substituted alkenyl-SO₂O-, alkynyl-SO₂O-, substituted alkynyl-SO₂O-, aryl-SO₂O-, substituted aryl-SO₂O-, cycloalkyl-SO₂O-, substituted cycloalkyl-SO₂O-, heteroaryl-SO₂O-, substituted heteroaryl-SO₂O-, heterocyclic-SO₂O-, and substituted heterocyclic-SO₂O- wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxythiocarbonylamino" refers to the groups -OC(S)NH₂,
-OC(S)NRR, -OC(S)NR-alkyl, -OC(S)NR-substituted alkyl, -OC(S)NR-alkynyl, -OC(S)NR

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substituted alkynyl, -OC(S)NR-cycloalkyl, -OC(S)NR-substituted cycloalkyl, -OC(S)NR-aryl, -OC(S)NR-substituted aryl, -OC(S)NR-heteroaryl, -OC(S)NR-substituted heteroaryl, -OC(S)NR-heterocyclic, and -OC(S)NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen, alkyl or where each R is joined to form together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

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"Aminocarbonylamino" refers to the groups -NRC(O)NRR,
-NRC(O)NR-alkyl, -NRC(O)NR-substituted alkyl, -NRC(O)NR-alkenyl,
-NRC(O)NR-substituted alkenyl, -NRC(O)NR-alkynyl,
-NRC(O)NR-substituted alkynyl, -NRC(O)NR-aryl, -NRC(O)NR-substituted
aryl, -NRC(O)NR-cycloalkyl, -NRC(O)NR-substituted cycloalkyl,
-NRC(O)NR-heteroaryl, and -NRC(O)NR-substituted heteroaryl,
-NRC(O)NR-heterocyclic, and -NRC(O)NR-substituted heterocyclic where
each R is independently hydrogen, alkyl or where each R is joined to form
together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic
ring as well as where one of the amino groups is blocked by conventional
blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like and wherein alkyl,
substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl,
cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl,
substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as
defined herein.

"Aminothiocarbonylamino" refers to the groups -NRC(S)NRR, -NRC(S)NR-alkyl, -NRC(S)NR-substituted alkyl, -NRC(S)NR-alkenyl, -NRC(S)NR-substituted alkenyl, -NRC(S)NR-alkynyl, -NRC(S)NR-substituted alkynyl, -NRC(S)NR-aryl, -NRC(S)NR-substituted aryl,

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-NRC(S)NR-cycloalkyl, -NRC(S)NR-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRC(S)NR-heteroaryl, and -NRC(S)NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRC(S)NR-heterocyclic, and -NRC(S)NR-substituted heterocyclic where each R is independently hydrogen, alkyl or where each R is joined to form together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring as well, as where one of the amino groups is blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Aminosulfonylamino" refers to the groups -NRSO₂NRR, -NRSO₂NR-alkyl, -NRSO₂NR-substituted alkyl, -NRSO₂NR-alkenyl, -NRSO₂NR-substituted alkenyl, -NRSO₂NR-alkynyl, -NRSO₂NR-substituted alkynyl, -NRSO₂NR-aryl, -NRSO₂NR-substituted 15 aryl, -NRSO₂NR-cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂NR-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRSO₂NR-heteroaryl, and -NRSO₂NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRSO₂NR-heterocyclic, and -NRSO₂NR-substituted heterocyclic, where each R is independently hydrogen, alkyl or where each R is joined to form together with the nitrogen atom a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic 20 ring as well as where one of the amino groups is blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as 25 defined herein.

"Aryl" or "Ar" refers to an unsaturated aromatic carbocyclic group of from 6 to 14 carbon atoms having a single ring (e.g., phenyl) or multiple condensed rings (e.g., naphthyl or anthryl) which condensed rings may or

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may not be aromatic (e.g., 2-benzoxazolinone, 2H-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4H)-one-7yl, and the like). Preferred aryls include phenyl and naphthyl.

Substituted aryl refers to aryl groups which are substituted with from 5 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonyloxy, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, 10 aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxylsubstituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, carboxylamido, 15 cyano, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, 20 substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, $-S(O)_2$ -alkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkyl, $-S(O)_2$ cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -alkenyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkenyl, -S(O),-aryl, -S(O),-substituted aryl, -S(O),-heteroaryl, -S(O),-25 substituted heteroaryl, -S(O)₂-heterocyclic, -S(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)2-alkyl, -NRS(O)2-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-30

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aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substitutents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and amino groups on the substituted aryl blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or substituted with -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

"Aryloxy" refers to the group aryl-O- which includes, by way of example, phenoxy, naphthoxy, and the like.

"Substituted aryloxy" refers to substituted aryl-O- groups.

"Aryloxyaryl" refers to the group -aryl-O-aryl.

"Substituted aryloxyaryl" refers to aryloxyaryl groups substituted
with from 1 to 3 substituents on either or both aryl rings selected from the
group consisting of hydroxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy,
alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenyl, substituted
alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino,
amino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonyloxy, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy,

cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxylsubstituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, 5 carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, carboxylamido, cyano, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted 10 cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, $-S(O)_2$ -alkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted 15 cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -alkenyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkenyl, $-S(O)_2$ -aryl, $-S(O)_2$ substituted aryl, $-S(O)_2$ -heteroaryl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl, $-S(O)_2$ heterocyclic, -S(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted 20 heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O),-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-25 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and disubstituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-30 substituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and

di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and amino groups on the substituted aryl blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or substituted with -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

"Cycloalkyl" refers to cyclic alkyl groups of from 3 to 8 carbon atoms having a single cyclic ring including, by way of example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclooctyl and the like. Excluded from this definition are multi-ring alkyl groups such as adamantanyl, etc.

"Cycloalkenyl" refers to cyclic alkenyl groups of from 3 to 8 carbon atoms having single or multiple unsaturation but which are not aromatic.

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"Substituted cycloalkyl" and "substituted cycloalkenyl" refer to a cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups, preferably of from 3 to 8 carbon atoms, having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of oxo (=O), thioxo (=S), alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted

thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, 5 -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-alkyl, 10 -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di-15 substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and disubstituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted 20 heterocyclic and substituted alkynyl groups having amino groups blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or alkynyl/substituted alkynyl groups substituted with -SO₂-alkyl, -SO₂substituted alkyl, -SO₂-alkenyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-aryl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂-25 heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic and -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

"Cycloalkoxy" refers to -O-cycloalkyl groups.

"Substituted cycloalkoxy" refers to -O-substituted cycloalkyl groups.

"Cycloalkenoxy" refers to -O-cycloalkenyl groups.

Substituted cycloalkenoxy" refers to -O-substituted cycloalkenyl groups.

"Guanidino" refers to the groups -NRC(=NR)NRR,

-NRC(=NR)NR-alkyl, -NRC(=NR)NR-substituted alkyl, -NRC(=NR)NR
alkenyl, -NRC(=NR)NR-substituted alkenyl, -NRC(=NR)NR-alkynyl,

-NRC(=NR)NR-substituted alkynyl, -NRC(=NR)NR-aryl,

-NRC(=NR)NR-substituted aryl, -NRC(=NR)NR-cycloalkyl,

-NRC(=NR)NR-heteroaryl, -NRC(=NR)NR-substituted heteroaryl,

-NRC(=NR)NR-heterocyclic, and -NRC(=NR)NR-substituted heterocyclic

where each R is independently hydrogen and alkyl as well as where one of the amino groups is blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc,

Cbz, formyl, and the like and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl,

"Guanidinosulfone" refers to the groups -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-alkyl,
-NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted alkyl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-alkenyl,
-NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted alkenyl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-alkynyl,
-NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted alkynyl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-aryl,
-NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted aryl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-cycloalkyl,
-NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-heteroaryl,
and -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-heteroaryl,
heterocyclic, and -NRC(=NR)NRSO₂-substituted heterocyclic where each R
is independently hydrogen and alkyl and wherein alkyl, substituted alkyl,

heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic are as defined herein.

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"Halo" or "halogen" refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo and preferably is either chloro or bromo.

"Heteroaryl" refers to an aromatic carbocyclic group of from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur within the ring or oxides thereof. Such heteroaryl groups can have a single ring (e.g., pyridyl or furyl) or multiple condensed rings (e.g., indolizinyl or benzothienyl). Preferred heteroaryls include pyridyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl and furyl.

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"Substituted heteroaryl" refers to heteroaryl groups which are substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonyloxy, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, carboxylamido, cyano, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino,

guanidinosulfone, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -S(O)₂-alkyl, 5 $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted cycloalkyl, $-S(O)_2$ -alkenyl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted alkenyl, $-S(O)_2$ -aryl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted aryl, $-S(O)_2$ -heteroaryl, $-S(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl, $-S(O)_2$ -heterocyclic, -S(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, $-OS(O)_2$ -aryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted aryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -heteroaryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -10 substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, 15 -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di-20 substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and disubstituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted 25 heterocyclic and amino groups on the substituted aryl blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or substituted with -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

"Heteroaryloxy" refers to the group -O-heteroaryl and "substituted heteroaryloxy" refers to the group -O-substituted heteroaryl.

"Heterocycle," or "heterocyclic" refers to a saturated or unsaturated group having a single ring or multiple condensed rings, from 1 to 10 carbon atoms and from 1 to 4 hetero atoms selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen within the ring wherein, in fused ring systems, one or more of the rings can be aryl or heteroaryl.

"Substituted heterocyclic" refers to heterocycle groups which are substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of oxo (=0), thioxo (=S), alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, amidino, alkylamidino, thioamidino, 10 aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, nitro, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, 15 carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted 20 thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-alkyl,

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-NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, $-NRS(O)_2-NR$ -heterocyclic, $-NRS(O)_2-NR$ -substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, monoand di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di-substituted arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-substituted heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, mono- and di-substituted heterocyclic amino, unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic and substituted alkynyl groups having amino groups blocked by conventional blocking groups such as Boc, Cbz, formyl, and the like or alkynyl/substituted alkynyl groups substituted with -SO₂-alkyl, -SO₂substituted alkyl, -SO₂-alkenyl, -SO₂-substituted alkenyl, -SO₂-cycloalkyl, -SO₂-substituted cycloalkyl, -SO₂-aryl, -SO₂-substituted aryl, -SO₂heteroaryl, -SO₂-substituted heteroaryl, -SO₂-heterocyclic, -SO₂-substituted heterocyclic and -SO₂NRR where R is hydrogen or alkyl.

Examples of heterocycles and heteroaryls include, but are not limited to, azetidine, pyrrole, imidazole, pyrazole, pyridine, pyrazine, pyrimidine, pyridazine, indolizine, isoindole, indole, dihydroindole, indazole, purine, quinolizine, isoquinoline, quinoline, phthalazine, naphthylpyridine, quinoxaline, quinazoline, cinnoline, pteridine, carbazole, carboline, phenanthridine, acridine, phenanthroline, isothiazole, phenazine, isoxazole, phenoxazine, phenothiazine, imidazolidine, imidazoline, piperidine, piperazine, indoline, phthalimide, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophene, thiazole, thiazolidine, thiophene, benzo[b]thiophene, morpholino, thiomorpholino, piperidinyl, pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuranyl, and the like.

"Heterocyclyloxy" refers to the group -O-heterocyclic and "substituted heterocyclyloxy" refers to the group -O-substituted heterocyclic.

"Thiol" refers to the group -SH.

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"Thioalkyl" refers to the groups -S-alkyl

"Substituted thioalkyl" refers to the group -S-substituted alkyl.

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"Thiocycloalkyl" refers to the groups -S-cycloalkyl.

"Substituted thiocycloalkyl" refers to the group -S-substituted cycloalkyl.

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"Thioaryl" refers to the group -S-aryl and "substituted thioaryl" refers to the group -S-substituted aryl.

"Thioheteroaryl" refers to the group -S-heteroaryl and "substituted thioheteroaryl" refers to the group -S-substituted heteroaryl.

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"Thioheterocyclic" refers to the group -S-heterocyclic and "substituted thioheterocyclic" refers to the group -S-substituted heterocyclic.

"Pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to pharmaceutically
acceptable salts of a compound of Formula I which salts are derived from a
variety of organic and inorganic counter ions well known in the art and
include, by way of example only, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium,
ammonium, tetraalkylammonium, and the like; and when the molecule
contains a basic functionality, salts of organic or inorganic acids, such as

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hydrochloride, hydrobromide, tartrate, mesylate, acetate, maleate, oxalate and the like.

Compound Preparation

The compounds of this invention can be prepared from readily available starting materials using the following general methods and procedures. It will be appreciated that where typical or preferred process conditions (i.e., reaction temperatures, times, mole ratios of reactants, solvents, pressures, etc.) are given, other process conditions can also be used unless otherwise stated. Optimum reaction conditions may vary with the particular reactants or solvent used, but such conditions can be determined by one skilled in the art by routine optimization procedures.

Additionally, as will be apparent to those skilled in the art, conventional protecting groups may be necessary to prevent certain functional groups from undergoing undesired reactions. Suitable protecting groups for various functional groups as well as suitable conditions for protecting and deprotecting particular functional groups are well known in the art. For example, numerous protecting groups are described in T. W. Greene and G. M. Wuts, *Protecting Groups in Organic Synthesis*, Second Edition, Wiley, New York, 1991, and references cited therein.

Furthermore, the compounds of this invention will typically contain one or more chiral centers. Accordingly, if desired, such compounds can be prepared or isolated as pure stereoisomers, i.e., as individual enantiomers or diastereomers, or as stereoisomer-enriched mixtures. All such stereoisomers (and enriched mixtures) are included within the scope of this invention, unless otherwise indicated. Pure stereoisomers (or enriched mixtures) may be prepared using, for example, optically active starting materials or stereoselective reagents well-known in the art. Alternatively, racemic

mixtures of such compounds can be separated using, for example, chiral column chromatography, chiral resolving agents and the like.

In a preferred method of synthesis, the compounds of this invention are prepared by coupling an amino acid derivative of the formula:

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where R³ and R³ are as defined herein and Y is an alkyl group such as methyl, ethyl and the like, with a suitably functionalized aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl intermediate. For example, such coupling reactions may be performed by displacing a leaving group, such as chloro, bromo, iodo, tosyl and the like, from the aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl intermediate with the amino group of the amino acid derivative; or by reductive alkylation of the amino group of amino acid derivative with a carbonyl-functionalized intermediate. Such coupling reactions are well-known to those skilled in the art.

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By way of illustration, the synthesis of some representative compounds of formula IIb wherein B is a substituted 1,3,5-triazine, Q is - NH-, R^{3'} is hydrogen, and X is alkoxy or hydroxy is shown in Scheme 1 below.

Scheme 1

A compound of formula IIb where B is a triazine ring carrying a chloro, hydrogen, or substituted amino group at the 4- position and substituted amino group at the 6-position can prepared as shown in Scheme 1 above.

Reaction of 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine 1 (commercially available from Aldrich Chemical Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin USA) with about one molar equivalent of an amino acid derivative of the formula:

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$$H_2N-CH(R^3)C(O)X$$

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where R³ is as defined in the Summary of the Invention and X is alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, or *tert*-butyoxy and the like, in the presence of a trialkylamine, such as disopropylethylamine (DIEA), provides a compound of formula 3. This reaction is typically conducted in an inert solvent such as tetrahydrofuran, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to about ambient temperature for about 5 min. to about 6 hours, preferably 2 hours.

Compound 3 is then reacted with an amine of formula 4 wherein R³⁰ and R³¹ are as defined above to provide a compound of formula IIb wherein the triazine ring is substituted with a chloro at the 4-position and a substituted amino at the 6-position. The reaction is carried out in the presence of a non-nucleophilic base such as N,N-diisopropylethylamine, pyridine, and the like and in an inert solvent such as N,N-dimethyl-formamide, tetrahydrofuran, and the like.

A compound of formula IIb can be converted to other compounds of formula IIb by methods well known in the art. For example, as shown in method (a), reaction of a compound of formula IIb with an amine of formula NR³³R³⁴ (wherein R³³ and R³⁴ are as defined above) provides a compound of formula II' wherein the triazine ring is substituted with a substituted amino group at the 4 and the 6-positions. As shown in method (b), a compound of formula IIb with a chloro group in the triazine ring can hydrogenated to provide a corresponding de-chlorinated compound of formula IIb". Lastly, as shown in method (c), compounds of formulae IIb, IIb', and IIb" where X is alkoxy can be converted to a corresponding compound of formula IIb''' where X is hydroxy under acidic hydrolysis reaction condition. Suitable acids are hydrochloric acid, trifluoroacetic acid, and the like.

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Other heteroaryls may also be employed in the above described reactions including, but not limited to, 2-chloro-4-methyl-3-nitropyridine, 2-chloro-3-nitropyridine (Aldrich Chemical Co.); 4-chloro-3-nitropyridine (J. Med. Chem. 1989, 32, 2474-2485); 4-chloro-5-nitroimidazole (J. Chem. Soc. 1930, 268); and the like, to provide compounds of this invention.

The amino acid derivatives employed in the above reactions are either known compounds or compounds that can be prepared from known compounds by conventional synthetic procedures. For example, amino acid derivatives can be prepared by C-alkylating commercially available diethyl 2-acetamidomalonate (Aldrich, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, USA) with an alkyl or substituted alkyl halide. This reaction is typically conducted by treating the diethyl 2-acetamidomalonate with at least one equivalent of sodium ethoxide and at least one equivalent of an alkyl or substituted alkyl halide in refluxing ethanol for about 6 to about 12 hours. The resulting C-alkylated malonate is then deacetylated, hydrolyzed and decarboxylated by heating in aqueous hydrochloric acid at reflux for about 6 to about 12 hours to provide the amino acid, typically as the hydrochloride salt.

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Examples of amino acid derivatives suitable for use in the above reactions include, but are not limited to, L-alanine methyl ester, L-isoleucine methyl ester, L-leucine methyl ester, L-valine methyl ester, β-tert-butyl-L-aspartic acid methyl ester, L-asparagine tert-butyl ester, ε-Boc-L-lysine methyl ester, ε-Cbz-L-lysine methyl ester, γ-tert-butyl-L-glutamic acid methyl ester, L-glutamine tert-butyl ester, L-(N-methyl)histidine methyl ester, L-(N-benzyl)histidine methyl ester, L-methionine methyl ester, L-(O-benzyl)serine methyl ester, L-tryptophan methyl ester, L-phenylalanine methyl ester, L-phenylalanine benzyl ester, L-phenylalaninamide, N-methyl-L-phenylalanine benzyl ester, 3-carboxy-D,L-phenylalanine methyl ester, 4-carboxy-D,L-phenylalanine methyl ester,

L-4-chlorophenylalanine methyl ester, L-4-(3-dimethylaminopropyloxy)-phenylalanine methyl ester, L-4-iodophenylalanine methyl ester, L-3,4-methylenedioxyphenylalanine methyl ester, L-3,4-ethylenedioxyphenylalanine methyl ester, L-4-nitrophenylalanine methyl ester, L-tyrosine methyl ester, D,L-homophenylalanine methyl ester, L-(O-methyl)tyrosine methyl ester, L-(O-benzyl)tyrosine methyl ester, L-(O-benzyl)tyrosine methyl ester, L-3,5-diiodotyrosine methyl ester, L-3-iodotyrosine methyl ester, β -(1-naphthyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(2-naphthyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(2-thienyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(2-pyridyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(3-pyridyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(4-pyridyl)-L-alanine methyl ester, β -(2-thiazolyl)-D,L-alanine methyl ester, β -(1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-D,L-alanine methyl ester, and the like. If desired, of course, other esters or amides of the above-described compounds may also be employed.

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Additionally, α -hydroxy and α -thio carboxylic acids may also be employed in the above-described reactions. Such compounds are well-known in the art and are either commercially available or may be prepared from commercially available starting materials using conventional reagents and reaction conditions.

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In another preferred embodiment, compounds of this invention may be prepared by displacement of a leaving group as shown in Scheme 2:

Scheme 2

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where R³, Q and X are as defined herein; A' is cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic; and L¹ is a leaving group, such as chloro, bromo, iodo, sulfonate ester and the like.

Typically, this reaction is conducted by combining approximately stoichiometric equivalents of 7 and 8 in a suitable inert diluent such as water, dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) and the like, with an excess of a suitable base such as sodium bicarbonate, sodium hydroxide, etc. to scavenge the acid generated by the reaction. The reaction is preferably conducted at from about 25°C to about 100°C until reaction completion which typically occurs within 1 to about 24 hours. This reaction is further described in U.S. Patent No. 3,598,859, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Upon reaction completion, the product 9 is recovered by conventional methods including precipitation, chromatography, filtration and the like.

In still another alternative embodiment, compounds of this invention in which Q is NR⁴ can be prepared by reductive amination of a suitable 2-oxocarboxylic acid ester, 10, such as a pyruvate ester, as shown in Scheme 3:

Scheme 3

where A', R³ and X are as defined herein.

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Generally, this reaction is conducted by combining equamolar amounts of 10 and 11 in an inert diluent such as methanol, ethanol and the like under conditions which provide for imine formation (not shown). The imine formed is then reduced under conventional conditions by a suitable reducing agent such as sodium cyanoborohydride, H₂/palladium on carbon and the like to form the product 12. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the reducing agent is H₂/palladium on carbon which is incorporated into the initial reaction medium thereby permitting imine reduction *in situ* in a one pot procedure to provide 12. The reaction is preferably conducted at from about 20°C to about 80°C at a pressure of from 1 to 10 atmospheres until reaction completion which typically occurs within 1 to about 24 hours. Upon reaction completion, the product 12 is recovered by conventional methods including chromatography, filtration and the like.

Alternatively, certain compounds of this invention can be prepared via a rhodium-catalyzed insertion reaction as shown in Scheme 4:

Scheme 4

where A" is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl, and R³ and X (preferably alkoxy) are as defined herein. Typically, this reaction is conducted using rhodium acetate dimer, Rh₂(OAc)₄, in an inert diluent such as toluene at a temperature ranging from about 25°C to about 80°C for about 1 to 12 hours to afford 15. This reaction is described further in B. R.

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Henke et. al., J. Med. Chem. 1998, 41, 5020-5036 and references cited therein.

Similarly, certain compounds of this invention can be prepared by the copper-catalyzed coupling reaction shown in Scheme 5:

Scheme 5

where A" is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl, X³ is halogen, such as chloro, bromo or iodo (preferably iodo), and R³ and X (preferably alkoxy) are as defined herein. Typically, this reaction is conducted using copper iodide (CuI) and potassium carbonate in an inert diluent such as N,N-dimethyl acetamide (DMA) at a temperature ranging from about 60°C to about 120°C for about 12 to 36 hours to afford 15. This reaction is described further in D. Ma et. al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1998, 120, 12459-12467 and references cited therein.

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For ease of synthesis, the compounds of this invention are typically prepared as an ester, i.e., where X is an alkoxy or substituted alkoxy group and the like. If desired, the ester group can be hydrolysed using conventional conditions and reagents to provide the corresponding carboxylic acid. Typically, this reaction is conducted by treating the ester with at least one equivalent of an alkali metal hydroxide, such as lithium, sodium or potassium hydroxide, in an inert diluent, such as methanol or mixtures of methanol and water, at a temperature ranging about 0°C to about 24°C for

about 1 to about 12 hours. Alternatively, benzyl esters may be removed by hydrogenolysis using a palladium catalyst, such as palladium on carbon, and *tert*-butyl esters can be removed using formic acid to afford the corresponding carboxylic acid.

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As will be apparent to those skilled in the art, other functional groups present on any of the substituents of the compounds of formulas I-VII can be readily modified or derivatized either before or after the above-described synthetic reactions using well-known synthetic procedures. For example, a nitro group present on a substituent of a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof may be readily reduced by hydrogenation in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as palladium on carbon, to provide the corresponding amino group. This reaction is typically conducted at a temperature of from about 20°C to about 50°C for about 6 to about 24 hours in an inert diluent, such as methanol. Compounds having a nitro group on the R³ and/or R³ substituent can be prepared, for example, by using a 4-nitrophenylalanine derivative and the like in the above-described coupling reactions.

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Similarly, a pyridyl group can be hydrogenated in the presence of a platinum catalyst, such as platinum oxide, in an acidic diluent to provide the corresponding piperidinyl analogue. Generally, this reaction is conducted by treating the pyridine compound with hydrogen at a pressure ranging from about 20 psi to about 60 psi, preferably about 40 psi, in the presence of the catalyst at a temperature of about 20°C to about 50°C for about 2 to about 24 hours in an acidic diluent, such as a mixture of methanol and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

Additionally, when the R³ and/or R³ substituent of a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof contains a primary or secondary

amino group, such amino groups can be further derivatized either before or after the above coupling reactions to provide, by way of example, amides, sulfonamides, ureas, thioureas, carbamates, secondary or tertiary amines and the like. Compounds having a primary amino group on the R³ and/or R³ substituent may be prepared, for example, by reduction of the corresponding nitro compound as described above.

By way of illustration, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof having a substituent containing a primary or secondary amino group, such as where R³ is a (4-aminophenyl)methyl group, can be 10 readily N-acylated using conventional acylating reagents and conditions to provide the corresponding amide. This acylation reaction is typically conducted by treating the amino compound with at least one equivalent. preferably about 1.1 to about 1.2 equivalents, of a carboxylic acid in the 15 presence of a coupling reagent such as a carbodilmide, BOP reagent (benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphonate) and the like, in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, chloroform, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran, N,Ndimethylformamide and the like, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to about 37°C for about 4 to about 24 hours. Preferably, a promoter, such as 20 N-hydroxysuccinimide, 1-hydroxy-benzotriazole and the like, is used to facilitate the acylation reaction. Examples of carboxylic acids suitable for use in this reaction include, but are not limited to, N-tertbutyloxycarbonylglycine, N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-L-phenylalanine, N-tert-25 butyloxycarbonyl-L-aspartic acid benzyl ester, benzoic acid, N-tertbutyloxycarbonylisonipecotic acid, N-methylisonipecotic acid, N-tertbutyloxycarbonylnipecotic acid, N-tert-butyloxycarbonyl-Ltetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid, N-(toluene-4-sulfonyl)-L-proline and the like.

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Alternatively, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof containing a primary or secondary amino group can be *N*-acylated using an acyl halide or a carboxylic acid anhydride to form the corresponding amide. This reaction is typically conducted by contacting the amino compound with at least one equivalent, preferably about 1.1 to about 1.2 equivalents, of the acyl halide or carboxylic acid anhydride in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, at a temperature ranging from about -70°C to about 40°C for about 1 to about 24 hours. If desired, an acylation catalyst such as 4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylamino)pyridine may be used to promote the acylation reaction. The acylation reaction is preferably conducted in the presence of a suitable base to scavenge the acid generated during the reaction. Suitable bases include, by way of example, tertiary amines, such as triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, *N*-methylmorpholine and the like. Alternatively, the reaction can be conducted under Schotten-Baumann-type conditions using aqueous alkali, such as sodium hydroxide and the like.

Examples of acyl halides and carboxylic acid anhydrides suitable for use in this reaction include, but are not limited to, 2-methylpropionyl chloride, trimethylacetyl chloride, phenylacetyl chloride, benzoyl chloride, 2-bromobenzoyl chloride, 2-methylbenzoyl chloride, 2-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride, isonicotinoyl chloride, nicotinoyl chloride, picolinoyl chloride, acetic anhydride, succinic anhydride, and the like. Carbamyl chlorides, such as N,N-dimethylcarbamyl chloride, N,N-diethylcarbamyl chloride and the like, can also be used in this reaction to provide ureas. Similarly, dicarbonates, such as di-tert-butyl dicarbonate, may be employed to provide carbamates.

In a similar manner, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof containing a primary or secondary amino group may be N-sulfonated to form a sulfonamide using a sulfonyl halide or a sulfonic acid anhydride.

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Sulfonyl halides and sulfonic acid anhydrides suitable for use in this reaction include, but are not limited to, methanesulfonyl chloride, chloromethanesulfonyl chloride, p-toluenesulfonyl chloride, trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride, and the like. Similarly, sulfamoyl chlorides, such as dimethylsulfamoyl chloride, can be used to provide sulfamides (e.g., > N- $SO_2-N <)$.

Additionally, a primary and secondary amino group present on a substituent of a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof can be reacted with an isocyanate or a thioisocyanate to give a urea or thiourea, respectively. This reaction is typically conducted by contacting the amino compound with at least one equivalent, preferably about 1.1 to about 1.2 equivalents, of the isocyanate or thioisocyanate in an inert diluent, such as toluene and the like, at a temperature ranging from about 24°C to about 37°C for about 12 to about 24 hours. The isocyanates and thioisocyanates used in this reaction are commercially available or can be prepared from commercially available compounds using well-known synthetic procedures. For example, isocyanates and thioisocyanates are readily prepared by reacting the appropriate amine with phosgene or thiophosgene. Examples of isocyanates and thioisocyanates suitable for use in this reaction include, but are not limited to, ethyl isocyanate, n-propyl isocyanate, 4-cyanophenyl isocyanate, 3-methoxyphenyl isocyanate, 2-phenylethyl isocyanate, methyl thioisocyanate, ethyl thioisocyanate, 2-phenylethyl thioisocyanate, 3phenylpropyl thioisocyanate, 3-(N,N-diethylamino) propyl thioisocyanate, phenyl thioisocyanate, benzyl thioisocyanate, 3-pyridyl thioisocyanate, fluorescein isothiocyanate (isomer I) and the like.

Furthermore, when a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof contains a primary or secondary amino group, the amino group can be reductively alkylated using aldehydes or ketones to form a secondary or tertiary amino group. This reaction is typically conducted by contacting the amino compound with at least one equivalent, preferably about 1.1 to about 1.5 equivalents, of an aldehyde or ketone and at least one equivalent based on the amino compound of a metal hydride reducing agent, such as sodium cyanoborohydride, in an inert diluent, such as methanol, tetrahydrofuran, mixtures thereof and the like, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to about 50°C for about 1 to about 72 hours. Aldehydes and ketones suitable for use in this reaction include, by way of example, benzaldehyde, 4-chlorobenzaldehyde, valeraldehyde and the like.

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In a similar manner, when a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof has a substituent containing a hydroxyl group, the hydroxyl group can be further modified or derivatized either before or after the above coupling reactions to provide, by way of example, ethers, carbamates and the like. Compounds having a hydroxyl group on the R³ substituent, for example, can be prepared using an amino acid derivative derived from tyrosine and the like in the above-described reactions.

By way of example, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof having a substituent containing a hydroxyl group, such as where R³ is a (4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl group, can be readily O-alkylated to form ethers. This O-alkylation reaction is typically conducted by contacting the hydroxy compound with a suitable alkali or alkaline earth metal base, such as potassium carbonate, in an inert diluent, such as acetone, 2-butanone and the like, to form the alkali or alkaline earth metal salt of the hydroxyl group. This salt is generally not isolated, but is reacted *in situ* with at least one equivalent of an alkyl or substituted alkyl halide or sulfonate, such as an alkyl chloride, bromide, iodide, mesylate or tosylate, to afford the ether. Generally, this reaction is conducted at a temperature ranging from about 60°C to about 150°C for about 24 to about 72 hours. Preferably, a catalytic

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amount of sodium or potassium iodide is added to the reaction mixture when an alkyl chloride or bromide is employed in the reaction.

Examples of alkyl or substituted alkyl halides and sulfonates suitable for use in this reaction include, but are not limited to, *tert*-butyl bromoacetate, *N-tert*-butyl chloroacetamide, 1-bromoethylbenzene, ethyl α-bromophenylacetate, 2-(*N*-ethyl-*N*-phenylamino)ethyl chloride, 2-(*N*,*N*-ethylamino)ethyl chloride, 2-(*N*,*N*-dibenzylamino)ethyl chloride, 3-(*N*-ethylamino)propyl ehloride, 3-(*N*-benzyl-*N*-methylamino)propyl chloride, *N*-(2-chloroethyl)morpholine, 2-(hexamethyleneimino)ethyl chloride, 3-(*N*-methylpiperazine)propyl chloride, 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chloropropyl)piperazine, 2-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine)ethyl chloride, *N-tert*-butyloxycarbonyl-3-piperidinemethyl tosylate, and the like.

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Alternatively, a hydroxyl group present on a substituent of a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof can be O-alkylating using the Mitsunobu reaction. In this reaction, an alcohol, such as 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-propanol and the like, is reacted with about 1.0 to about 1.3 equivalents of triphenylphosphine and about 1.0 to about 1.3 equivalents of diethyl azodicarboxylate in an inert diluent, such as tetrahydrofuran, at a temperature ranging from about -10°C to about 5°C for about 0.25 to about 1 hour. About 1.0 to about 1.3 equivalents of a hydroxy compound, such as N-tert-butyltyrosine methyl ester, is then added and the reaction mixture is stirred at a temperature of about 0°C to about 30°C for about 2 to about 48 hours to provide the O-alkylated product.

In a similar manner, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof containing an aryl hydroxy group can be reacted with an aryl iodide to provide a diaryl ether. Generally, this reaction is conducted by forming the alkali metal salt of the hydroxyl group using a suitable base, such as sodium hydride, in an inert diluent such as xylenes at a temperature of about -25°C to about 10°C. The salt is then treated with about 1.1 to about 1.5 equivalents of cuprous bromide dimethyl sulfide complex at a temperature ranging from about 10°C to about 30°C for about 0.5 to about 2.0 hours, followed by about 1.1 to about 1.5 equivalents of an aryl iodide, such as sodium 2-iodobenzoate and the like. The reaction is then heated to about 70°C to about 150°C for about 2 to about 24 hours to provide the diaryl ether.

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Additionally, a hydroxy-containing compound can also be readily derivatized to form a carbamate. In one method for preparing such carbamates, a hydroxy compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof is contacted with about 1.0 to about 1.2 equivalents of 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, at a temperature ranging from about -25°C to about 0°C for about 0.5 to about 2.0 hours. Treatment of the resulting carbonate with an excess, preferably about 2 to about 5 equivalents, of a trialkylamine, such as triethylamine, for about 0.5 to 2 hours, followed by about 1.0 to about 1.5 equivalents of a primary or secondary amine provides the carbamate. Examples of amines suitable for using in this reaction include, but are not limited to, piperazine, 1-methylpiperazine, 1-acetylpiperazine, morpholine, thiomorpholine, pyrrolidine, piperidine and the like.

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Alternatively, in another method for preparing carbamates, a hydroxy-containing compound is contacted with about 1.0 to about 1.5 equivalents of a carbamyl chloride in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, at a temperature ranging from about 25°C to about 70°C for about 2 to about 72 hours. Typically, this reaction is conducted in the presence of a suitable base to scavenge the acid generated during the

reaction. Suitable bases include, by way of example, tertiary amines, such as triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, N-methylmorpholine and the like. Additionally, at least one equivalent (based on the hydroxy compound) of 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine is preferably added to the reaction mixture to facilitate the reaction. Examples of carbamyl chlorides suitable for use in this reaction include, by way of example, dimethylcarbamyl chloride, diethylcarbamyl chloride and the like.

Likewise, when a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof contains a primary or secondary hydroxyl group, such hydroxyl groups can be readily converted into a leaving group and displaced to form, for example, amines, sulfides and fluorides. Generally, when a chiral compound is employed in these reactions, the stereochemistry at the carbon atom attached to the derivatized hydroxyl group is typically inverted.

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These reactions are typically conducted by first converting the hydroxyl group into a leaving group, such as a tosylate, by treatment of the hydroxy compound with at least one equivalent of a sulfonyl halide, such as p-toluenesulfonyl chloride and the like, in pyridine. This reaction is generally conducted at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 70°C for about 1 to about 48 hours. The resulting tosylate can then be readily displaced with sodium azide, for example, by contacting the tosylate with at least one equivalent of sodium azide in an inert diluent, such as a mixture of N,N-dimethylformamide and water, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to about 37°C for about 1 to about 12 hours to provide the corresponding azido compound. The azido group can then be reduced by, for example, hydrogenation using a palladium on carbon catalyst to provide the amino (-NH₂) compound.

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Similarly, a tosylate group can be readily displaced by a thiol to form a sulfide. This reaction is typically conducted by contacting the tosylate with at least one equivalent of a thiol, such as thiophenol, in the presence of a suitable base, such as 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), in an inert diluent, such as N,N-dimethylformamide, at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 37°C for about 1 to about 12 hours to provide the sulfide. Additionally, treatment of a tosylate with morpholinosulfur trifluoride in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, at a temperature ranging from about 0°C to about 37°C for about 12 to about 24 hours affords the corresponding fluoro compound.

Furthermore, a compound of formula I-VII or an intermediate thereof having a substituent containing an iodoaryl group, for example, when R³ is a (4-iodophenyl)methyl group, can be readily converted either before or after the above coupling reactions into a biaryl compound. Typically, this reaction is conducted by treating the iodoaryl compound with about 1.1 to about 2 equivalents of an arylzinc iodide, such as 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-phenylzinc iodide, in the presence of a palladium catalyst, such as palladium tetra(triphenylphosphine), in an inert diluent, such as tetrahydrofuran, at a temperature ranging from about 24°C to about 30°C until reaction completion. This reaction is further described, for example, in Rieke, J. Org. Chem. 1991, 56, 1445. Additional methods for preparing biaryl derivatives are disclosed in International Publication Number WO 98/53817, published December 3, 1998, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

In some cases, the compounds of formula I-VII or intermediates thereof may contain substituents having one or more sulfur atoms. When present, such sulfur atoms can be oxidized either before or after the above coupling reactions to provide a sulfoxide or sulfone compound using

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conventional reagents and reaction conditions. Suitable reagents for oxidizing a sulfide compound to a sulfoxide include, by way of example, hydrogen peroxide, 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (MCPBA), sodium periodate and the like. The oxidation reaction is typically conducted by contacting the sulfide compound with about 0.95 to about 1.1 equivalents of the oxidizing reagent in an inert diluent, such as dichloromethane, at a temperature ranging from about -50°C to about 75°C for about 1 to about 24 hours. The resulting sulfoxide can then be further oxidized to the corresponding sulfone by contacting the sulfoxide with at least one additional equivalent of an oxidizing reagent, such as hydrogen peroxide, MCPBA, potassium permanganate and the like. Alternatively, the sulfone can be prepared directly by contacting the sulfide with at least two equivalents, and preferably an excess, of the oxidizing reagent. Such reactions are described further in March, "Advanced Organic Chemistry", 4th Ed., pp. 1201-1202, Wiley Publisher, 1992.

Other procedures and reaction conditions for preparing the compounds of this invention are described in the examples set forth below.

20 Pharmaceutical Formulations

When employed as pharmaceuticals, the compounds of this invention are usually administered in the form of pharmaceutical compositions. These compounds can be administered by a variety of routes including oral, rectal, transdermal, subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, and intranasal.

These compounds are effective as both injectable and oral compositions.

Such compositions are prepared in a manner well known in the pharmaceutical art and comprise at least one active compound.

This invention also includes pharmaceutical compositions which contain, as the active ingredient, one or more of the compounds of formula

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I-VII above associated with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. In making the compositions of this invention, the active ingredient is usually mixed with an excipient, diluted by an excipient or enclosed within such a carrier which can be in the form of a capsule, sachet, paper or other container.
When the excipient serves as a diluent, it can be a solid, semi-solid, or liquid material, which acts as a vehicle, carrier or medium for the active ingredient. Thus, the compositions can be in the form of tablets, pills, powders, lozenges, sachets, cachets, elixirs, suspensions, emulsions, solutions, syrups, aerosols (as a solid or in a liquid medium), ointments
containing, for example, up to 10% by weight of the active compound, soft and hard gelatin capsules, suppositories, sterile injectable solutions, and sterile packaged powders.

In preparing a formulation, it may be necessary to mill the active compound to provide the appropriate particle size prior to combining with the other ingredients. If the active compound is substantially insoluble, it ordinarily is milled to a particle size of less than 200 mesh. If the active compound is substantially water soluble, the particle size is normally adjusted by milling to provide a substantially uniform distribution in the formulation, e.g. about 40 mesh.

Some examples of suitable excipients include lactose, dextrose, sucrose, sorbitol, mannitol, starches, gum acacia, calcium phosphate, alginates, tragacanth, gelatin, calcium silicate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, cellulose, water, syrup, and methyl cellulose. The formulations can additionally include: lubricating agents such as talc, magnesium stearate, and mineral oil; wetting agents; emulsifying and suspending agents; preserving agents such as methyl- and propylhydroxybenzoates; sweetening agents; and flavoring agents. The compositions of the invention can be formulated so as to provide quick, sustained or delayed

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release of the active ingredient after administration to the patient by employing procedures known in the art.

The compositions are preferably formulated in a unit dosage form, each dosage containing from about 5 to about 100 mg, more usually about 10 to about 30 mg, of the active ingredient. The term "unit dosage forms" refers to physically discrete units suitable as unitary dosages for human subjects and other mammals, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect, in association with a suitable pharmaceutical excipient.

The active compound is effective over a wide dosage range and is generally administered in a pharmaceutically effective amount. It, will be understood, however, that the amount of the compound actually administered will be determined by a physician, in the light of the relevant circumstances, including the condition to be treated, the chosen route of administration, the actual compound administered, the age, weight, and response of the individual patient, the severity of the patient's symptoms, and the like.

For preparing solid compositions such as tablets, the principal active ingredient is mixed with a pharmaceutical excipient to form a solid preformulation composition containing a homogeneous mixture of a compound of the present invention. When referring to these preformulation compositions as homogeneous, it is meant that the active ingredient is dispersed evenly throughout the composition so that the composition may be readily subdivided into equally effective unit dosage forms such as tablets, pills and capsules. This solid preformulation is then subdivided into unit dosage forms of the type described above containing from, for example, 0.1 to about 500 mg of the active ingredient of the present invention.

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The tablets or pills of the present invention may be coated or otherwise compounded to provide a dosage form affording the advantage of prolonged action. For example, the tablet or pill can comprise an inner dosage and an outer dosage component, the latter being in the form of an envelope over the former. The two components can be separated by an enteric layer which serves to resist disintegration in the stomach and permit the inner component to pass intact into the duodenum or to be delayed in release. A variety of materials can be used for such enteric layers or coatings, such materials including a number of polymeric acids and mixtures of polymeric acids with such materials as shellac, cetyl alcohol; and cellulose acetate.

The liquid forms in which the novel compositions of the present invention may be incorporated for administration orally or by injection include aqueous solutions suitably flavored syrups, aqueous or oil suspensions, and flavored emulsions with edible oils such as cottonseed oil, sesame oil, coconut oil, or peanut oil, as well as elixirs and similar pharmaceutical vehicles.

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Compositions for inhalation or insufflation include solutions and suspensions in pharmaceutically acceptable, aqueous or organic solvents, or mixtures thereof, and powders. The liquid or solid compositions may contain suitable pharmaceutically acceptable excipients as described *supra*. Preferably the compositions are administered by the oral or nasal respiratory route for local or systemic effect. Compositions in preferably pharmaceutically acceptable solvents may be nebulized by use of inert gases. Nebulized solutions may be breathed directly from the nebulizing device or the nebulizing device may be attached to a face masks tent, or intermittent positive pressure breathing machine. Solution, suspension, or powder

compositions may be administered, preferably orally or nasally, from devices which deliver the formulation in an appropriate manner.

The following formulation examples illustrate the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention.

Formulation Example 1

Hard gelatin capsules containing the following ingredients are prepared:

10		Quantity
	Ingredient	(mg/capsule)
	Active Ingredient	30.0
	Starch	305.0
	Magnesium stearate	5.0

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The above ingredients are mixed and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 340 mg quantities.

Formulation Example 2

A tablet formula is prepared using the ingredients below:

		Quantity
	Ingredient	(mg/tablet)
	Active Ingredient	25.0
	Cellulose, microcrystalline	200.0
25	Colloidal silicon dioxide	10.0
	Stearic acid	5.0

The components are blended and compressed to form tablets, each weighing 240 mg.

Formulation Example 3

A dry powder inhaler formulation is prepared containing the following components:

5	Ingredient	Weight %
	Active Ingredient	5
	Lactose	95

The active mixture is mixed with the lactose and the mixture is added to a dry powder inhaling appliance.

Formulation Example 4

Tablets, each containing 30 mg of active ingredient, are prepared as follows:

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	Ingredient	(mg/tablet)
	Active Ingredient	30.0 mg
	Starch	45.0 mg
	Microcrystalline cellulose	35.0 mg
20	Polyvinylpyrrolidone	
	(as 10% solution in water)	4.0 mg
	Sodium carboxymethyl starch	4.5 mg
	Magnesium stearate	0.5 mg
	Talc	_1.0 mg
25	Total	120 mg

The active ingredient, starch and cellulose are passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve and mixed thoroughly. The solution of polyvinyl-pyrrolidone is mixed with the resultant powders, which are then passed through a 16 mesh U.S. sieve. The granules so produced are dried at 50° to

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60°C and passed through a 16 mesh U.S. sieve. The sodium carboxymethyl starch, magnesium stearate, and talc, previously passed through a No. 30 mesh U.S. sieve, are then added to the granules which, after mixing, are compressed on a tablet machine to yield tablets each weighing 150 mg.

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Formulation Example 5

Capsules, each containing 40 mg of medicament are made as follows:

		Quantity
10	Ingredient	(mg/capsule)
	Active Ingredient	40.0 mg
	Starch	109.0 mg
	Magnesium stearate	_1.0 mg
	Total	150.0 mg

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The active ingredient, cellulose, starch, an magnesium stearate are blended, passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve, and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 150 mg quantities.

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Formulation Example 6

Suppositories, each containing 25 mg of active ingredient are made as follows:

	Ingredient	Amount
	Active Ingredient	25 mg
25	Saturated fatty acid glycerides to	2,000 mg

The active ingredient is passed through a No. 60 mesh U.S. sieve and suspended in the saturated fatty acid glycerides previously melted using the minimum heat necessary. The mixture is then poured into a suppository mold of nominal 2.0 g capacity and allowed to cool.

Formulation Example 7

Suspensions, each containing 50 mg of medicament per 5.0 ml dose are made as follows:

5	Ingredient	Amount
•	Active Ingredient	50.0 mg
	Xanthan gum	4.0 mg
	Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (11%)	
	Microcrystalline cellulose (89%)	50.0 mg
10	Sucrose	1.75 g _f
	Sodium benzoate	10.0 mg
	Flavor and Color	q.v.
	Purified water to	5.0 ml

The medicament, sucrose and xanthan gum are blended, passed through a No. 10 mesh U.S. sieve, and then mixed with a previously made solution of the microcrystalline cellulose and sodium carboxymethyl cellulose in water. The sodium benzoate, flavor, and color are diluted with some of the water and added with stirring. Sufficient water is then added to produce the required volume.

Formulation Example 8

Quantity
(mg/capsule)
15.0 mg
407.0 mg
_3.0 mg
425.0 mg

The active ingredient, cellulose, starch, and magnesium stearate are blended, passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve, and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 560 mg quantities.

5 Formulation Example 9

An intravenous formulation may be prepared as follows:

	Ingredient	Quantity
	Active Ingredient	250.0 mg
10	Isotonic saline	1000 ml

Formulation Example 10

A topical formulation may be prepared as follows:

15	Ingredient	Quantity
	Active Ingredient	1-10 g
	Emulsifying Wax	30 g
	Liquid Paraffin	20 g
	White Soft Paraffin	to 100 g

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The white soft paraffin is heated until molten. The liquid paraffin and emulsifying wax are incorporated and stirred until dissolved. The active ingredient is added and stirring is continued until dispersed. The mixture is then cooled until solid.

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Another preferred formulation employed in the methods of the present invention employs transdermal delivery devices ("patches"). Such transdermal patches may be used to provide continuous or discontinuous infusion of the compounds of the present invention in controlled amounts. The construction and use of transdermal patches for the delivery of

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pharmaceutical agents is well known in the art. <u>See, e.g.</u>, U.S. Patent 5,023,252, issued June 11, 1991, herein incorporated by reference. Such patches may be constructed for continuous, pulsatile, or on demand delivery of pharmaceutical agents.

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Direct or indirect placement techniques may be used when it is desirable or necessary to introduce the pharmaceutical composition to the brain. Direct techniques usually involve placement of a drug delivery catheter into the host's ventricular system to bypass the blood-brain barrier. One such implantable delivery system used for the transport of biological factors to specific anatomical regions of the body is described in U.S. Patent 5,011,472 which is herein incorporated by reference.

Indirect techniques, which are generally preferred, usually involve formulating the compositions to provide for drug latentiation by the conversion of hydrophilic drugs into lipid-soluble drugs. Latentiation is generally achieved through blocking of the hydroxy, carbonyl, sulfate, and primary amine groups present on the drug to render the drug more lipid soluble and amenable to transportation across the blood-brain barrier. Alternatively, the delivery of hydrophilic drugs may be enhanced by intra-arterial infusion of hypertonic solutions which can transiently open the blood-brain barrier.

Utility

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The compounds of this invention can be employed to bind VLA-4 ($\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin) in biological samples and, accordingly have utility in, for example, assaying such samples for VLA-4. In such assays, the compounds can be bound to a solid support and the VLA-4 sample added thereto. The amount of VLA-4 in the sample can be determined by conventional methods such as use of a sandwich ELISA assay. Alternatively, labeled VLA-4 can be used

in a competitive assay to measure for the presence of VLA-4 in the sample. Other suitable assays are well known in the art.

In addition, certain of the compounds of this invention inhibit, in vivo, adhesion of leukocytes to endothelial cells mediated by VLA-4 and, accordingly, can be used in the treatment of diseases mediated by VLA-4. Such diseases include inflammatory diseases in mammalian patients such as asthma, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS dementia, diabetes (including acute juvenile onset diabetes), inflammatory bowel disease (including ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease), multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, tissue transplantation, tumor metastasis, meningitis, encephalitis, stroke, and other cerebral traumas, nephritis, retinitis, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia and acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury such as that which occurs in adult respiratory distress syndrome.

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The biological activity of the compounds identified above may be assayed in a variety of systems. For example, a compound can be immobilized on a solid surface and adhesion of cells expressing VLA-4 can be measured. Using such formats, large numbers of compounds can be screened. Cells suitable for this assay include any leukocytes known to express VLA-4 such as T cells, B cells, monocytes, eosinophils, and basophils. A number of leukocyte cell lines can also be used, examples include Jurkat and U937.

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The test compounds can also be tested for the ability to competitively inhibit binding between VLA-4 and VCAM-1, or between VLA-4 and a labeled compound known to bind VLA-4 such as a compound of this invention or antibodies to VLA-4. In these assays, the VCAM-1 can be immobilized on a solid surface. VCAM-1 may also be expressed as a recombinant fusion protein having an Ig tail (e.g., IgG) so that binding to

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VLA-4 may be detected in an immunoassay. Alternatively, VCAM-1 expressing cells, such as activated endothelial cells or VCAM-1 transfected fibroblasts can be used. For assays to measure the ability to block adhesion to brain endothelial cells, the assays described in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 91/05038 are particularly preferred. This application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Many assay formats employ labelled assay components. The labelling systems can be in a variety of forms. The label may be coupled directly or indirectly to the desired component of the assay according to methods well known in the art. A wide variety of labels may be used. The component may be labelled by any one of several methods. The most common method of detection is the use of autoradiography with ³H, ¹²⁵I, ³⁵S, ¹⁴C, or ³²P labelled compounds or the like. Non-radioactive labels include ligands which bind to labelled antibodies, fluorophores, chemiluminescent agents, enzymes and antibodies which can serve as specific binding pair members for a labelled ligand. The choice of label depends on sensitivity required, ease of conjugation with the compound, stability requirements, and available instrumentation.

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Appropriate in vivo models for demonstrating efficacy in treating inflammatory responses include EAE (experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis) in mice, rats, guinea pigs or primates, as well as other inflammatory models dependent upon $\alpha 4$ integrins.

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Compounds having the desired biological activity may be modified as necessary to provide desired properties such as improved pharmacological properties (e.g., in vivo stability, bio-availability), or the ability to be detected in diagnostic applications. For instance, inclusion of one or more D-amino acids in the sulfonamides of this invention typically increases in

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vivo stability. Stability can be assayed in a variety of ways such as by measuring the half-life of the proteins during incubation with peptidases or human plasma or serum. A number of such protein stability assays have been described (see, e.g., Verhoef et al., Eur. J. Drug Metab.

Pharmacokinet., 1990, <u>15(2)</u>:83-93).

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For diagnostic purposes, a wide variety of labels may be linked to the compounds, which may provide, directly or indirectly, a detectable signal. Thus, the compounds of the subject invention may be modified in a variety of ways for a variety of end purposes while still retaining biological activity. In addition, various reactive sites may be introduced at the terminus for linking to particles, solid substrates, macromolecules, or the like.

Labeled compounds can be used in a variety of *in vivo* or *in vitro* applications. A wide variety of labels may be employed, such as radionuclides (e.g., gamma-emitting radioisotopes such as technetium-99 or indium-111), fluorescers (e.g., fluorescein), enzymes, enzyme substrates, enzyme cofactors, enzyme inhibitors, chemiluminescent compounds, bioluminescent compounds, and the like. Those of ordinary skill in the art will know of other suitable labels for binding to the complexes, or will be able to ascertain such using routine experimentation. The binding of these labels is achieved using standard techniques common to those of ordinary skill in the art.

In vitro uses include diagnostic applications such as monitoring inflammatory responses by detecting the presence of leukocytes expressing VLA-4. The compounds of this invention can also be used for isolating or labeling such cells. In addition, as mentioned above, the compounds of the invention can be used to assay for potential inhibitors of VLA-4/VCAM-1 interactions.

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For *in vivo* diagnostic imaging to identify, e.g., sites of inflammation, radioisotopes are typically used in accordance with well known techniques. The radioisotopes may be bound to the peptide either directly or indirectly using intermediate functional groups. For instance, chelating agents such as diethylenetriaminepentacetic acid (DTPA) and ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) and similar molecules have been used to bind proteins to metallic ion radioisotopes.

The complexes can also be labeled with a paramagnetic isotope for purposes of *in vivo* diagnosis, as in magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or electron spin resonance (ESR), both of which are well known. In general, any conventional method for visualizing diagnostic imaging can be used. Usually gamma- and positron-emitting radioisotopes are used for camera imaging and paramagnetic isotopes are used for MRI. Thus, the compounds can be used to monitor the course of amelioration of an inflammatory response in an individual. By measuring the increase or decrease in lymphocytes expressing VLA-4 it is possible to determine whether a particular therapeutic regimen aimed at ameliorating the disease is effective.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be used to block or inhibit cellular adhesion associated with a number of diseases and disorders. For instance, a number of inflammatory disorders are associated with integrins or leukocytes. Treatable disorders include, e.g., transplantation rejection (e.g., allograft rejection), Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS dementia, diabetes (including acute juvenile onset diabetes), retinitis, cancer metastases, rheumatoid arthritis, acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury (e.g., adult respiratory distress syndrome), asthma, nephritis, and acute and chronic inflammation, including atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia, and inflammatory bowel disease (including Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis). In preferred embodiments

the pharmaceutical compositions are used to treat inflammatory brain disorders, such as multiple sclerosis (MS), viral meningitis and encephalitis.

Inflammatory bowel disease is a collective term for two similar diseases referred to as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis. Crohn's disease is an idiopathic, chronic ulceroconstrictive inflammatory disease characterized by sharply delimited and typically transmural involvement of all layers of the bowel wall by a granulomatous inflammatory reaction. Any segment of the gastrointestinal tract, from the mouth to the anus, may be involved, although the disease most commonly affects the terminal ileum and/or colon. Ulcerative colitis is an inflammatory response limited largely to the colonic mucosa and submucosa. Lymphocytes and macrophages are numerous in lesions of inflammatory bowel disease and may contribute to inflammatory injury.

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Asthma is a disease characterized by increased responsiveness of the tracheobronchial tree to various stimuli potentiating paroxysmal constriction of the bronchial airways. The stimuli cause release of various mediators of inflammation from IgE-coated mast cells including histamine, eosinophilic and neutrophilic chemotactic factors, leukotrines, prostaglandin and platelet activating factor. Release of these factors recruits basophils, eosinophils and neutrophils, which cause inflammatory injury.

Atherosclerosis is a disease of arteries (e.g., coronary, carotid, aorta and iliac). The basic lesion, the atheroma, consists of a raised focal plaque within the intima, having a core of lipid and a covering fibrous cap.

Atheromas compromise arterial blood flow and weaken affected arteries.

Myocardial and cerebral infarcts are a major consequence of this disease.

Macrophages and leukocytes are recruited to atheromas and contribute to inflammatory injury.

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Rheumatoid arthritis is a chronic, relapsing inflammatory disease that primarily causes impairment and destruction of joints. Rheumatoid arthritis usually first affects the small joints of the hands and feet but then may involve the wrists, elbows, ankles and knees. The arthritis results from interaction of synovial cells with leukocytes that infiltrate from the circulation into the synovial lining of the joints. See *e.g.*, Paul, *Immunology* (3d ed., Raven Press, 1993).

Another indication for the compounds of this invention is in treatment of organ or graft rejection mediated by VLA-4. Over recent years there has been a considerable improvement in the efficiency of surgical techniques for transplanting tissues and organs such as skin, kidney, liver, heart, lung, pancreas and bone marrow. Perhaps the principal outstanding problem is the lack of satisfactory agents for inducing immunotolerance in the recipient to the transplanted allograft or organ. When allogeneic cells or organs are transplanted into a host (i.e., the donor and donee are different individuals from the same species), the host immune system is likely to mount an immune response to foreign antigens in the transplant (host-versus-graft disease) leading to destruction of the transplanted tissue. CD8+ cells, CD4 cells and monocytes are all involved in the rejection of transplant tissues. Compounds of this invention which bind to alpha-4 integrin are useful, inter alia, to block alloantigen-induced immune responses in the donee thereby preventing such cells from participating in the destruction of the transplanted tissue or organ. See, e.g., Paul et al., Transplant International 9, 420-425 (1996); Georczynski et al., Immunology 87, 573-580 (1996); Georcyznski et al., Transplant. Immunol. 3, 55-61 (1995); Yang et al., Transplantation 60, 71-76 (1995); Anderson et al., APMIS 102, 23-27 (1994).

A related use for compounds of this invention which bind to VLA-4 is in modulating the immune response involved in "graft versus host" disease

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(GVHD). See e.g., Schlegel et al., J. Immunol. 155, 3856-3865 (1995). GVHD is a potentially fatal disease that occurs when immunologically competent cells are transferred to an allogeneic recipient. In this situation, the donor's immunocompetent cells may attack tissues in the recipient. Tissues of the skin, gut epithelia and liver are frequent targets and may be destroyed during the course of GVHD. The disease presents an especially severe problem when immune tissue is being transplanted, such as in bone marrow transplantation; but less severe GVHD has also been reported in other cases as well, including heart and liver transplants. The therapeutic agents of the present invention are used, inter alia, to block activation of the donor T-cells thereby interfering with their ability to lyse target cells in the host.

A further use of the compounds of this invention is inhibiting tumor metastasis. Several tumor cells have been reported to express VLA-4 and compounds which bind VLA-4 block adhesion of such cells to endothelial cells. Steinback et al., *Urol. Res.* 23, 175-83 (1995); Orosz et al., *Int. J. Cancer* 60, 867-71 (1995); Freedman et al., *Leuk. Lymphoma* 13, 47-52 (1994); Okahara et al., *Cancer Res.* 54, 3233-6 (1994).

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A further use of the compounds of this invention is in treating multiple sclerosis. Multiple sclerosis is a progressive neurological autoimmune disease that affects an estimated 250,000 to 350,000 people in the United States. Multiple sclerosis is thought to be the result of a specific autoimmune reaction in which certain leukocytes attack and initiate the destruction of myelin, the insulating sheath covering nerve fibers. In an animal model for multiple sclerosis, murine monoclonal antibodies directed against VLA-4 have been shown to block the adhesion of leukocytes to the endothelium, and thus prevent inflammation of the central nervous system and subsequent paralysis in the animals¹⁶.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are suitable for use in a variety of drug delivery systems. Suitable formulations for use in the present invention are found in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, Mace Publishing Company, Philadelphia, PA, 17th ed. (1985).

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In order to enhance serum half-life, the compounds may be encapsulated, introduced into the lumen of liposomes, prepared as a colloid, or other conventional techniques may be employed which provide an extended serum half-life of the compounds. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka, et al., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728 and 4,837,028 each of which is incorporated herein by reference.

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The amount administered to the patient will vary depending upon what is being administered, the purpose of the administration, such as prophylaxis or therapy, the state of the patient, the manner of administration, and the like. In therapeutic applications, compositions are administered to a patient already suffering from a disease in an amount sufficient to cure or at least partially arrest the symptoms of the disease and its complications. An amount adequate to accomplish this is defined as "therapeutically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on the disease condition being treated as well as by the judgment of the attending clinician depending upon factors such as the severity of the inflammation, the age, weight and general condition of the patient, and the like.

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The compositions administered to a patient are in the form of pharmaceutical compositions described above. These compositions may be sterilized by conventional sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered. The resulting aqueous solutions may be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile

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aqueous carrier prior to administration. The pH of the compound preparations typically will be between 3 and 11, more preferably from 5 to 9 and most preferably from 7 to 8. It will be understood that use of certain of the foregoing excipients, carriers, or stabilizers will result in the formation of pharmaceutical salts.

The therapeutic dosage of the compounds of the present invention will vary according to, for example, the particular use for which the treatment is made, the manner of administration of the compound, the health and condition of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician. For example, for intravenous administration, the dose will typically be in the range of about 20 μ g to about 500 μ g per kilogram body weight, preferably about 100 μ g to about 300 μ g per kilogram body weight. Suitable dosage ranges for intranasal administration are generally about 0.1 pg to 1 mg per kilogram body weight. Effective doses can be extrapolated from dose-response curves derived from *in vitro* or animal model test systems.

Compounds of this invention are also capable of binding or antagonizing the actions of $\alpha_6\beta_1$, $\alpha_9\beta_1$, $\alpha_4\beta_7$, $\alpha_d\beta_2$, $\alpha_c\beta_7$ integrins (although $\alpha_4\beta_1$ and $\alpha_9\beta_1$ are preferred in this invention). Accordingly, compounds of this invention are also useful for preventing or reversing the symptoms, disorders or diseases induced by the binding of these integrins to their respective ligands.

For example, International Publication Number WO 98/53817, published December 3, 1998 (the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety) and references cited therein describe disorders mediated by $\alpha_4\beta_7$. This reference also describes an assay for determining antagonism of $\alpha_4\beta_7$ dependent binding to VCAM-Ig fusion protein.

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Additionally, compounds that bind $\alpha_d\beta_2$ and $\alpha_e\beta_7$ integrins are particularly useful for the treatment of asthma and related lung diseases. See, for example, M. H. Grayson et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 1998, 188(11) 2187-2191. Compounds that bind $\alpha_e\beta_7$ integrin are also useful for the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus (see, for example, M. Pang et al., *Arthritis Rheum.* 1998, 41(8), 1456-1463); Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis and infammatory bowel disease (IBD) (see, for example, D. Elewaut et al., *Scand J. Gastroenterol* 1998, 33(7) 743-748); Sjogren's syndrome (see, for example, U. Kroneld et al., *Scand J. Gastroenterol* 1998, 27(3), 215-218); and rheumatoid arthritis (see, for example, *Scand J. Gastroenterol* 1996, 44(3), 293-298). And compounds that bind $\alpha_6\beta_1$ may be useful in preventing fertilization (see, for example, H. Chen et al., *Chem. Biol.* 1999, 6, 1-10).

The following synthetic and biological examples are offered to illustrate this invention and are not to be construed in any way as limiting the scope of this invention. Unless otherwise stated, all temperatures are in degrees Celsius.

EXAMPLES

In the examples below, the following abbreviations have the following meanings. If an abbreviation is not defined, it has its generally accepted meaning.

	aq or aq.	. =	aqueous
25	AcOH	=	acetic acid
	bd	. =	broad doublet
	bm	=	broad multiplet
	bs	=	broad singlet
	Bn	=	benzyl
30	Вос	=	N-tert-butoxylcarbonyl

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	Boc ₂ O	=	di-tert-butyl dicarbonate
	BOP	=	benzotriazol-1-yloxy-
			tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium
			hexafluorophosphate
5	Cbz	=	carbobenzyloxy
	CHCl ₃	=	chloroform
	CH ₂ Cl ₂	=	dichloromethane
	(COCI) ₂	=	oxalyl chloride
	d	=	doublet
10	dd	=	doublet of doublets
	dt	=	doublet of triplets
	DBU	=	1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene
	DCC	=	1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide
	DMAP	=	4-N,N-dimethylaminopyridine
15	DME	=	ethylene glycol dimethyl ether
	DMF	=	N, N-dimethylformamide
	DMSO	=	dimethylsulfoxide
	EDC	=	1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-
			ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride
20	Et ₃ N	=	triethylamine
	Et ₂ O	=	diethyl ether
	EtOAc	=	ethyl acetate
	EtOH	=	ethanol
	eq or eq.		equivalent
25	Fmoc	=	N-(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)
	FmocONSu	<u> </u>	N-(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)-
			succinimide
	g	=	grams
	h	=	hour
30	H₂O	=	water

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	HBŗ	=	hydrobromic acid
	HCl	=	hydrochloric acid
	HOBT	=	1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate
	hr	=	hour
5	K_2CO_3	=	potassium carbonate
	L	epilina spingpi	liter
	m	=	multiplet
	MeOH	=	methanol
	mg	=	milligram
10	MgSO₄	=	magnesium sulfate
	mL	=	milliliter
	mm .	=	millimeter
	mM	=	millimolar
	mmol	=	millimol
15	mp	=	melting point
	N	=	normal
	NaCl	=	sodium chloride
	Na ₂ CO ₃	=	sodium carbonate
	NaHCO ₃	=	sodium bicarbonate
20	NaOEt	=	sodium ethoxide
	NaOH	=	sodium hydroxide
	NH₄Cl		ammonium chloride
·	NMM	=	N-methylmorpholine
	Phe	=	L-phenylalanine
25	Pro	= .	L-proline
	psi	= ''	pounds per square inch
	PtO ₂	=	platinum oxide
	q	=	quartet
	quint.	=	quintet
30	rt	=	room temperature

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s = singlet

sat = saturated

t = triplet

t-BuOH = tert-butanol

5 TFA = trifluoroacetic acid

THF = tetrahydrofuran

TLC or tlc = thin layer chromatography

Ts = tosyl

TsCl = tosyl-chloride

TsOH = tosylate

 μL = microliter

The following Methods may be used to prepare the compounds of this invention.

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Method A

Methyl Ester Preparation Procedure

Amino acid methyl esters can be prepared using the method of Brenner and Huber Helv. Chim. Acta 1953, 36, 1109.

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Method B

BOP Coupling Procedure

The desired dipeptide ester was prepared by the reaction of a carboxylic acid (1 equivalent) with the appropriate amino acid ester or amino acid ester hydrochloride (1 equivalent), benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)-phosphonium hexafluorophosphate [BOP] (2.0 equivalent), triethylamine (1.1 equivalent), and DMF. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The crude product is purified flash chromatography to afford the dipeptide ester.

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Method C

Hydrogenation Procedure I

Hydrogenation was performed using 10% palladium on carbon (10% by weight) in methanol at 30 psi overnight. The mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite and the filtrate concentrated to yield the desired compound.

Method D

Hydrolysis Procedure I

To a chilled (0°C) THF/H₂O solution (2:1, 5 - 10 mL) of the appropriate ester was added LiOH (or NaOH) (0.95 equivalents). The temperature was maintained at 0°C and the reaction was complete in 1-3 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the aqueous phase was lyophilized resulting in the desired carboxylate salt.

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Method E

Ester Hydrolysis Procedure II

To a chilled (0°C) THF/H₂O solution (2:1, 5 - 10 mL) of the appropriate ester was added LiOH (1.1 equivalents). The temperature was maintained at 0°C and the reaction was complete in 1-3 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was taken up into H₂O and the pH adjusted to 2-3 with aqueous HCl. The product was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to yield the desired acid.

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Method F

Ester Hydrolysis Procedure III

The appropriate ester was dissolved in dioxane/H₂O (1:1) and 0.9 equivalents of 0.5 N NaOH was added. The reaction was stirred for 3-16 hours and then concentrated. The resulting residue was dissolved in H₂O

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and extracted with ethyl acetate. The aqueous phase was lyophilized to yield the desired carboxylate sodium salt.

Method G

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BOC Removal Procedure

Anhydrous hydrochloride (HCl) gas was bubbled through a methanolic solution of the appropriate Boc-amino acid ester at 0°C for 15 minutes and the reaction mixture was stirred for three hours. The solution was concentrated to a syrup and dissolved in Et₂O and reconcentrated. This procedure was repeated and the resulting solid was placed under high vacuum overnight.

Method H

tert-Butyl Ester Hydrolysis Procedure I

The *tert*-butyl ester was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and treated with TFA. The reaction was complete in 1-3 hr at which time the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue dissolved in H₂O and lyophilized to yield the desired acid.

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Method I

EDC Coupling Procedure I

To a CH₂Cl₂ solution (5-20 mL) of a carboxylic acid (1 equivalent), the appropriate amino acid ester hydrochloride (1 equivalent), N-methylmorpholine (1.1-2.2 equivalents) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (2 equivalents) were mixed, placed in an ice bath and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl carbodiimide (1.1 equivalents) added. The reaction was allowed to rise to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into H₂O and the organic phase was washed with sat. NaHCO₃, brine, dried (MgSO₄ or Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography.

Method J

EDC Coupling Procedure II

To a DMF solution (5-20 mL) of a carboxylic acid (1 equivalent), the appropriated amino acid ester hydrochloride (1 equivalent), Et₃N (1.1 equivalents) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (2 equivalents) were mixed, placed in an ice bath and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl carbodiimide (1.1 equivalents) added. The reaction was allowed to rise to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and H₂O and the organic phase washed with 0.2 N citric acid, H₂O, sat. NaHCO₃, brine, dried (MgSO₄ or Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography or preparative TLC.

Method K

tert-Butyl Ester Hydrolysis Procedure II

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The *tert*-butyl ester was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) and treated with TFA (5 mL). The reaction was complete in 1-3 hours at which time the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue dissolved in H₂O and concentrated. The residue was redissolved in H₂O and lyophilized to yield the desired product.

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Method L

Carbamate Formation Procedure I

Into a reaction vial were combined 15.2 mmol, 1.0 eq. of the starting hydroxy compound (typically a tyrosine derivative) and 1.86 g (15.2 mmol, 1.0 eq) DMAP. Methylene chloride (50 mL), triethylamine (2.12 mL, 1.54 g, 15.2 mmol, 1.0 eq), and dimethylcarbamyl chloride (1.68 mL, 1.96 g, 18.2 mmol, 1.2 eq) were then added. The vial was capped tightly, and the reaction solution swirled to obtain a homogeneous solution. The reaction solution was then heated to 40°C. After 48 h, TLC of the resulting colorless solution indicated complete conversion. The work-up of the reaction

solution was as follows: 50 mL EtOAc and 50 mL hexanes was added to the reaction mixture, and the resulting mixture was washed with 0.5 M citric acid (3 x 50 mL), water (2 x 50 mL), 10% K₂CO₃ (2 x 50 mL), and sat. NaCl (1 x 50 mL); dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to afford the desired compound.

Method M

Carbamate Formation Procedure II

Into a reaction vial were combined 84.34 mmol (1.0 eq) of the starting hydroxy compound (typically a tyrosine derivative) and 17.0 g (84.34 mmol, 1.0 eq) 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate. Methylene chloride (700 mL) was added and the vial was capped with a septum. A nitrogen line was attached and the vial was immersed in a 4:1 water/ethanol dry ice slurry with stirring to cool to -15°C. Triethylamine (29.38 mL, 21.33 g, 210.81 mmol, 2.5 eq) was added over five minutes with stirring and the stirring was continued at -10 to -15°C for 1 h. N-Methyl piperazine (9.35 mL, 8.45 g, 84.34 mmol, 1.0 eq) was added over three minutes with stirring and stirring was continued overnight while warming to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with 700 mL hexanes and the resulting mixture was washed repeatedly with 10% K₂CO₃, until no yellow color (from 4-nitrophenol) is observed in the aqueous layer. The mixture was then washed with sat. NaCl, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in 500 mL of ethanol and evaporated to remove triethylamine. The residue was again dissolved in 500 mL of ethanol and evaporated to remove triethylamine. The residue was then dissolved in 400 mL of ethanol and 600 mL of water was added with stirring to precipitate a solid or oil. If an oil if formed, the oil is stirred vigorously to induce it to solidify. The solid is then isolated by filtration. Dissolution, precipitation, and filtration are repeated once and the resulting solid is rinsed with water to remove

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traces of yellow color. The solid is then subjected to high vacuum until the mass remains constant thereby affording the desired carbamyloxy compound.

Method N

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Purification Method

Unless otherwise stated, the compounds of this method were purified by LC/MS using 10% to 90% acetonitrile/water gradient with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (12 min. run time).

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Method O

Analytical Method

Unless otherwise stated, the compounds of this method were analyzed by LC/MS using 10% to 90% acetonitrile/water gradient with 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (5.5 min run time).

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Example 1

Synthesis of

N-{6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-4-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine

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Step A

Cyanuric chloride (0.045 mmol), t-butyl tyrosine O-(N,N-dimethyl)carbamate (0.0545 mmol), and diisopropylethylamine (0.18 mmol) were dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (4.0 mL) and shaken at room temperature.

After two hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure providing N-(4,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester without purification. (m/e 456).

Step B

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N-(4,6-Dichloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.045 mmol), N-benzyl-N-phenethylamine
(0.045 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.18 mmol) were dissolved in
THF and heated to 60°C overnight. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure providing N-{6-{N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino}-4-chloro1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester, which was used without purification. (m/e 631)

Step 3

The N-{6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-4-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.022 mmol) was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of TFA/CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) and shaken for 1 hour. The solvent was removed and the crude product was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of DMSO/CH₃CN and purified by preparative LC/MS described above providing N-{6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-4-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine. (m/e 575)

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Example 2

Synthesis of

 $N-\{4-[N-(Benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine

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N-{6-[N-(Benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-4-chloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.022 mmol) was dissolved in methanol. Sodium Bicarbonate (0.18 mmol), 10% Pd/C (0.0022 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was degassed twice and purged with H₂ twice. The suspension was stirred under H₂ for 4 hours, filtered through celite and the solvent removed. The resulting oil was dissolved in EtOAc and extracted with water (2 X 0.5 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and the solvent removed. The resulting oil was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of TFA/CH₂Cl₂ and shaken for 2 hours, then the solvent was removed. The crude material was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of DMSO/CH₃CN and purified by preparative LC/MS providing N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine. (m/e 541).

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Example 3

Synthesis of

N-{4-Chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine

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Step 1

N-Methyl-p-toluenesulfonamide (0.98 mmol) was added to a solution of N-(4,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.89 mmol) in THF (50 mL) and stirred for 5 min. Cesium carbonate (2.7 mmol) was added and the mixture was heated at 60°C overnight. The solid was filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude product N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester was used without purification. (m/e 605) Step 2

N-{4-Chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.017 mmol) was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of TFA/CH₂Cl₂ and shaken for 2 hours, then the solvent was removed. The crude material was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of DMSO/CH₃CN and purified by preparative LC/MS providing N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine. (m/e 549)

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Example 4

Synthesis of

N-{4-Chloro-6-(N,N-dihexylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl} phenylalanine ethyl ester

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$$C_6H_{11}$$
 C_6H_{11}
 C_6H_{11}
 C_6H_{11}
 C_6H_{11}
 C_6H_{11}
 C_6H_{11}

10 <u>Step 1</u>

Dihexylamine (6.3 mL, 27 mmol) was added to a mixture of cyanuric chloride (5.0 g, 27 mmol) and sodium carbonate (2.9 g, 27 mmol) in acetonitrile (50 mL). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h and then allowed to col to ambient temperature. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and water. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash column chromatography through silica gel (elution with 3:1 hexanes:chloroform) to afford 2,4-dichloro-6-dihexylamino-1,3,5-triazine.

20 Step 2

L-phenylalanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol) was added to a mixture of 2,4-dichloro-6-dihexylamino-1,3,5-triazine (1.5 g, 4.5 mmol) and sodium carbonate (0.92 g, 8.7 mmol) in acetonitrile (40 mL). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h and then allowed to col to ambient temperature. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and water. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by flash column chromatography through silica gel (elution with chloroform) to afford N-{4-chloro-6-(N,N-dihexylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}phenylalanine ethyl ester. Anal. Calcd. for

BNSDOCID: <WO__0043369A1_I_>

C₂₆H₄₀ClN₅O₂: C, 63.72; H, 8.23; N 14.29. Found: C, 63.67; H, 8.06; N 14.24.

Example 5

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Synthesis of

N-(4-(N,N-Di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine

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Step 1

3,4-Diethyloxy-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole and 3,4-Diethyloxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole were prepared according to the procedures described in R. Y. Wen et al, J Org Chem., (1975) 40, 2743; and R. Y. Wen et al, Org Prep Proceed., (1969) 1, 255.

Step 2

Dihexylamine (90 mg, 0.48 mmol) was added to a solution of 3,4-diethyloxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole (100 mg, 0.48 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL) and the reaction stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue absorbed onto silica gel, and purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 3:1) to yield 4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-3-ethoxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole (120 mg, 72%). MS (EI, m/e 345).

25 <u>Step 3</u>

A solution of 4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-3-ethoxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole (400 mg, 1.02 mmol) and L-tyrosine t-butyl ester (261 mg, 1.1 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 36 hrs. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure residue purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 3:1 then 1:1) to give N-(4-

(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester as a white waxy solid (400 mg, 73%). Anal. Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{44}N_4O_5$ S.0.55EtOAc: C, 59.93; H, 8.34; N, 9.57. Found: C,59.84; H, 8.44; N,9.62.

5 <u>Step 4</u>

N-(4-(N,N-Di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (100 mg, 0.19 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 36 hrs. Excess formic acid was removed under reduced pressure to yield N-(4-(N,N-Di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine as a white solid (90 mg, 98 %). Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃H₃₆N₄O₅ S: C, 57.48; H, 7.55; N, 11.66. Found: C,57.04; H, 7.23; N,11.38.

Example 6

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Synthesis of

N-(4-(N,N-Di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine

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Step 1

N-(4-(N,N-Di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (180 mg, 0.34 mmoL) was dissolved in pyridine (5 ml).

Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (108 mg, 1 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. Pyridine was removed under high vacuum (low water bath temperature), the residue absorbed onto silica gel and purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 2:1)

to yield N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1.2.5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (140 mg, 68 %). Step 2

N-(4-(N,N-Di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (140 mg, 0.23 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid and the mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess formic acid was removed under reduced pressure to yield N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine as a white solid (110 mg, 87 %). Anal. Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{41}N_5O_6$ S: C, 56.6; H, 7.49; N, 12.69. Found: C,56.67; H, 7.4; N,12.46.

Example 7

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Synthesis of

N-(4-(N,N-Di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyloxy)phenylalanine

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Step 1

A solution of N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (500 mg, 0.93 mmol), and p-nitrophenyl chloroformate (179 mg, 0.89 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 mL) was cooled to 0°C under an argon atmosphere. Triethylamine (235 mg, 2.32 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture stirred at 0°C for 30 mins, then allowed to warm to room temperature for a further 40 mins. The mixture was re-cooled

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to 0°C and N-methylpiperazine (90 mg, 0.89 mmol) added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for three hours. The mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (150 mL) and the organic solution washed with 10% potassium carbonate solution until no further yellow color was produced in the aqueous phase. The organic layer was separated, dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (silica, EtOAc:MeOH:Et₃N 94:5:1) to give N-(4-(N,N-di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester as a pale yellow foam (310 mg, 50 %). Anal. Calc'd for C₃₃H₅₄N₆O₆ S: C, 59.79; H, 8.21; N, 12.68. Found: C,59.47; H, 8.25; N,12.49 Step 2

N-(4-(N,N-Di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (200 mg, 0.3 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid (5 mL) and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 48 hrs. Excess formic acid was removed under reduced pressure and the residue recrystallized from EtOAc/MeOH to yield N-(4-(N,N-di-*n*-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1.2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyloxy)phenylalanine as an off-white solid (120 mg, 67 %). Anal. Calc'd for C₂₉H₄₆N₆O₆ S.0.75H₂O: C, 56.15; H, 7.72; N, 13.55. Found: C, 56.1; H, 7.44; N, 13.46.

Example 8

Synthesis of

N-[4-(2-(3-Methylphenylaminocarbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine

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Step 1

A solution of 3,4-diethyloxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole (400 mg, 1.94 mmol)and L-tyrosine t-butyl ester (1.25 g, 5.2 mmol) in ethanol (25 mL) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the product N-(4-ethoxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester was used in further transformations without further purification (790 mg).

Step 2

N-Boc-Ethylene diamine (800 mg, 5 mmol) and m-tolyl isocyanate (665 mg, 5 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitrile and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 4 hrs. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue absorbed onto silica gel; prior to purification by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 1:1) to yield the desired compound as a white solid (300 mg, 21 %) (MS (+ESI, m/e) 294 (M+H)+). The N-Boc protected compound (300 mg, 1.02 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid (10 ml) and the mixture stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess acid was removed to yield the formate salt of 2-(3-methylphenylaminocarbonylamino)-eth-1-ylamine as a white foam (210 mg).

Step 3

To a solution of N-(4-ethoxy-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester from Step A (150 mg, 0.38 mmol) and the formate salt of 2-

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(3-methylphenylaminocarbonylamino)eth-1-ylamine from Step B (210 mg, 0.89 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added triethylamine (133 mg, 1.44 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by flash column chromatography (silica, 5 % MeOH in EtOAc)to give N-[4-(2-(3-methylphenylamino-carbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (130 mg, 91%). MS (+ESI, m/e) 545 (M+H)⁺.

Step 4

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N-[4-(2-(3-Methylphenylamino-carbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester(130 mg, 0.24 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (5 mL). Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (77 mg, 0.72 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture heated at 50°C under an argon atmosphere overnight. Pyridine was removed under reduced pressure, the residue absorbed onto silica gel and purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 1:2, then 5% MeOH in EtOAc) to yield N-[4-(2-(3-methylphenylamino-carbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (140 mg, 93 %). MS (+ESI, m/e) 616 (M+H)⁺.

20 <u>Step 5</u>

N-[4-(2-(3-Methylphenylamino-carbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (120 mg, 0.19 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid (10 mL) and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 36 hrs. Excess acid was removed to yield N-[4-(2-(3-methylphenylamino-carbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine as a pale yellow foam (100 mg, 93 %). MS (+ESI, m/e) 560 (M+H)⁺.

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Example 9

Synthesis of

N-(4-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine *tert*-Butyl Ester

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Step 1

A solution of 3,4-diethoxy-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole (1 g, 0.52 mmol) and L-tyrosine t-butyl ester (1.25 g, 0.52 mmol) in ethanol (25 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 60 hr. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 1:1 to give N-(4-ethoxy-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (1.75 g, 88 %). MS (+ESI, m/e) 382 (M+H)⁺. Step 2

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N-(4-Ethoxy-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine tert-butyl ester (400 mg, 1.05 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (10 mL) and dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (338 mg, 3.15 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature under an inert atmosphere overnight. TLC indicated large amounts of unreacted starting material so the mixture was heated at 50°C for a further 48 hrs. Excess pyridine was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by flash column chromatography (silica, hexane:EtOAc 1:1 to give N-(4-ethoxy-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (280 mg, 59 %). MS (+ESI, m/e) 453 (M+H).

30 Step 3

A 2M solution of dimethylamine in THF (5 mL, 10 mmol) was added to a solution of the compound from Step B (180 mg, 0.35 mmol) in ethanol (10

mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight and solvent removed under reduced pressure. Residue was purified by flash column chromatography (silica, EtOAc:MeOH:Et₃N 90:10:1) to give N-(4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl

dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine *tert*-butyl ester as a white foam (140 mg, 88 %). Anal. Calc'd for $C_{22}H_{29}N_5O_5$ S: C, 53.2; H, 6.47; N, 15.51. Found: C,52.94; H, 6.18; N,15.34.

Example 10

N-[1-Toluene-4-sulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl]-L-phenylalanine

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Step 1

To a solution of 1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidone (1.0 g, 3.95 mmol) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester (0.64 g, 3.58 mmol) in methylene chloride (20 mL) was added acetic acid (0.62 mL, 10.78 mmol) followed by sodium triacetoxyborohydride (1.9 g, 8.96 mmol). After 24 h, the solvent was removed and the residue was taken up in ethyl acetate (50 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, saturated brine, dried over potassium carbonate and evaporated to an amber oil which was purified by flash chromatography (eluting with 98:1 methylene chloride/methanol) to give N-[1-toluene-4-sulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester.

Step 2

To a solution of N-[1-toluene-4-sulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (0.2 g, 0.48 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added 1N LiOH

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solution (0.46 mL, 0.46 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with diethyl ether and lyophilized to afford N-[1-Toluene-4-sulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl]-L-phenylalanine as the lithium salt. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{21}N_{26}$ N_2O_4SLi . $5H_2O$: C, 57.79; H, 6.70; N, 6.42.

5 Found: C,57.7; H, 6.30; N,6.23.

Example 11

General Library synthesis

A solution of N-(4,6-dichloro-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester (0.018 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was added to a solution of methylphenethylamine (0.018 mmol), DIEA (0.036 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) and shaken at 60°C overnight. The solvent was removed and the resulting oil was dissolved in DMF (0.5 mL). To this solution was added a solution of isobutylamine (0.0213 mmol) and DIEA (0.071 mmol) in DMF (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was shaken at 110°C for 16 hrs. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The oil was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of TFA/CH₂Cl₂ and shaken for 2 hours, then the solvent was removed. The crude material was dissolved in a 1/1 solution of DMSO/CH₃CN and purified by preparative LC/MS (preparative method 2) and analyzed by LC/MS (analytical method 2) unless otherwise noted.

Using the appropriate starting materials and reagents, the following additional compounds were prepared:

N-(3-nitrothiophen-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

N-[1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

N-[1,3-dimethyl-4-nitropyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N-[1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-(4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy) phenylalanine;
	N-(1,4-diphenyl-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy) phenylalanine;
10	N-(1-phenylimidazol-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-(6-bromopyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-[6-(naphth-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
20	N -{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4 (N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl}-L-4 (N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-(5-trifluoropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-{5-[[5-phenylcarbonylmethylthio-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)]-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-(4-methyl-3-nitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	N-(3,5-dinitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
40	N -{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl}-L-phenylalanine;

	N-[4-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-6-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[4-(benzylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-[2-(4-methoxlphenyl)ethylamino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-[(4-chlorobenzyl)amino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-4-[1-(phenyl)ethylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
23	N-[4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-\{N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
35	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N,N-bis(2-methoxyethyl)-amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-[4-(methoxyethylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[6-(chlorobenzylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-[4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(benzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	N -{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino)]-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N -{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(1-cyclhexylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-6-(3,4-methylenedioxy-benzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{6-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
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 $N-\{4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-benzyl-N-(2-propyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(allyl)-N-(cyclopentyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

 $N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-[N-(\text{ethyl})-N-(2-(4-\text{methoxyp})-1-\text{methylethyl})-\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})-\text{phenylalanine};$

 $N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-[N-(n-\text{propyl})-N-(4-\text{nitrobenzyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})-\text{phenylalanine};$

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

35 N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-cyanoethyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

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	N -{6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino]-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[N-(phenyl)-N-(pyridin-2-yl)amino]-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{6-[N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-4-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	$N-\{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-6-[N (methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
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	N-{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-1yl)ethylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-[N,N-bis-(n-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-(5-methylisoxazol-3-ylamino)-6-\{N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-cyclohexylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N-{4-(N-[2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	$N-\{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-4-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-[N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-[N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-2-(4-ethoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-[N-2-phenylpropylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-[N-1(S)-phenylethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[N,N-dimethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(2-\text{phenylpropyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(2-\text{phenylethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})\text{phenylalanine};$
1.5	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(2-(3,4-\text{dimethoxyphenyl})\text{ethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})\text{phenylalanine};$
20	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin- 2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-hydroxy-6-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(imidazol-2-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(phenoxy)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl} L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(\text{benzyl})-N-(1-(S)-\text{phenylethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;}$
20	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(5-\text{chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl})amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;}$
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-}6-[N-(1-(R)-\text{phenyl-}2-\text{carboxyethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})\text{phenylalanine};$
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenyl-1-ethoxycarbonylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-y sulfony)pheny)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethy carbamy oxy)pheny alanine;$
40	N-{4-[N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1yl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	$N-\{4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(N-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N -{4-(N-(2-phenoxyethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-(R)-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl-1-phenylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N-{4-[N-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	$N-\{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	N-{4-(N-6-nitrobenzthiazol-2-ylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(N-furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-(N-1-phenylethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	$N-\{4-(N-4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	N-{4-(piperidin-1-yl)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
·	$N-\{4-(N-4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N-{4-(N-benzylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(N-cyclopentylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-chloro-6-(5-ethyl-2-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-\text{chloro-}6-(4-\text{phenylpiperazin-}1-\text{yl})-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-(4-diphenylmethylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{4-chloro-6-(3-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-(N-cyclohexylamino-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	$N-\{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-(4-cyclohexyl-piperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
5	N -{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}-6-(3-methyl piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-aminosulfonylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-chloro-6-[2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylpropen-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	N -{4-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
33	$N-\{4-[4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N -{4-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-chloro-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N - dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine:
5	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N- dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N-{4-hydroxy-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-(3-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(3-(R)methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-chloro-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-(1,2,3,4-\text{tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl}-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(3-carboxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{6-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}-pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
 N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
 N-{6-[N-(2-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
 N-{6-[4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
 N-{6-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
 N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine.

20 Example A In vitro Assay For Determining Binding of Candidate Compounds to VLA-4

An *in vitro* assay was used to assess binding of candidate compounds to $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin. Compounds which bind in this assay can be used to assess VCAM-1 levels in biological samples by conventional assays (e.g., competitive assays). This assay is sensitive to IC₅₀ values as low as about 1nM.

The activity of α₄β₁ integrin was measured by the interaction of soluble VCAM-1 with Jurkat cells (e.g., American Type Culture Collection Nos. TIB 152, TIB 153, and CRL 8163), a human T-cell line which expresses high levels of α₄β₁ integrin. VCAM-1 interacts with the cell surface in an α₄β₁ integrin-dependent fashion (Yednock, et al. J. Biol. Chem., 1995, 270:28740).

Recombinant soluble VCAM-1 was expressed as a chimeric fusion protein containing the seven extracellular domains of VCAM-1 on the N-terminus and the human IgG₁ heavy chain constant region on the C-terminus. The VCAM-1 fusion protein was made and purified by the manner described by Yednock, *supra*.

Jurkat cells were grown in RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum, penicillin, streptomycin and glutamine as described by Yednock, *supra*.

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Jurkat cells were incubated with 1.5 mM MnCl₂ and 5 μ g/mL 15/7 antibody for 30 minutes on ice. Mn⁺² activates the receptor to enhance ligand binding, and 15/7 is a monoclonal antibody that recognizes an activated/ligand occupied conformation of $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin and locks the molecule into this conformation thereby stabilizing the VCAM-1/ $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin interaction. Yednock, et al., *supra*. Antibodies similar to the 15/7 antibody have been prepared by other investigators (Luque, et al., 1996, J. Biol. Chem. 271:11067) and may be used in this assay.

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Cells were then incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature with candidate compounds, in various concentrations ranging from $66 \mu M$ to $0.01 \mu M$ using a standard 5-point serial dilution. 15 μL soluble recombinant VCAM-1 fusion protein was then added to Jurkat cells and incubated for 30 minutes on ice. (Yednock et al., *supra.*).

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Cells were then washed two times and resuspended in PE-conjugated goat F(ab')₂ anti-mouse IgG Fc (Immunotech, Westbrook, ME) at 1:200 and incubated on ice, in the dark, for 30 minutes. Cells were washed twice and analyzed with a standard fluorescence activated cell sorter ("FACS") analysis as described in Yednock, et al., supra.

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Compounds having an IC₅₀ of less than about $15\mu M$ possess binding affinity to $\alpha_4\beta_1$.

When tested in this assay, each of the compound prepared in the above examples has or is expected to have an IC₅₀ of 15 μ M or less (or is expected to be active *in vivo*).

Example B

In vitro Saturation Assay For Determining Binding of Candidate Compounds to $\alpha_4\beta_1$

The following describes an *in vitro* assay to determine the plasma levels needed for a compound to be active in the Experimental Autoimmune Encephalomyelitis ("EAE") model, described in the next example, or in other *in vivo* models.

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Log-growth Jurkat cells are washed and resuspended in normal animal plasma containing 20 μ g/ml of the 15/7 antibody (described in the above example).

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The Jurkat cells are diluted two-fold into either normal plasma samples containing known candidate compound amounts in various concentrations ranging from 66 μ M to 0.01 μ M, using a standard 12 point serial dilution for a standard curve, or into plasma samples obtained from the peripheral blood of candidate compound-treated animals.

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Cells are then incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature, washed twice with phosphate-buffered saline ("PBS") containing 2% fetal bovine serum and 1mM each of calcium chloride and magnesium chloride (assay medium) to remove unbound 15/7 antibody.

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The cells are then exposed to phycoerythrin-conjugated goat F(ab')₂ anti-mouse IgG Fc (Immunotech, Westbrook, ME), which has been adsorbed for any non-specific cross-reactivity by co-incubation with 5% serum from the animal species being studied, at 1:200 and incubated in the dark at 4°C for 30 minutes.

Cells are washed twice with assay medium and resuspended in the same. They are then analyzed with a standard fluorescence activated cell sorter ("FACS") analysis as described in Yednock et al. J. Biol. Chem., 1995, 270:28740.

The data is then graphed as fluorescence versus dose, e.g., in a normal dose-response fashion. The dose levels that result in the upper plateau of the curve represent the levels needed to obtain efficacy in an *in vivo* model.

This assay may also be used to determine the plasma levels needed to saturate the binding sites of other integrins, such as the $\alpha_0\beta_1$ integrin, which is the integrin most closely related $\alpha_4\beta_1$ (Palmer et al. 1993, J. Cell Bio., 123:1289). Such binding is predictive of *in vivo* utility for inflammatory conditions mediated by $\alpha_0\beta_1$ integrin, including by way of example, airway hyper-responsiveness and occlusion that occurs with chronic asthma, smooth muscle cell proliferation in atherosclerosis, vascular occlusion following angioplasty, fibrosis and glomerular scarring as a result of renal disease, aortic stenosis, hypertrophy of synovial membranes in rheumatoid arthritis, and inflammation and scarring that occur with the progression of ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease.

Accordingly, the above-described assay may be performed with a human colon carcinoma cell line, SW 480 (ATTC #CCL228) transfected

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with cDNA encoding α_9 integrin (Yokosaki et al., 1994, J. Biol. Chem., 269:26691), in place of the Jurkat cells, to measure the binding of the $\alpha_9\beta_1$ integrin. As a control, SW 480 cells which express other α and β_1 subunits may be used.

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Accordingly, another aspect of this invention is directed to a method for treating a disease in a mammalian patient, which disease is mediated by $\alpha_9\beta_1$, and which method comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of this invention. Such compounds are preferably administered in a pharmaceutical composition described herein above. Effective daily dosing will depend upon the age, weight, condition of the patient which factors can be readily ascertained by the attending clinician. However, in a preferred embodiment, the compounds are administered from about 20 to 500 μ g/kg per day.

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Example C

In vivo Evaluation

The standard multiple sclerosis model, Experimental Autoimmune (or Allergic) Encephalomyelitis ("EAE"), was used to determine the effect of candidate compounds to reduce motor impairment in rats or guinea pigs. Reduction in motor impairment is based on blocking adhesion between leukocytes and the endothelium and correlates with anti-inflammatory activity in the candidate compound. This model has been previously described by Keszthelyi et al., Neurology, 1996, 47:1053-1059, and measures the delay of onset of disease.

Brains and spinal cords of adult Hartley guinea pigs were homogenized in an equal volume of phosphate-buffered saline. An equal volume of Freund's complete adjuvant (100 mg mycobacterium tuberculosis

plus 10 ml Freund's incomplete adjuvant) was added to the homogenate.

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The mixture was emulsified by circulating it repeatedly through a 20 ml syringe with a peristaltic pump for about 20 minutes.

Female Lewis rats (2-3 months old, 170-220 g) or Hartley guinea pigs (20 day old, 180-200 g) were anesthetized with isoflurane and three injections of the emulsion, 0.1 ml each, were made in each flank. Motor impairment onset is seen in approximately 9 days.

Candidate compound treatment began on Day 8, just before onset of symptoms. Compounds were administered subcutaneously ("SC"), orally ("PO") or intraperitoneally ("IP"). Doses were given in a range of 10mg/kg to 200 mg/kg, bid, for five days, with typical dosing of 10 to 100 mg/kg SC, 10 to 50 mg/kg PO, and 10 to 100 mg/kg IP.

Antibody GG5/3 against $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin (Keszthelyi et al., Neurology, 1996, 47:1053-1059), which delays the onset of symptoms, was used as a positive control and was injected subcutaneously at 3 mg/kg on Day 8 and 11.

Body weight and motor impairment were measured daily. Motor impairment was rated with the following clinical score:

	0	no change
	1	tail weakness or paralysis
25	2	hindlimb weakness
•	3	hindlimb paralysis
	4	moribund or dead

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A candidate compound was considered active if it delayed the onset of symptoms, e.g., produced clinical scores no greater than 2 or slowed body weight loss as compared to the control.

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Example D

Asthma Model

Inflammatory conditions mediated by $\alpha_4\beta_1$ integrin include, for example, airway hyper-responsiveness and occlusion that occurs with chronic asthma. The following describes an asthma model which can be used to study the *in vivo* effects of the compounds of this invention for use in treating asthma.

Following the procedures described by Abraham et al, J. Clin. Invest, 93:776-787 (1994) and Abraham et al, Am J. Respir Crit Care Med, 156:696-703 (1997), both of which are incorporated by reference in their entirety. Compounds of this invention are formulated into an aerosol and administered to sheep which are hypersensitive to *Ascaris suum* antigen. Compounds which decrease the early antigen-induced bronchial response and/or block the late-phase airway response. e.g., have a protective effect against antigen-induced late responses and airway hyper-responsiveness ("AHR"), are considered to be active in this model.

Allergic sheep which are shown to develop both early and late bronchial responses to inhaled Ascaris suum antigen are used to study the airway effects of the candidate compounds. Following topical anesthesia of the nasal passages with 2% lidocaine, a balloon catheter is advanced through one nostril into the lower esophagus. The animals are then intubated with a cuffed endotracheal tube through the other nostril with a flexible fiberoptic bronchoscope as a guide.

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Pleural pressure is estimated according to Abraham (1994). Aerosols (see formulation below) are generated using a disposable medical nebulizer that provides an aerosol with a mass median aerodynamic diameter of 3.2 μ m as determined with an Andersen cascade impactor. The nebulizer is connected to a dosimeter system consisting of a solenoid valve and a source of compressed air (20 psi). The output of the nebulizer is directed into a plastic T-piece, one end of which is connected to the inspiratory port of a piston respirator. The solenoid valve is activated for 1 second at the beginning of the inspiratory cycle of the respirator. Aerosols are delivered at V_T of 500 ml and a rate of 20 breaths/minute. A 0.5% sodium bicarbonate solution only is used as a control.

To assess bronchial responsiveness, cumulative concentrationresponse curves to carbachol can be generated according to Abraham (1994). Bronchial biopsies can be taken prior to and following the initiation of treatment and 24 hours after antigen challenge. Bronchial biopsies can be preformed according to Abraham (1994).

An *in vitro* adhesion study of alveolar macrophages can also be performed according to Abraham (1994), and a percentage of adherent cells is calculated.

Aerosol Formulation

A solution of the candidate compound in 0.5% sodium

bicarbonate/saline (w/v) at a concentration of 30.0 mg/mL is prepared using the following procedure:

A. Preparation of 0.5% Sodium Bicarbonate / Saline Stock Solution: 100.0 mL

Ingredient	Gram / 100.0 mL	Final Concentration
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.5 g	0.5%
Saline	q.s. ad 100.0 mL	q.s. ad 100%

5 Procedure:

- 1. Add 0.5g sodium bicarbonate into a 100 mL volumetric flask.
- 2. Add approximately 90.0 mL saline and sonicate until dissolved.
 - 3. Q.S. to 100.0 mL with saline and mix thoroughly.

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B. Preparation of 30.0 mg/mL Candidate Compound: 10.0 mL

Ingredient	Gram / 10.0 mL	Final Concentration
Candidate Compound	0.300 g	30.0 mg/mL
0.5% Sodium	q.s. ad 10.0 mL	q.s ad 100%
Bicarbonate / Saline		
Stock Solution		

Procedure:

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- 1. Add 0.300 g of the candidate compound into a 10.0 mL volumetric flask.
- 2. Add approximately 9.7 mL of 0.5% sodium bicarbonate / saline stock solution.
 - 3. Sonicate until the candidate compound is completely
- dissolved.
 - 4. Q.S. to 10.0 mL with 0.5% sodium bicarbonate / saline stock solution and mix thoroughly.

Using a conventional oral formulation, compounds of this invention would be active in this model.

Example E

Allograft Model

Allograft rejection, associated with infiltration of inflammatory cells, is the leading obstacle to long-term allograft survival. Cell surface adhesion molecules facilitate alloantigen recognition *in vitro* and may be critical for lymphocyte traffic *in vivo*. The following describes a model which can be used to study the *in vivo* effects of the compounds of this invention in the control of allograft rejection.

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The following procedures are described in Coito et al., Transplantation (1998) 65(6):699-706 and in Korom et al., Transplantation (1998) 65(6):854-859, both of which are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

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Following the procedures described in Coito and Korom, male adult rats weighing approximately 200 - 250 g are used in this model. Lewis rats are used as the recipients of cardiac allografts from Lewis X Brown Norway rats. Hearts are transplanted into the abdominal great vessels using standard microvascular techniques.

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A candidate compound is administered to the transplant recipient in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier for a 7-day course of treatment starting the day of the engraftment. Doses range from 0.3 to 30 mg/kg/day. Control recipients receive the pharmaceutical carrier only.

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The rats are euthanized and their cardiac allografts are analyzed as described in Coito and Korom.

Using conventional formulations, compounds of this invention would be active in this model.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient, which method comprises administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula Ia and/or Ib:

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wherein, in formula Ia, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is monocyclic;

in formula Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is monocyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula Ia or Ib is optionally substituted, on any ring. atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, 5 acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted 10 thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, 15 oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-20 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted 25 heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

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R³ and R³ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, -CH₂Z where Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, aryloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic, and

where R³ and R³ are joined to form a substituent selected from the group consisting of =CHZ where Z is defined above provided that Z is not hydroxyl or thiol, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

Q is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂, and -NR⁴-:

R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic or, optionally, R⁴ and R¹ or R⁴ and R², together with the atoms to which they are bound, are joined to form a heteroaryl, a substituted heteroaryl, a heterocyclic or a substituted heterocyclic group;

W is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and carbon; and W' is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, carbon, oxygen, sulfur, S(O), and S(O)₂;

X is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy,

substituted heterocyclyloxy and -NR"R" where each R" is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

and enantiomers, diastereomers, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Ia or Ib has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
- 10 (ii) in formula Ia and Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein R³ is -(CH₂)_x-Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R° is selected from the group consisting acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thioamidino, thiocarbonylamino aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino, and oxysulfonyl; x is an integer from 0 to 4; and R³ is hydrogen.
 - 3. The method of Claim 2, wherein R³ is a group of the formula:

wherein R⁹ is as defined in Claim 2.

4. The method of Claim 3, wherein R⁹ is in the *para* position of the phenyl ring and x is an integer of 1 to 4.

- 5. The method of Claim 4, wherein R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted heterocycle, R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₂-.
- 10 6. The method of Claim 5, wherein Z is -C(O)-.
 - 7. The method of Claim 6, wherein R⁹ is -OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹.
- 8. The method of Claim 6, wherein Q is -NR⁴- wherein R⁴ is as defined in Claim 1 above.
 - 9. The method of Claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula IIa, IIb, or IIc:

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$$A Q \xrightarrow{R^3 R^{3'}} X$$

IIa

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 R^3 \\
\hline
 & Q \\
\hline
 & Q$$

IIb

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C & & & \\
C & & \\
C$$

IIc

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wherein:

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ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and - SO_2R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

ring B forms a 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or a 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring;

ring C is pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring wherein each of said ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s) independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the

group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

or optionally, one of, R⁴ and ring B, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁶, or R⁵ and R⁶, together with the atoms to which they are bound, can be joined to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring.

10. The method of Claim 9, wherein the compound has the formula IIa', IIb', or IIc':

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 \\
N & 0 \\
R^4 & 0
\end{array}$$

IIa'

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 \\
 & R^5 \\
 & R^6
\end{array}$$

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$$\mathbb{R}^{8}$$
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{N}

IIc'

wherein:

 R^3 is $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R⁹ is selected from the group consisting acyl,

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acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thiocarbonylamino aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino, and oxysulfonyl; and x is an integer from 0 to 4:

R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle; and

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle.

11. The method of Claim 10, wherein the compound has the formula IIa", IIb", IIc", or IId":

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IIa"

(O)b NSN OH R5-N-R6 H

IIb"

R⁸ N N N O O H

IIc"

NR³⁹R⁴⁰ OH

IId"

wherein:

A is 3-nitrothiophen-2-yl, 1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl, 1,5-dimethyl-4-nitropyazol-3-yl, 1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl, 1,4-diphenylpyrazol-5-yl, 1-phenylimidazol-2-yl, or 5-benzoylmethylsulfinyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, and -NR³⁰R³¹ wherein R³⁰ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or alkenyl; and R³¹ is alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl,

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substituted heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, or $-SO_2R^{32}$ (wherein R^{32} is aryl or substituted aryl); or R^{30} and R^{31} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is -NR³³R³⁴ wherein R³³ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl; and R³⁴ is alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle substituted heterocycle, or -SO₂R³⁵ (wherein R³⁵ is substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocycle, or substituted heterocycle); or R³³ and R³⁴ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

R³⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;
R⁴⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and substituted alkyl; or R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

 R^9 is $-OCON(CH_3)_2$ and is located at the 4-position of the phenyl, and b is 1 or 2; and

R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined above.

12. A method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient,
which method comprises administering a pharmaceutical composition
comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically
effective amount of a compound of formula IVa and/or IVb:

IVa IVb

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wherein, in formula IVa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula IVb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula IVa or IVb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic;

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 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy, and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a ; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

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 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy, Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy- C_{2-10} alkenyl and Cy- C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from phenyl and R^{x} , and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{y} ;

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or R^{13} , R^{14} and the atoms to which they are attached together form a mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

 R^{15} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four

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substituents selected from R^x, and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^y;

or R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

 R^a is selected from the group consisting of Cy and a group selected from R^x , wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c :

 R^b is selected from the group consisting of R^a , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c ;

 R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, NO_2 , $C(O)OR^f$, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, NR^fR^g , $R^fC(O)R^g$, $NR^fC(O)NR^fR^g$, and CN;

 R^d and R^e are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

or R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 R^{f} and R^{g} are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein Cy is optionally substituted with C_{1-10} alkyl; or R^{f} and R^{g} together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 R^h is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, and $-SO_2R^i$; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynl are optionally

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substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

 R^{i} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c} ;

R^x is selected from the group consisting of -OR^d, -NO₂, halogen,
-S(O)_mR^d, -SR^d, -S(O)₂OR^d, -S(O)_mNR^dR^e, -NR^dR^e, -O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dR^e,

-C(O)R^d, -CO₂R^d, -CO₂(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^dR^e, -OC(O)R^d, -CN, -C(O)NR^dR^e,
-NR^dC(O)R^e, -OC(O)NR^dR^e, -NR^dC(O)OR^e, -NR^dC(O)NR^dR^e, -CR^d(N-OR^e),
CF₃, oxo, NR^dC(O)NR^dSO₂Rⁱ, NR^dS(O)_mR^e, -OS(O)₂OR^d, and
-OP(O)(OR^d)₂;

 R^y is selected from the group consisting of R^x , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^x ;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

W is selected from the group consisting of carbon and nitrogen;

W' is selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, S(O) and $S(O)_2$;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)ORd,

-P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e), -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e), -S(O)_mOR^d, -C(O)NR^dR^h, and -5-tetrazolyl;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

(i) the compound of formula IVa or IVb has a binding affinity to VLA-4
 30 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15μM or less; and

- (ii) in formula IVa and IVb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
- The method of Claim 12, wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl or heterocyclic group wherein the heteroaryl aryl group has 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S and the heterocyclic group contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S(O)n wherein n is 0 to 2.
 - 14. The method of Claim 13, wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a substituted or unsubstituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, thiophene, pyridine, pyrimidine, 1,3,5-triazine, 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring.
 - 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein X is $-C(O)OR^d$.

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16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the compound has formula Va, Vb, or Vc:

Va

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wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R⁵ (wherein R⁵ is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, and X' are as defined above.

- 15 17. The method of Claim 16, wherein the compound is selected from formula Vb or Vc.
- 18. A method for treating a disease mediated by VLA-4 in a patient, which method comprises administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula VIa and/or VIb:

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wherein, in formula VIa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula VIa or VIb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

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oxycarbonylamino. oxythiocarbonylamino. -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl. -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{23} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$ and Cy optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 R^{24} is selected from the group consisting of Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{1-10} alkyl, Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{2-10} alkenyl, Ar^1 - Ar^2 - C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein Ar^1 and Ar^2 are independently aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$; alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$;

 R^{25} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, and heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from $R^{a'}$, and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

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 $R^{a'} \text{ is selected from the group consisting of Cy, -OR^{d'}, -NO}_2, \text{ halogen } -S(O)_m R^{d'}, -SR^{d'}, -S(O)_2 OR^{d'}, -S(O)_m NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -O(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_n NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -C(O)R^{d'}, -CO_2 (CR^{f'}R^{g'})_n CONR^{d'}R^{e'}, -OC(O)R^{d'}, -CN, -C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}C(O)R^{e'}, -OC(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}C(O)OR^{e'}, -OC(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -OC(O)$

5 -NRd'C(O)NRd'Re', -CRd'(N-ORe'), CF₃, and -OCF₃;

wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{c'}$;

 $R^{b'}$ is selected from the group consisting of $R^{a'}$, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c;

 $R^{c'}$ is selected from the group consisting of halogen, amino, carboxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy, CF_3 , and aryloxy;

 $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{e'}$; or $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl; or $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{h'}$ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, or $-SO_2R^{i'}$;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from Ra; and aryl and

heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{b'};

 $R^{i'}$ is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

X" is selected from the group consisting of $-C(O)OR^{d'}$, $-P(O)(OR^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-P(O)(R^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-S(O)_mOR^{d'}$, $-C(O)NR^{d'}R^{h'}$, and -5-

10 tetrazolyl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- 15 (i) the compound of formula VIa or VIb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
 - (ii) in formula VIa and VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

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- 19. The method of Claim 18, wherein X" is -C(O)ORd.
- 20. The method of Claim 19, wherein R^{24} is $-CH_2-Ar^2-Ar^1$ and R^{25} is hydrogen.

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21. The method of Claim 20, wherein the compound has formula VIIa, VIIb, or VIIc:

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VIIa

$$(0)_{b}$$
 $N R^{24}R^{25}$
 $N R^{5} N R^{6} R^{23}$

VIIb

VIIc

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

 R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and X" are as defined above.

- 15 22. The method of Claim 21, wherein the compound is selected from formula VIIb or VIIc.
 - 23. The method of Claims 1, 12 or 18, wherein the disease mediated by VLA-4 is an inflammatory disease.

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24. A compound of formula Ia or Ib:

Ia

Ib

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wherein, in formula Ia, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula Ia or Ib is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy,

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oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, 5 -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted 10 heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ NR']2 where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

R³ is -(CH₂)_x-Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thioamidino, thiocarbonylamino, aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino and oxysulfonyl; and x is an integer from 0 to 4;

R³ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, - CH₂Z where Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, aryloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted cycloalkyl, carboxylaryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxylheteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxylheterocyclic, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl,

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substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

Q is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂, and -NR⁴-:

R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic or, optionally, R⁴ and R¹ or R⁴ and R², together with the atoms to which they

are bound, are joined to form a heteroaryl, a substituted heteroaryl, a

heterocyclic or a substituted heterocyclic group;

W is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and carbon; and W' is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, carbon, oxygen, sulfur, S(O), and S(O)₂;

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X is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy and -NR"R" where each R" is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

and enantiomers, diasteromers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Ia or Ib has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
- (ii) in formula Ia and Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.

25. The compound of Claim 24, wherein R³ is a group of the formula:

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wherein R^9 and x are as defined in Claim 24; and $R^{3'}$ is hydrogen.

- 26. The compound of Claim 25, wherein R^9 is in the <u>para position of the</u> phenyl ring, and x is an integer from 1 to 4.
- 27. The compound of Claim 26, wherein R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted heterocycle, R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₁-.

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- 28. The compound of Claim 27, wherein Z is -C(O)-.
- 29. The compound of Claim 28, wherein R⁹ is -OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹.
- 25 30. The compound of Claim 28, wherein Q is -NR⁴-.
 - 31. The compound of Claim 23, wherein the compound has formula IIa, IIb, or IIc:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 R^3 \\
\hline
 & O
\end{array}$$

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IIa

5 B Q R³ R^{3'} X

IIb

 $\begin{array}{c|c}
C & R^3 R^3 \\
\hline
\end{array} X$

IIc

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R⁵ (wherein R⁵ is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

ring B forms a 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or a 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring;

ring C is pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring wherein each of said ring is substituted with 1 or 2 substituent(s) independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

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R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

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or optionally, one of, R⁴ and ring B, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁶, or R⁵ and R⁶, together with the atoms to which they are bound, can be joined to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

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R³, R³, Q and X are as defined above.

32. The compound of Claim 31, wherein the compound has formula IIa', IIb', or IIc':

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^3 \\
 & R^4 & O
\end{array}$$

IIa'

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IIb'

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IIc'

wherein:

R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl;

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle; and

A, B, R³, and X are as defined above.

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33. The compound of Claim 32, wherein the compound has formula IIa", IIb", IIc", or IId":

IIa"

IIb"

IIc"

TTA"

wherein:

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A is 3-nitrothiophen-2-yl, 1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl, 1,5-dimethyl-4-nitropyazol-3-yl, 1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl, 1,4-diphenylpyrazol-5-yl, 1-phenylimidazol-2-yl, or 5-benzoylmethylsulfinyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl;

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R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, and -NR³⁰R³¹ wherein R³⁰ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or alkenyl; and R³¹ is alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, or -SO₂R³² (wherein R³² is aryl or substituted aryl); or R³⁰ and R³¹ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

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R⁸ is -NR³³R³⁴ wherein R³³ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl; and R³⁴ is alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle substituted heterocycle, or -SO₂R³⁵ (wherein R³⁵ is substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocycle, or substituted heterocycle); or R³³ and R³⁴ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

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R³⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;
R⁴⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and substituted alkyl; or R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are

attached form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

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 R^9 is $-OCON(CH_3)_2$ and is located at the 4-position of the phenyl; b is 1 or 2; and

R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined above.

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34. A compound of formula IVa:

IVa

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wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a heteroaryl ring having 1 to 4 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group nitrogen or sulfur; or a heterocyclic ring having 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, or S(O)n (wherein n is 0 to 2);

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and further wherein heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂heteroaryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -substituted heteroaryl, $-OS(O)_2$ -heterocyclic, $-OS(O)_2$ substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂aryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted

heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -

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NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-R']₂ and -N[S(O)₂-NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy, and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a ; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy, Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy- C_{2-10} alkenyl and Cy- C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from phenyl and R^{X} , and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{y} ;

or R¹³, R¹⁴ and the atoms to which they are attached together form a mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 additional heteratoms selected from N, O and S;

 R^{15} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from R^x , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^y ;

or R^{14} , R^{15} and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R^a is selected from the group consisting of Cy and a group selected from R^x, wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c:

 R^b is selected from the group consisting of R^a , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c ;

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 R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, NO_2 , $C(O)OR^f$, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, NR^fR^g , $R^fC(O)R^g$, $NR^fC(O)NR^fR^g$, and CN;

 R^d and R^c are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

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or R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

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 R^{f} and R^{g} are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein Cy is optionally substituted with C_{1-10} alkyl; or R^{f} and R^{g} together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

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 R^h is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, and $-SO_2R^i$; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a ; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^b ;

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 R^{i} is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c} :

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R^x is selected from the group consisting of -OR^d, -NO₂, halogen,

 $-S(O)_{m}R^{d}, -SR^{d}, -S(O)_{2}OR^{d}, -S(O)_{m}NR^{d}R^{e}, -NR^{d}R^{e}, -O(CR^{f}R^{g})_{n}NR^{d}R^{e},$ $-C(O)R^{d}, -CO_{2}R^{d}, -CO_{2}(CR^{f}R^{g})_{n}CONR^{d}R^{e}, -OC(O)R^{d}, -CN, -C(O)NR^{d}R^{e},$ $-NR^{d}C(O)R^{e}, -OC(O)NR^{d}R^{e}, -NR^{d}C(O)OR^{e}, -NR^{d}C(O)NR^{d}R^{e}, -CR^{d}(N-OR^{e}),$ $CF_{3}, oxo, NR^{d}C(O)NR^{d}SO_{2}R^{i}, NR^{d}S(O)_{m}R^{e}, -OS(O)_{2}OR^{d}, and$ $-OP(O)(OR^{d})_{2};$

 R^y is selected from the group consisting of R^x , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^x ;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

W is selected from the group consisting of carbon and nitrogen;

W' is selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen,

sulfur, S(O) and $S(O)_2$;

 $X' \ is \ selected \ from \ the \ group \ consisting \ of \ -C(O)OR^d,$ $-P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e), \ -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e), \ -S(O)_mOR^d, \ -C(O)NR^dR^h, \ and \ -5-tetrazolyl;$

and enatiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Va has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15μ M or less; and
- (ii) when R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a 2-arylpyrimidin-4-yl group and R¹⁴ is hydrogen, then R¹⁵ is not alkyl of from 1 to 6 carbon atoms optionally substituted with hydroxyl; and
 - (iii) when R^1 and R^2 , together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form a 5-arylpyrazin-2-yl group and R^{14} is hydrogen, then R^{15} is not 4-hydroxybenzyl.

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- The compound of Claim 34, wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form substituted or unsubstituted monocyclic heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring wherein the heteroaryl ring contains 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S and the heterocyclic ring contains 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, or S(O)n where n is an integer of 0 to 2.
- 36. The compound of Claim 35, wherein X is -C(O)ORd.
- 37. The compound of Claim 36, wherein the compound has formula Va, Vb, or Vc:

$$\begin{array}{c}
(O)_{b} \\
N^{S} N R^{14} R^{15} \\
N^{S} N R^{6} R^{13}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^7 \\
N & N & R^{14}R^{15} \\
R^8 & N & N & N & X'
\end{array}$$

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole,

imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene

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wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, and X' are as defined above.

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- 38. The compound of Claim 37, wherein the compound is selected from formula Vb or Vc.
- 39. A compound of formula VIa or VIb:

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wherein, in formula VIa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

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and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula VIa or VIb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino,

aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyanó, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted 5 thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, 10 oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl. -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-15 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ 20 NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{23} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$ and Cy optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 R^{24} is selected from the group consisting of $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{1-10}$ alkyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkenyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkynyl, wherein Ar^1 and Ar^2 are independently aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with

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one to four substituents independently selected from R^b; alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a;

 R^{25} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, and heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from $R^{a'}$, and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 $R^{a'} \text{ is selected from the group consisting of Cy, } -OR^{d'}, -NO_2, \text{ halogen } -S(O)_m R^{d'}, -SR^{d'}, -S(O)_2 OR^{d'}, -S(O)_m NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -O(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_n NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -C(O)R^{d'}, -CO_2 R^{d'}, -CO_2 (CR^{f'}R^{g'})_n CONR^{d'}R^{e'}, -OC(O)R^{d'}, -CN, -C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}C(O)R^{e'}, -OC(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -NR^{d'}C(O)OR^{e'}, -Nr^{d'}C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}, -CR^{d'}(N-OR^{e'}), CF_3, \text{ and } -OCF_3;$

wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c;

 $R^{b'}$ is selected from the group consisting of $R^{a'}$, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c;

 $R^{c'}$ is selected from the group consisting of halogen, amino, carboxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} . alkyl, hydroxy, CF_3 , and aryloxy;

 $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{c'}$; or $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

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 $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl; or $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{h'}$ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, or $-SO_2R^{i'}$;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from Ra'; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from Rb';

 $R^{i'}$ is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c'};

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

X" is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)OR^{d'}, -P(O)(OR^{d'})(OR^{e'}), -P(O)(R^{d'})(OR^{e'}), -S(O)_mOR^{d'}, -C(O)NR^{d'}R^{h'}, and -5-tetrazolyl;

20 m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula VIa or VIb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15μ M or less; and
 - (ii) in formula VIa and VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
- 30 40. The compound of Claim 39, wherein X" is -C(O)ORd.

- 41. The compound of Claim 40, wherein R^{24} is $-CH_2$ -Ar²-Ar¹ and R^{25} is hydrogen.
- 42. The compound of Claim 41, wherein the compound has formula VIIa, VIIb, or VIIc:

Viia

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wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and the pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole rings are substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

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R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 ro 2; and

R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and X" are as defined above.

- 43. The compound of Claim 42, wherein the compound is selected from formula VIIb or VIIc.
 - 44. A compound selected from the group consisting of:

 N-(3-nitrothiophen-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

N-[1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

N-[1,3-dimethyl-4-nitropyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyl-oxy)phenylalanine;

N-[1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

	N-(4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	N-(1,4-diphenyl-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy) phenylalanine;
10	N-(1-phenylimidazol-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-(6-bromopyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-[6-(naphth-1-yl)pyridin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4 (N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl\}-L-4$ (N,N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-(5-trifluoropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N -{5-[[5-phenylcarbonylmethylthio-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)]-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]pyridin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-(4-methyl-3-nitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	N-(3,5-dinitropyridin-2-yl)-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-{3-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-4-yl}-L-phenylalanine;
40	N-[4-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-6-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N-[4-(phenylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-
	triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
_	N-[4-(benzylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-
5	triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-6-[2-(4-
	methylphenyl)ethylamino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4- $(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
10	N (4 [2 (4 mathoximhonyl)othylomino)] ([2 (1 mathox 1 mathoximhonyl)othylomino)]
	N -{4-[2-(4-methoxlphenyl)ethylamino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2 yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-[(4-chlorobenzyl)amino)]-6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-
	yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethylamino]-4-[1-(phenyl)ethyl-$
20	amino)]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl $\}$ -L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	N-[4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-
25	triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-{N-methyl-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)-amino}-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N,N-bis(2-methoxyethyl)-
	amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)- phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-methyl-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-
40	phenylalanine;

	N -{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-[4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-[4-(methoxyethylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[6-(chlorobenzylamino)-4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-[4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(3-methylisoxazol-5-ylamino)-1,3,5 triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-[6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-(2-methylpropylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(2-methylpropylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , \dot{N} -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(benzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N-{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino)]-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-[2-(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-$ triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-(1-phenylethylamino)-1,3,5-$ triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(1-cyclhexylethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-6-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
30	N -{6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
,,,	N-{6-(4-chlorobenzylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N -{6-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzylamino)-1,3,5- triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{4-(cyclohexylmethylamino)-6-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-benzyl-N-(2-propyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4 (N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin 2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(allyl)-N-(cyclopentyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L 4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(n-propyl)-N-(4-nitrobenzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
30	N-{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-cyanoethyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N -{6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino]-4-(2-methylpropyl-amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	N-{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-(2-methoxyethylamino)-6-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-(cyclohexylamino)-6-[N-(phenyl)-N-(pyridin-2-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N -{6-[N,N-bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-4-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	

	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4 (N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N,N-bis-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy) phenylalanine;$
20	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-ylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methyl-phenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-(2-methylpropylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	N -{4-(benzylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)-amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-1yl)ethylamino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	N-{4-(furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-[N,N-bis-(n-propyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl-sulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;$
10	N -{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)amino]-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N-{4-(5-methylisoxazol-3-ylamino)-6-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-chloro-6-[N,N-bis-cyclohexylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	$N-\{4-(N-[2-phenyl-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino\}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

$N-\{4-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
N-{4-[N-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-[N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
$N-\{4-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
$N-\{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
N-{4-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-[N-(ethyl)-N-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-chloro-6-{N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-4-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-chloro-6-[N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	N -{4-chloro-6-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-[N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-(N-pyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-(N-pyridin-3-ylmethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[N-2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-[N-2-(4-ethoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N-{4-[N-2-phenylpropylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-1(S)-phenylethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	$N-\{4-[N-(2-ethylhexyl)-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-chloro-6-[N,N-dimethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-chloro-6-{N-(2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenyl-1-carboxamidoethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-}6-[N-(2-\text{phenyl-}1,1-\text{dimethylethyl})\text{amino}\}-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})\text{phenylalanine};$
5	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(2-(2-\text{methoxyphenyl})\text{ethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}$ 2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethyl)amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-amino}-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-hydroxy-6-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(imidazol-2-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(morpholin-4-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-2-(phenoxy)ethylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[N-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propylamino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-(S)-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-6-}[N-(5-\text{chloro-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;}$
15	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-(R)-phenyl-2-carboxyethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-hydroxy-6-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-\text{hydroxy-}6-[N-(1-\text{phenyl-}1-\text{ethoxycarbonylmethyl})\text{amino}]-1,3,5-\text{triazin-}2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})\text{phenylalanine};$
	N -{4-chloro-6-[N-(benzyl)-N-(1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[N-(4-(3,5-dioxopiperazin-1-y sulfony)pheny)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	N-{4-[N-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1yl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
40	N-{4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-(N-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
5	N-{4-(N-(2-phenoxyethyl)amino)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-(R)-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	$N-\{4-[N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl-1-phenylmethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	N-{4-[N-(1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-{4-[N-(1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	$N-\{4-[N-(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N -{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	$N-\{4-(N-2-methylpropylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	N-{4-(N-6-nitrobenzthiazol-2-ylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-(N-furan-2-ylmethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(N-1-phenylethylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	$N-\{4-(N-4-chlorobenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-$ L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
40	$N-\{4-(piperidin-1-yl)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$

	$N-\{4-(N-4-aminosulfonylbenzylamino)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	$N-\{4-(N-benzylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-(N-cyclopentylamino)-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-benzylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-(5-ethyl-2-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-phenylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-diphenylmethylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N -{4-chloro-6-(3-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	$N-\{4-(N-cyclohexylamino-6-(3,5-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-(4-cyclohexyl-piperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-
40	phenylalanine;

	N-{4-[N-methyl-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-(3-methyl piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
5	$N-\{4-[N-(2-(4-aminosulfonylphenyl)ethyl)amino]-6-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
10	$N-\{4-chloro-6-[2-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(1-phenylpropen-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-[4-(isopropylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	$N-\{4-[4-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{4-[4-(furan-2-ylcarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-chloro-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N - dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
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	N -{4-hydroxy-6-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N - dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N -{4-chloro-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine; N -{4-hydroxy-6-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	N-{4-chloro-6-(piperazin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N-{4-chloro-6-[4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N -{4-chloro-6-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
20	N -{4-chloro-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-hydroxy-6-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
25	N -{4-chloro-6-(3-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{4-hydroxy-6-(3-(R)methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
30	N-{4-chloro-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
35	N-{4-hydroxy-6-(3-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-1-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)-phenylalanine;
40	N-{4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;

	$N-\{4-[4-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L$ $4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
5	N-{4-(piperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamy oxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{4-(2-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
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	$N-\{4-[2-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
15	$N-\{4-(3-\text{carboxy}-1,2,3,4-\text{tetrahydroisoquinolin}-2-\text{yl}\}-1,3,5-\text{triazin}-2-\text{yl}\}-L-4-(N,N-\text{dimethylcarbamyloxy})$ phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-[N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino]-pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
20	$N-\{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(4-methylphenylsulfonyl)amino}]-$ pyrimidin-4-yl $\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
25	N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	N -{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-pyridin-2-ylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
30	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(benzyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
35	N-{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
	$N-\{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino]$ pyrimidin-4-yl $\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)$ phenylalanine;
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	N -{6-[N-(methyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
5	N-{6-[N-(2-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
,	N -{6-[4-(2-propylaminocarbonylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N , N -dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
10	$N-\{6-[4-(2-morpholin-4-ylethyl)piperazin-1-yl]pyrimidin-4-yl\}-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine;$
	N-{6-[N-(2-phenylethyl)amino]pyrimidin-4-yl}-L-4-(N,N-dimethyl-carbamyloxy)phenylalanine;
15	N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-tyrosine,
20	N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine,
	N-(4-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine <i>tert</i> -butyl ester,
25	N-[4-(2-(3-methylphenylaminocarbonylamino)eth-1-ylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl]-L-4-(N,N-
	dimethylcarbamyloxy)phenylalanine
30	N-(4-(N,N-di-n-hexylamino)-1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl)-L-4-(4 methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyloxy)phenylalanine, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
	•

45. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula Ia and/or Ib:

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Ia

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 \mathbb{Q} \mathbb{R}^3 $\mathbb{R}^{3'}$ \mathbb{R}^3

Ib

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wherein, in formula Ia, R1 and R2, together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

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in formula Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

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and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula Ia or Ib is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl,

acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, . 5 guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted 10 heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)2-alkyl, -OS(O)2substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, 15 -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂substituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NRalkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)2-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-20 substituted aryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)2-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)2-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ and $-N[S(O)_2-R']_2$ NR']2 where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted 25 heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^3 is $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar-R⁹, where Ar is aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl; R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of acyl, acylamino, acyloxy, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminocarbonylamino, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, thioamidino, thiocarbonylamino,

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aminosulfonylamino, aminosulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl, oxysulfonylamino and oxysulfonyl; and x is an integer from 0 to 4;

R^{3'} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, isopropyl, - CH₂Z where Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, acylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, aryloxyaryl, carboxyl, carboxyl-substituted alkyl, carboxyl-cycloalkyl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxyl-substituted aryl, carboxyl-substituted heteroaryl, carboxyl-substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted aryl, substituted aryloxy, substituted aryloxyaryl, substituted cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

Q is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)₂, and -NR⁴-;

R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic or, optionally, R⁴ and R¹ or R⁴ and R², together with the atoms to which they are bound, are joined to form a heteroaryl, a substituted heteroaryl, a heterocyclic or a substituted heterocyclic group;

W is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen and carbon; and W' is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, carbon, oxygen, sulfur, S(O), and S(O)₂;

X is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenoxy, substituted alkenoxy, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, cycloalkenoxy, substituted cycloalkenoxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy and -NR"R" where each R" is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl,

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alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

and enantiomers, diasteromers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Ia or Ib has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about $15\mu M$ or less; and
- (ii) in formula Ia and Ib, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
- 46. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 45, wherein R³ is a group of the formula:

wherein R^9 and x are as defined in Claim 45; and $R^{3'}$ is hydrogen.

- 20 47. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 46, wherein R⁹ is in the para position of the phenyl ring; and x ia an integer from 1 to 4.
- 48. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 47, wherein R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R¹¹ and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R¹¹ are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R¹¹ are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted heterocycle, R¹² is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₂-.

- 49. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 48, wherein Z is -C(O)-.
- 50. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 49, wherein R⁹ is -OC(O)NR¹¹R¹¹.

- 51. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 49, wherein Q is -NR⁴-.
- 52. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 45, wherein the compound has formula Ia, IIb, or IIc:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 & R^3 \\
\hline
 & Q & & \\
\hline
 &$$

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IIa

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IIb

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C & R^3 R^{3'} \\
\hline
C & Q & X
\end{array}$$

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IIc

wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole,
30 imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene

wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R⁵ (wherein R⁵ is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

ring B forms a 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole or a 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole ring;

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ring C is pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring wherein each of said ring is substituted with 1 or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

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R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl;

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or optionally, one of, R⁴ and ring B, R⁴ and R⁵, R⁴ and R⁶, or R⁵ and R⁶, together with the atoms to which they are bound, can be joined to form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

R³, R³, Q and X are as defined in Claim 45 above.

53. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 52, wherein the compound has formula IIa', IIb', or IIc':

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & R^3 \\
N & 1 \\
R^4 & 0
\end{array}$$

IIa'

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
B & R^3 \\
N & R^4 & O
\end{array}$$

IIb'

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IIc'

wherein:

R⁴ is hydrogen or alkyl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

R⁹ is selected from the group consisting of -O-Z-NR¹¹R^{11'} and -O-Z-R¹² wherein R¹¹ and R^{11'} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, and where R¹¹ and R^{11'} are joined to form a heterocycle or a substituted

heterocycle, R^{12} is selected from the group consisting of heterocycle and substituted heterocycle, and Z is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -SO₂-; and

A, B, R⁵, R⁶, and X are as defined above.

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54. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 53, wherein the compound is selected from formula IIa", IIb", IIc", or IId

IIa"

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IIb"

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IId"

wherein:

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A is 3-nitrothiophen-2-yl, 1-phenyltetrazol-5-yl, 1,5-dimethyl-4-nitropyazol-3-yl, 1-ethylpyrazol-5-yl, 4-phenylsulfonylthiophen-3-yl, 1,4-diphenylpyrazol-5-yl, 1-phenylimidazol-2-yl, or 5-benzoylmethylsulfinyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl;

 R^7 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy, chloro, and $-NR^{30}R^{31}$ wherein R^{30} is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or alkenyl; and R^{31} is alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, or $-SO_2R^{32}$ (wherein R^{32} is aryl or substituted aryl); or R^{30} and R^{31} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

R⁸ is -NR³³R³⁴ wherein R³³ is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, or aryl; and R³⁴ is alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocycle substituted heterocycle, or -SO₂R³⁵ (wherein R³⁵ is substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heterocycle, or substituted heterocycle); or R³³ and R³⁴ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle or substituted heterocycle;

20 R³⁹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

R⁴⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl and substituted alkyl; or R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocyclic or substituted heterocyclic ring; and

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 R^9 is $-OCON(CH_3)_2$ and is located at the 4-position of the phenyl; and R^5 and R^6 are as defined above.

55. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula IVa:

IVa

wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a monocyclic heteroaryl ring having 1 to 4 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group nitrogen or sulfur; or a monocyclic heterocyclic ring having 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, or S(O)n (wherein n is 0 to 2);

and further wherein heteroaryl or heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic,

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substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O),-alkyl, -OS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -OS(O)₂-aryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -OS(O)₂heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NRsubstituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)2-R']2 and -N[S(O)2-NR']2 where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy, and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^a ; and Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from phenyl and R^{X} , and C_{2-10} is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{y} ;

or R^{13} , R^{14} and the atoms to which they are attached together form a mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 additional heteratoms selected from N, O and S;

R¹⁵ is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl,

 C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituted from R^x , and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^y ;

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or R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and the carbon to which they are attached form a 3-7 membered mono- or bicyclic ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S;

R^a is selected from the group consisting of Cy and a group selected from R^x, wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c:

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 R^b is selected from the group consisting of R^a , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^c ;

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R^c is selected from the group consisting of halogen, NO₂, C(O)OR^f, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, aryl, aryl C₁₋₄ alkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, NR^fR^g, R^fC(O)R^g, NR^fC(O)NR^fR^g, and CN;

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 R^d and R^c are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

or R^d and R^e together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

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 R^f and R^g are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and $Cy-C_{1-10}$ alkyl wherein Cy is optionally substituted with C_{1-10} alkyl; or R^f and R^g together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

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 R^h is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, and $-SO_2R^i$; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a ; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^b ;

 R^i is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c ;

 R^x is selected from the group consisting of $-OR^d$, $-NO_2$, halogen, $-S(O)_mR^d$, $-SR^d$, $-S(O)_2OR^d$, $-S(O)_mNR^dR^c$, $-NR^dR^c$, $-O(CR^fR^g)_nNR^dR^c$, $-C(O)R^d$, $-CO_2R^d$, $-CO_2(CR^fR^g)_nCONR^dR^c$, $-OC(O)R^d$, -CN, $-C(O)NR^dR^c$, $-NR^dC(O)R^c$, $-OC(O)NR^dR^c$, $-NR^dC(O)NR^dR^c$, $-CR^d(N-OR^c)$, $-CR^d(O)NR^dSO_2R^i$, $-CR^d(O)NR^dSO_2R$

 R^y is selected from the group consisting of R^x , C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^x ;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

W is selected from the group consisting of carbon and nitrogen;

W' is selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, S(O) and $S(O)_2$;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)OR^d, -P(O)(OR^d)(OR^e), -P(O)(R^d)(OR^e), -S(O)_mOR^d, -C(O)NR^dR^h, and -5-tetrazolvl:

and enatiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:

- (i) the compound of formula Va has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15μ M or less; and
- when R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a 2-arylpyrimidin-4-yl group and R¹⁴ is hydrogen, then R¹⁵ is not alkyl of from 1 to 6 carbon atoms optionally substituted with hydroxyl; and
- (iii) when R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form a 5-arylpyrazin-2-yl group and R¹⁴ is hydrogen, then R¹⁵ is not 4-hydroxybenzyl.
- 56. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 55, wherein R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are attached respectively, are joined to form substituted or unsubstituted pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, thiophene, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole rings, 1-oxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole, 1,1-dioxo-1,2,5-thiadiazole, pyridine or 1,3,5-triazine ring.
- 57. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 56, wherein X is -C(O)OR^d.
 - 58. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 57, wherein the compound has formula Va, Vb, or Vc:

Va

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wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and each of said pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole ring is substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl:

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 or 2; and

R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, and X' are as defined above.

- 15 59. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 58, wherein the compound is selected from formula Vb or Vc.
 - 60. A pharmaceutical composition of formula VIa or VIb:

wherein, in formula VIa, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form an aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in

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the aryl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of heteroaryl and heterocyclic groups 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heteroaryl or heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

in formula VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W' to which they are bound respectively, are joined to form a cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group having at least five atoms in the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or heterocyclic group and optionally containing or additionally containing in the case of the heterocyclic group 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, and wherein the heterocyclic group is mono-cyclic;

and further wherein said aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group of formula VIa or VIb is optionally substituted, on any ring atom capable of substitution, with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, thiocarbonylamino, acyloxy, amino, substituted amino, amidino, alkyl amidino, thioamidino, aminoacyl, aminocarbonylamino, aminothiocarbonylamino, aminocarbonyloxy, aryl, substituted aryl, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, aryloxyaryl, substituted aryloxyaryl, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, nitro, oxo, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, guanidino, guanidinosulfone, thiol, thioalkyl, substituted thioalkyl, thioaryl, substituted thioaryl, thiocycloalkyl, substituted thiocycloalkyl, thioheteroaryl, substituted thioheteroaryl, thioheterocyclic, substituted thioheterocyclic, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, cycloalkoxy, substituted cycloalkoxy, heteroaryloxy, substituted heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, substituted heterocyclyloxy, oxycarbonylamino, oxythiocarbonylamino, -OS(O)₂-alkyl, -OS(O)₂substituted alkyl, -OS(O)2-aryl, -OS(O)2-substituted aryl, -OS(O)2-heteroaryl,

-OS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -OS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -OS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -OSO₂-NRR where each R is independently hydrogen or alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted aryl, -NRS(O)₂-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-substituted heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted alkyl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-aryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heteroaryl, -NRS(O)₂-NR-heterocyclic, -NRS(O)₂-NR-substituted heterocyclic where R is hydrogen or alkyl, -N[S(O)₂-R']₂ and -N[S(O)₂-NR']₂ where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyclic and substituted heterocyclic;

 R^{23} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$ and Cy optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 R^{24} is selected from the group consisting of $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{1-10}$ alkyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkenyl, $Ar^1-Ar^2-C_{2-10}$ alkynyl, wherein Ar^1 and Ar^2 are independently aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$; alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{a'}$;

 R^{25} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, and heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents selected from $R^{a'}$, and aryl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{b'}$;

 $R^{a'}$ is selected from the group consisting of Cy, $-OR^{d'}$, $-NO_2$, halogen $-S(O)_mR^{d'}$, $-SR^{d'}$, $-S(O)_2OR^{d'}$, $-S(O)_mNR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-O(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_nNR^{d'}R^{e'}$,

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 $-C(O)R^{d'}$, $-CO_2R^{d'}$, $-CO_2(CR^{f'}R^{g'})_nCONR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-OC(O)R^{d'}$, -CN,

 $-C(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}C(O)R^{e'}$, $-OC(O)NR^{d'}R^{e'}$, $-NR^{d'}C(O)OR^{e'}$,

-Nrd'C(O)NRd'Re', -CRd'(N-ORe'), CF₃, and -OCF₃;

wherein Cy is optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^{c'};

 $R^{b'}$ is selected from the group consisting of $R^{a'}$, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl,

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl are optionally substituted with a group independently selected from R^{c'};

 $R^{c'}$ is selected from the group consisting of halogen, amino, carboxy, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy, aryl, aryl C_{1-4} alkyl, hydroxy, CF_3 , and aryloxy;

 $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, Cy and Cy C_{1-10} alkyl, wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and Cy are optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from $R^{e'}$; or $R^{d'}$ and $R^{e'}$ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, Cy and Cy- C_{1-10} alkyl; or $R^{f'}$ and $R^{g'}$ together with the carbon to which they are attached form a ring of 5 to 7 members containing 0-2 heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

 $R^{h'}$ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{2-10} alkynyl, cyano, aryl, aryl C_{1-10} alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl C_{1-10} alkyl, or $-SO_2R^{i'}$;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl are optionally substituted with one to four substitutents independently selected from R^a; and aryl and heteroaryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^b;

R' is selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl,

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 C_{2-10} alkynyl, and aryl;

wherein alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl are each optionally substituted with one to four substituents independently selected from R^c;

Cy is cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

X" is selected from the group consisting of $-C(O)OR^{d'}$, $-P(O)(OR^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-P(O)(R^{d'})(OR^{e'})$, $-S(O)_mOR^{d'}$, $-C(O)NR^{d'}R^{h'}$, and -5-tetrazolyl;

m is an integer from 1 to 2;

n is an integer from 1 to 10;

- and enantiomers, diastereomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; provided that:
 - (i) the compound of formula VIa or VIb has a binding affinity to VLA-4 as expressed by an IC₅₀ of about 15 μ M or less; and
- (ii) in formula VIa and VIb, R¹ and R², together with the carbon atom and W to which they are bound respectively, do not form a substituted or unsubstituted pyridazine ring.
 - 61. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 60, wherein X'' is $C(O)OR^{d'}$.
 - 62. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 61, wherein R^{24} is -CH₂-Ar²-Ar¹ and R^{25} is hydrogen.
- 63. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 62, wherein the compound has formula VIIa, VIIb, or VIIc:

VIIa

VIIb

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wherein:

ring A is selected from the group consisting of pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, tetrazole, and thiophene wherein each of said pyrrole, pyrazole, imidazole, and thiophene ring is substituted with 1 to 3 substituent(s), and the pyrimidine, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, and tetrazole rings are substituted with 1 to 2 substituent(s), independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, amino, substituted amino, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, heterocyle, substituted heterocycle, and -SO₂R^a (wherein R^a is alkyl, aryl, or substituted aryl);

R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl;

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R⁶ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, and -SO₂R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, heterocyclic, substituted heterocyclic, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, and substituted heteroaryl;

R⁷ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocyle;

R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of substituted amino, heterocycle, and substituted heterocycle;

b is 1 ro 2; and

 R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and X" are as defined above.

- 15 64. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 63, wherein the compound is selected from formula VIIb or VIIc.
 - 65. A method for binding VLA-4 in a biological sample which method comprises contacting the biological sample with a compound of Claims 21, 30, 34 or 39 under conditions wherein said compound binds to
- 30, 34 or 39 under conditions wherein said compound binds to VLA-4.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US 00/01540

IPC 7	CO7D249/06 CO7D233/88 A61K31	1/415 03/12	C07D239/48	A61K31/44	
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IPC 7	tocumentation searched (classification system followed by classifiCO7D A61K A61P	cation symbo	o le)		_
	ation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent th				
	data base consulted during the international search (name of data	a pase and, v	vnere practical, search t	erms used)	
	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category •	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	reievant pai	88 98	Relevant to claim No.	
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P,Y	WO 99 06390 A (LOMBARDO LOUIS JO CHRISTOPHER M (US); THORSETT EUG 11 February 1999 (1999-02-11) claims 1,16	OHN ;SE GENE D -/	MKO ()	44	
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X Furti	ner documents are flated in the continuation of box C.	X	Patent family members	are listed in annex.	
"A" docume consider of filing de "L" docume which i citation "O" docume other no "P" docume later the	int which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another in or other special reason (as specified) and referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	r the International filing date inflict with the application but iple or theory underlying the ince; the claimed invention or cannot be considered to en the document is taken alone ince; the claimed invention if an inventive step when the one or more other such docu- ing obvious to a person skilled e patent family tional search report			
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	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NiL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016		orized officer Gettins, M		

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/US 00/01540

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A CLASS	A61P7/00				
According	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national class	ification and IPC			
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED				
Minimum d	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classific	cation symbols)			
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Documente	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent the	at such documents are inclu	ded in the fields a	earched	
Electronic o	tata base consulted during the international search (name of data	base and, where practical,	search terms used	i)	
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	relevent seconds		Data	
- Calogory	Olamon of document, wall indication, where appropriate, or the	reievant passages		Relevant to claim No.	
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A	EP 0 288 176 A (AJINOMOTO KK) 26 October 1988 (1988-10-26) claim 1			44	
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Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family me	embers are listed i	in annex.	
Special cat	egories of cited documents :	*T* later document publis	had after the later	motional filling data	
"A" documer	nt defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance	or priority date and r cited to understand t	not in conflict with 1	the application but	
"E" earlier de filling da	ocument but published on or after the international ate	invention "X" document of particula cannot be considere	r relevance; the cl	aimed invention	
which k	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or six cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified)	involve an inventive "Y" document of particula	atep when the doc r relevance; the cl	aiment is taken alone aimed invention	
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P° documer	nt published prior to the international filing date but an the priority date claimed	ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. *&* document member of the same patent family			
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Name and m	ailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	_		
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijewijk				
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Gettins,	M		

International application No. PCT/US 00/01540

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Box I Obs rvations where certain claims wer f und unsear hable (C ntinuation fit m 1 ffirst sh t)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. Claims Nos.: 1-43,45-65 because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: See FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
Graims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet (1)) (July 1998)

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 1-43,45-65

Present claims 1-43 and 45-65 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds. In fact, the claims contain so many options, variables, possible permutations and provisos that a lack of clarity (and/or conciseness) within the meaning of Article 6 PCT arises to such an extent as to render a meaningful search of the claims impossible. In particular the proviso relating to the binding affinity to VLA-4 is a functional definition which can only be established by empirical means. Combining this with the fact that the scope of the claims is huge (see in particular the use of unlimited terms such as "substituted" which is not further defined) it is impossible for the skilled person to readily determine which compounds fall under the scope of formulae Ia and Ib. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the application which do appear to be clear (and/or concise), namely compound claim 44 which dos not refer to the said proviso. it is noted that all of the compounds in claim 44 appear to be phenylalanine derivatives and that the vast majority of the compounds (one compound on page 259 is not) are 4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)-phenylalanine derivatives. Since a search limited to phenylalanine derivatives would represent an overgeneralisation of the examples the search has been limited to the compounds of claim 44 containing the 4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)-phenylalanine group (in other words where X is OH, Q is nitrogen and R3 is 4-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)-phenyl. Since no claim has been limited thereto it was not possible to limit the search other than on the basis of claim 44.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

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